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# Getting Started of μPAC-7186EG(D)/PEG(D) & I-7188EG(D)/XG(D)

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This manual is intended for integrators, programmers, and maintenance personnel who will be installing and maintaining a μPAC-7186EG/PEG & an I-7188EG/XG controller system.

## ISaGRAF PAC Series of ICP DAS includes :

μPAC: μPAC-7186EG, μPAC-7186PEG, I-7188EG, I-7188XG,  
iPAC: iP-8447, iP-8847, I-8437-80, I-8837-80, I-8417, I-8817,  
WinPAC: WP-8147, WP-8447, WP-8847 (WinCon: W-8347, W-8747)  
ViewPAC: VP-25W7, VP-23W7, VP-2117  
XPAC: XP-8047-CE6, XP-8347-CE6, XP-8747-CE6

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Please visit [www.icpdas.com](http://www.icpdas.com) > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF for Frequently Asked Questions.

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## Reference Guide

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### English “User’s Manual of ISaGRAF PAC”:

CD-ROM: \napdos\isagraf\8000\english\_manu\ "user\_manual\_i\_8xx7.pdf" & "user\_manual\_i\_8xx7\_appendix.pdf" or  
[http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/getting\\_started\\_manual.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/getting_started_manual.htm)

### ISaGRAF中文進階使用手冊 (Chinese Manual):

\napdos\isagraf\8000\chinese\_manu\ "chinese\_user\_manual\_i\_8xx7.pdf" or & "chinese\_user\_manual\_i\_8xx7\_appendix.pdf"  
[http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/getting\\_started\\_manual.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/getting_started_manual.htm)

### Hardware Manual:

μPAC-7186EG/EGD: CD\NAPDOS\7186e\document\ or at  
<http://ftp.icpdas.com.tw/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/7186e/document/>

I-7188EG/EGD: CD\NAPDOS\7188E\document\7188ehh.pdf or at  
<http://ftp.icpdas.com.tw/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/7188e/document/>

I-7188XG/XGD: CD\NAPDOS\7188Xabc\7188xb\document\7188xb.pdf or at  
<http://ftp.icpdas.com.tw/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/7188xabc/7188xb/document/>

### ISaGRAF Resource on the Internet:

Newly updated ISaGRAF IO libraries, drivers and manuals can be found at  
<http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf.htm>

### Industrial Ethernet Switch: NS-205 / NS-208 / NS-205PSE

Best choice for Industrial Ethernet Communication.  
[http://www.icpdas.com/products/Switch/switch\\_list.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/Switch/switch_list.htm)



Model: NS-205



Model: NS-208



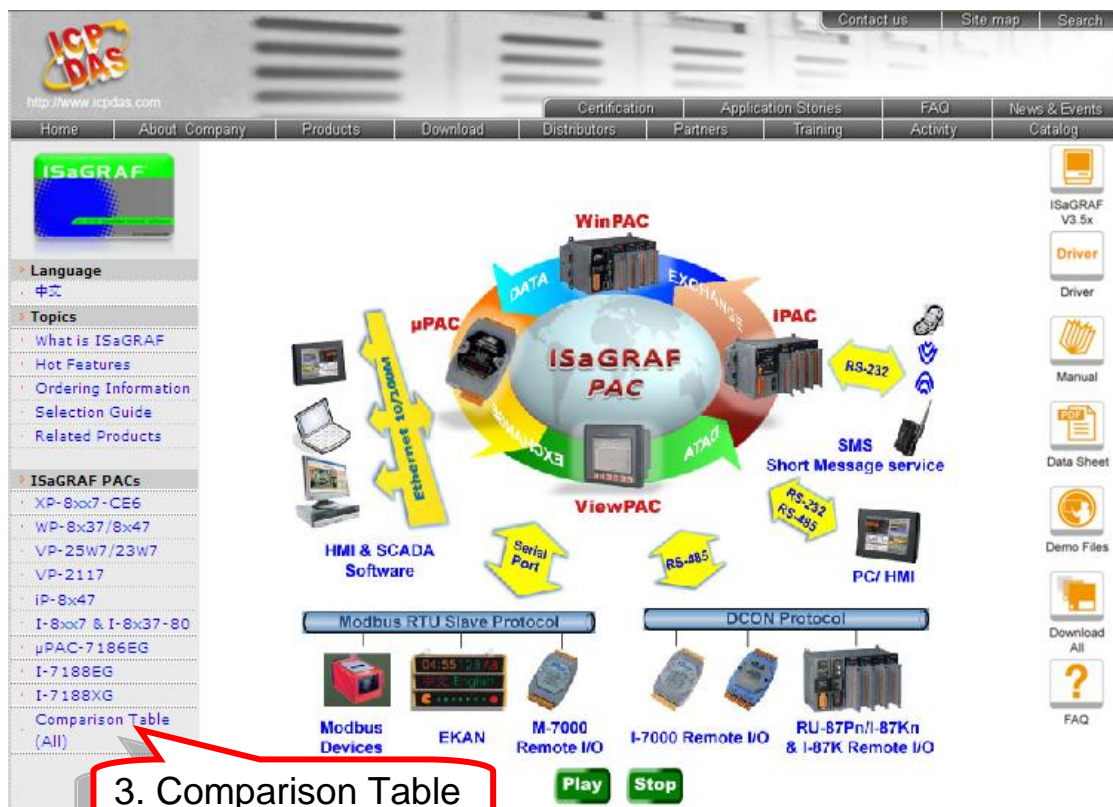
Model: NS-205PSE

### FAQ:

Please visit [www.icpdas.com](http://www.icpdas.com) > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF for Frequently Asked Question, or visit <http://www.icpdas.com/faq/isagraf.htm>

# Performance Comparison Table of ISaGRAF PACs

Please refer to the [ISaGRAF Comparison Table Web Site](http://www.icpdas.com/Products/ISaGRAF/PACs/ComparisonTable.aspx) or follow the steps.



## Specifications: $\mu$ PAC-7186EG(D)/PEG(D)

Model	μPAC-7186EG	μPAC-7186EGD	μPAC-7186PEG	μPAC-7186PEGD
Power Supply				
Protection	Power reverse polarity protection			
Frame Ground	Yes (for ESD Protection)			
Input Range	+10 ~ +30 V <sub>DC</sub>		+12 ~ +48 V <sub>DC</sub>	
Power over Ethernet(PoE)	No		IEEE 802.3af, Class 1	
Power Consumption	1.5 W	2.5 W	1.5 W	2.5 W
General Environment				
Temperature	Operating: -25 ~ +75 °C; Storage : -30 ~ +80 °C			
Humidity	5 ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)			
System				
CPU	80186 or compatible (16-bit and 80 MHz)			
Watchdog Timer	Yes (0.8 second)			
RTC (Real Time Clock)	Provide second, minute, hour, date, day of week, month and year			
SRAM	640 KB		768 KB	
FLASH Memory	512 KB; Erase unit is one sector (64 KB); 100,000 erase/write cycles.			
NVRAM	31 bytes, battery backup, data valid up to 10 year.			
EEPROM	16 KB, retention > 100 years. 1,000,000 erase/write cycles			
LED Display	5-digit 7-Segment LED display on the front of μPAC-7188EGD/PEGD. It can display message & value.			
System LED Indicator	Yes (Red)		Yes (Red/Orange)	
PoE LED Indicator	No		Yes (Green)	
Expansion I/O Bus	One; One optional X-Board series I/O board can be plugged inside the μPAC.			
NET ID	User-assigned by software, 1 ~ 255			
Communication Ports				
COM1	RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND; Non-isolated Speed: 115200 bps max. Program downloads port.			
COM2	RS-485: D2+, D2-; Non-isolated, Program downloads port. Speed: 115200 bps max. Self-tuner ASIC inside.			
Ethernet	RJ-45 x 1, 10/100 Base-TX, NE2000 compatible, Auto-negotiating, Auto MDI/MDI-X, LED indicator. Program download port			

Dimensions	
W x H x D	72 mm x 123 mm x 35 mm
Development Software	
ISaGRAF Version 3	IEC 61131-3 standard. Languages: LD, ST, FBD, SFC, IL & FC
Max. Code Size	Accept max. <b>64</b> KB ISaGRAF code size (Appli.x8m must < 64 KB)
PWM Output	
Pulse Width Modulation Output	All X-Board series DO boards support PWM output. 8 channels max. for one controller. 500 Hz max. for Off=1 & On=1 ms Output square curve: Off: 1 ~ 32767 ms, On: 1 ~ 32767 ms
Counters	
Parallel DI Counter	All X-Board series DI boards support DI counter. 8 channels max. for one controller. Counter value: 32 bit; 500 Hz max. Min. ON & OFF width must > 1 ms
Remote DI Counter	All remote I-7000 & I-87K DI modules support counters. 100 Hz max. value: 0 ~ 65535
Remote High Speed Counter	Optional I-87082:100 kHz max. , 32 bit
Protocols	
Modbus RTU/ASCII Master Protocol	Up to <b>2 COM</b> Ports (COM1, COM2 and COM3-in-X-Board) support Modbus RTU/ASCII Master protocol to connect to other Modbus Slave I/O devices. Max. Mbus_xxx Function Block amount: <b>128</b> .
Modbus RTU Slave Protocol	Up to <b>2 COM</b> Ports (COM1 and one of COM2/COM3-in-X-Board) can support Modbus RTU Slave protocol for connecting ISaGRAF, PC/HMI/OPC Server & MMI panels.
Modbus TCP/IP Slave Protocol	Ethernet port supports Modbus TCP/IP Slave protocol for connecting ISaGRAF & PC/HMI. Max. <b>6 connections</b> .
Remote I/O	One of COM2 or (COM3:RS-485 if found) supports I-7K, I-87K I/O modules as Remote I/O. I-87K series must plug on RU-87P(High profile) or I-87K(Low profile) I/O Unit. Max. <b>64</b> I/O modules for one PAC.
Fbus	Built-in COM2 Port to exchange data between ICP DAS's ISaGRAF PACs.
Ebus	To exchange data between ICP DAS's ISaGRAF Ethernet PACs via Ethernet port.
Send E-mail	Send e-mail to maximum <b>10</b> receivers each time via internet. If applying with an X607/608 X-Board, it could send email with one attached file and the maximum file size is about 488 KB for using

	X608 or about 112 KB for using X607.
SMS: Short Message Service	One of (COM3:RS-232 or COM4:RS-232 if found) can link to a <b>GSM</b> modem to support SMS. User can request data/control the controller by cellular phone. The controller can also send data & alarms to user's cellular phone. Optional GSM modem: GTM-201-RS232 (GSM/GPRS 850/900/1800/1900)
User-Defined Protocol	User can write his own protocol applied at COM1, COM2 & (COM3 ~ COM8 if found) by serial communication function blocks.
Modem Link	Supports PC remotely download & monitor the controller through COM4 of X504.
MMICON/LCD	COM3:RS-232 (if on X-Board) supports ICP DAS's MMICON. The MMICON is featured with a 240 x 64 dot LCD and a 4 x 4 Keyboard. User can use it to display picture, string, integer, float, and input a character, string, integer and float.
Redundant Solution	Two PACs plug with <b>X107</b> in slot0. One is Master, one is Slave. Master handles all inputs & outputs at run time. If Master is damaged (or power off), Slave will take over the control of Bus7000b. If Master is alive from damaged (or power up again), it takes the control of Bus7000b again. The change over time is about 5 seconds. Control data is exchanging via Ebus (if using a cross cable, no need any Ethernet Switch). All I/O should be RS-485 I/O except the status I/O in the slot 0: X107.
CAN/CANopen	Use COM1 or COM3 ~ COM8 (at the X5xx RS-232 X-board) to connect one I-7530: the RS-232 to CAN converter to support CAN/CANopen devices and sensors. One PAC supports max. <b>3</b> RS-232 ports to connect max. <b>3 I-7530</b> modules. ( <a href="#">FAQ-086</a> )
Battery Backup SRAM	
SRAM Expansion Card	Support max. <b>1024</b> retain variables if an X607/X608 plug in the expansion I/O slot. Data can be stored in X607/X608, and then PC can load these data via COM1 or Ethernet. PC can also download pre-defined data to the X607/X608. Optional: X607: 128 KB, X608: 512 KB

## Specifications: I-7188EG/EGD

Power Supply	
Protection	Power reverse polarity protection
Input Range	+10 ~ +30 V <sub>DC</sub>
Power Consumption	I-7188EG: 2 W , I-7188EGD: 3 W (when I/O slots are empty)
General Environment	
Temperature	Operating: -25°C ~ +75°C, Storage : -30°C ~ +80°C
Humidity	5% ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)
System	
CPU	80188, 40 MHz, or compatible
Watchdog Timer	Yes
RTC (Real Time Clock)	Provide second, minute, hour, date, day of week, month and year
SRAM	512 KB
FLASH Memory	512 KB, Erase unit is 64 KB, 100,000 erase/write cycles
NVRAM	31 bytes, battery backup, data valid up to 10 years
EEPROM	2048 bytes, retention > 100 years. 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
Display For I-7188EGD	5-Digit 7-Seg. LED on the front. It can display message & value.
Expansion I/O bus	One optional X-board series I/O board can be plugged inside the I-7188EG/7188EGD.
NET ID	User-assigned by software, 1 ~ 255
Serial Ports	
COM1	RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND, Speed: 115200 bps max. Program downloads port.
COM2	RS-485: D+, D-, 115200 bps max. Self-tuner ASIC inside
Ethernet	10 Base-T, NE2000 compatible,. Program download port
Development Software	
ISaGRAF Version 3	IEC 61131-3 standard. Languages: LD, ST, FBD, SFC, IL & FC
Max. Code Size	I-7188EG/7188EGD accepts max. 64 KB ISaGRAF code size (Appli.x8m must < 64 KB)
PWM Output	
Pulse Width Modulation Output	All X-board series DO boards support PWM output. 8 channels max. for one controller. 500 Hz max. for Off=1 & On=1 ms Output square curve: Off: 1 ~ 32767 ms, On: 1 ~ 32767 ms
Counters	
Parallel DI Counter	All X-board series DI boards support DI counter. 8 ch. max. for one controller. Counter value: 32 bit

	500 Hz max. Min. ON & OFF width must > 1 ms
Remote DI Counter	All remote I-7000 & I-87K DI modules support counters. 100 Hz max. value: 0 ~ 65535
Remote High Speed Counter	Optional I-87082:100 kHz max. , 32 bit
<b>Protocols</b>	
Modbus Master Protocol	Up to <b>2 COM</b> Ports (COM1, COM2 and COM3-in-X-board) support Modbus RTU/ASCII Master protocol to connect to other Modbus slave I/O devices. Max. Mbus_xxx Function Block amount: 64.
Modbus Slave Protocol	Up to <b>2 COM</b> Ports (COM1 and one of COM2 / COM3-in-X-board) can support Modbus RTU Slave protocol for connecting ISaGRAF, PC/HMI/OPC Server & MMI panels.
Modbus TCP/IP Protocol	Ethernet Port supports Modbus TCP/IP Slave protocol for connecting ISaGRAF & PC/HMI. Max. <b>4 connections</b> .
Remote I/O	One of COM2 (or COM3:RS-485 if found) supports I-7K, I-87K I/O modules as Remote I/O. I-87K series must plug on RU-87P(High profile) or I-87K(Low profile) I/O Unit. Max. <b>64</b> I/O modules for one PAC.
Fbus	Built-in COM2 Port to exchange data between ICP DAS's ISaGRAF PACs.
Ebus	To exchange data between ICP DAS's ISaGRAF Ethernet PACs via Ethernet port.
SMS: Short Message Service	One of (COM3:RS-232 or COM4:RS-232 if found) can link to a GSM modem to support SMS. User can request data/control the controller by cellular phone. The controller can also send data & alarms to user's cellular phone. Optional GSM modem: GTM-201-RS232 (GSM/GPRS modem, 850/900/1800/1900)
User Defined Protocol	User can write his own protocol applied at COM1, COM2 & (COM3 ~ COM8 if found) by serial communication function blocks.
Modem Link	Supports PC remotely download & monitor the controller through COM4 of X504.
MMICON/LCD	One of (COM3:RS-232 if found) supports ICP DAS's MMICON. The MMICON is featured with a 240 x 64 dot LCD and a 4 x 4 Keyboard. User can use it to display picture, string, integer, float, and input a character, string, integer and float.
Battery Backup SRAM	I-7188EG/7188EGD can support up to <b>1024</b> retain variables with an X607/X608 plug in the only expansion I/O slot. Data can be stored in X607/X608, and then PC can load these data via COM1 or Ethernet. PC can also download pre-defined data to the X607/X608 Optional: X607: 128 KB, X608: 512 KB

## Specifications: I-7188XG/XGD

Power Supply	
Protection	Power reverse polarity protection
Input Range	+10 ~ +30 V <sub>DC</sub>
Power Consumption	I-7188XG: 2 W , I-7188XGD: 3 W (when I/O slots are empty)
General Environment	
Temperature	Operating: -25°C ~ +75°C; Storage : -30°C ~ +80°C
Humidity	5% ~ 90 % RH (non-condensing)
System	
CPU	80188, 40 MHz, or compatible
Watchdog Timer	Yes
RTC (Real Time Clock)	Provide second, minute, hour, date, day of week, month and year
SRAM	512 KB
FLASH Memory	512 KB. Erase unit is 64 KB, 100,000 erase/write cycles
NVSRAM	31 bytes, battery backup, data valid up to 10 years
EEPROM	2048 bytes, retention > 100 years. 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
Display for I-7188XGD	5-digit 7-Seg. LED on the front. It can display message & value.
Expansion I/O Bus	One optional X-board series I/O board can be plugged inside the I-7188XG/7188XGD.
NET ID	User-assigned by software, 1 ~ 255
Serial Ports	
COM1	Can be used as RS-232 or RS-485 , Speed: 115200 bps max. RS-232: TxD, RXD, RTS, CTS, GND RS-485: D1+, D1-, self-tuner inside Program downloads port.
COM2	RS-485: D2+, D2-, 115200 bps max. Self-tuner ASIC inside
Development Software	
ISaGRAF Version 3	IEC 61131-3 standard. Languages: LD, ST, FBD, SFC, IL & FC
Max. Code Size	I-7188XG/7188XGD accepts max. 64 KB ISaGRAF code size (Appli.x8m must < 64 KB)
PWM Output	
Pulse Width Modulation Output	All X-board series DO boards support PWM output. 8 channels max. for one controller. 500Hz max. for Off=1 & On=1 ms Output square curve: Off: 1 ~ 32767 ms, On: 1 ~ 32767 ms
Counters	
Parallel DI Counter	All X-board series DI boards support DI counter.

	8 ch. max. for one controller. Counter value: 32 bit 500 Hz max. Min. ON & OFF width must > 1 ms
Remote DI Counter	All remote I-7000 & I-87K DI modules support counters. 100 Hz max. value: 0 ~ 65535
Remote High Speed Counter	Optional I-87082:100 kHz max. , 32 bit
<b>Protocols</b>	
Modbus Master Protocol	Up to 2 COM Ports (COM2 and COM3-in-X-board) support Modbus RTU / ASCII Master protocol to connect to other Modbus Slave I/O devices. Max. Mbus_xxx Function Block amount: 64.
Modbus Slave Protocol	Up to 2 COM Ports (COM1 and one of COM2/COM3-in-X-board) can support Modbus RTU Slave protocol for connecting ISaGRAF, PC/HMI/OPC Server & MMI panels.
Remote I/O	One of COM2 (or COM3:RS-485 if found) supports I-7K, I-87K I/O modules as Remote I/O. I-87K series must plug on RU-87P(for High profile) or I-87K(for Low profile) I/O Unit. Max. 64 I/O modules for one PAC.
Fbus	Built-in COM2 Port to exchange data between ICP DAS's ISaGRAF PACs.
SMS: Short Message Service	One of (COM3:RS-232 or COM4:RS-232 if found) can link to a GSM modem to support SMS. User can request data/control the controller by cellular phone. The controller can also send data & alarms to user's cellular phone. Optional GSM modem: GTM-201-RS232 (GSM/GPRS Modem 850/900/1800/1900 )
User Defined Protocol	User can write his own protocol applied at COM2 & (COM3 ~ COM8 if found) by Serial communication function blocks.
Modem_Link	Supports PC remotely download & monitor the controller through COM4 of X504.
MMICON / LCD	One of (COM3:RS-232 if found) supports ICP DAS's MMICON. The MMICON is featured with a 240 x 64 dot LCD and a 4 x 4 Keyboard. User can use it to display picture, string, integer, float, and input a character, string, integer and float.
<b>Battery Backup SRAM</b>	
	I-7188XG/7188XGD can support up to 1024 retain variables with an X607/X608 plug in the only expansion I/O slot.Data can be stored in X607/X608, and then PC can load these data via COM1. PC can also download pre-defined data to the X607/X608 Optional: X607: 128 KB, X608: 512 KB

# Chapter 1 : Typical Application

## 1.1 $\mu$ PAC-7186EG/PEG is better than I-7188EG

### $\mu$ PAC-7186EG $\mu$ PAC-7186PEG

The advanced I-7188EG  
ISaGRAF based  $\mu$ PAC

$\mu$ PAC-7186PEG is the  
 $\mu$ PAC-7186EG with PoE  
(Power-over-Ethernet).



Features

- Faster than I-7188EG (about 2~4 times)
- Faster Ethernet: 10/100M bps
- 640/768 KB memories for running program, 128K more than I-7188EG
- Support sending email with an attached file if applying X607/608.

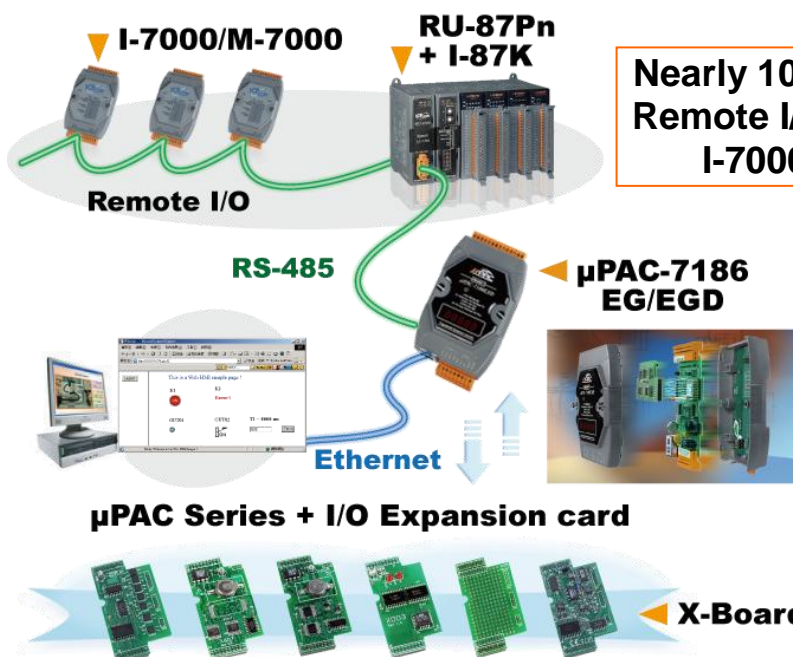
★ All the applications for  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG can be applied to  $\mu$ PAC-7186PEG

## 1.2 Local & Remote I/O Application

Advantage of using RU-87P4/P8 + I-87K I/O modules :

- Hot-Swap
- Auto-Configuration at run time
- Plug & Play at run time

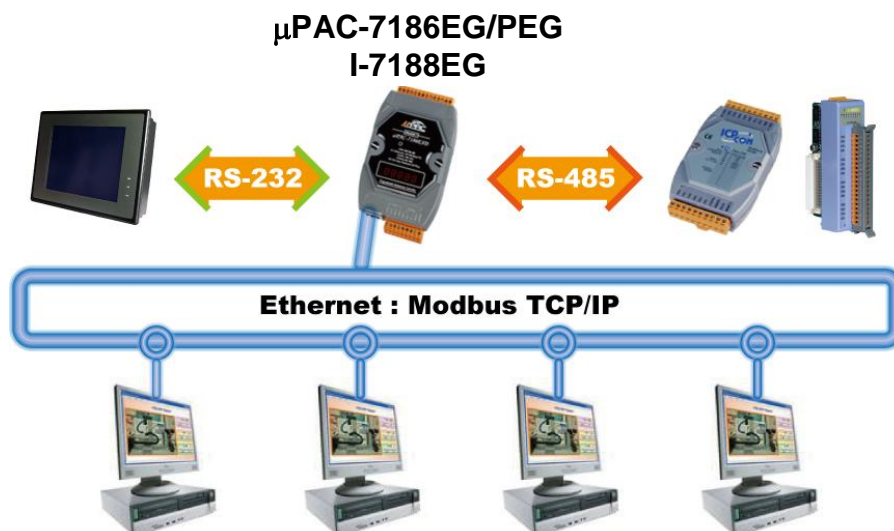
**NOTE : RU-87Pn support only High profile I-87K I/O module.**



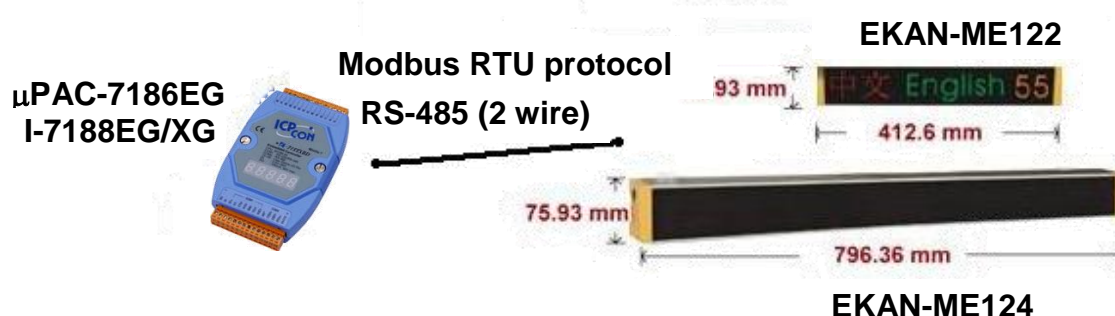
Nearly 100 choices of  
Remote I/O modules :  
I-7000 & I-87K.

There are several  
X-Boards to expand  
more I/O channels,  
COM Ports, SRAM  
memory .....

## 1.3 Multi-HMI Application



## 1.4 EKAN LED Display



## 1.5 SMS: Short Message Service

- Short message can be sent in multiple language format (like Chinese, English... others)
- More at [www.icpdas.com](http://www.icpdas.com) > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF Ver.3 (English) - 111

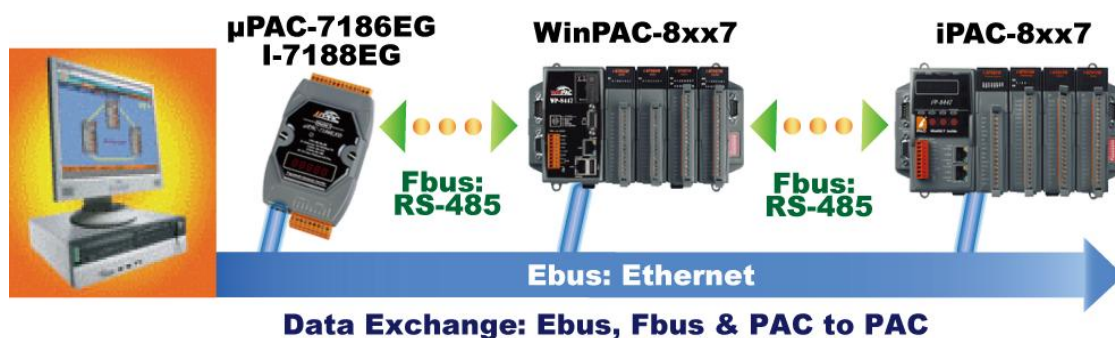


## 1.6 Data Exchange through Ethernet or RS-485

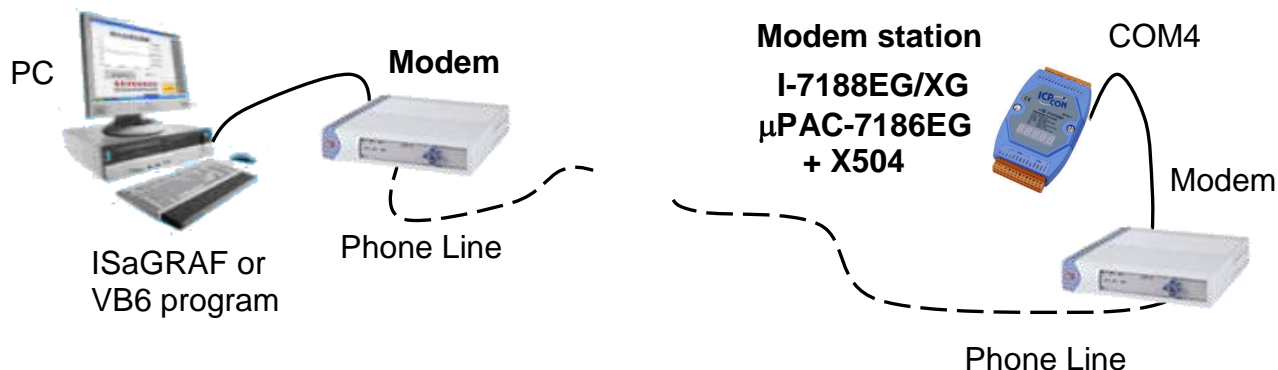
### PAC to PAC data exchange

Ebus (Ethernet) :  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG(D)/PEG(D), I-7188EG(D)

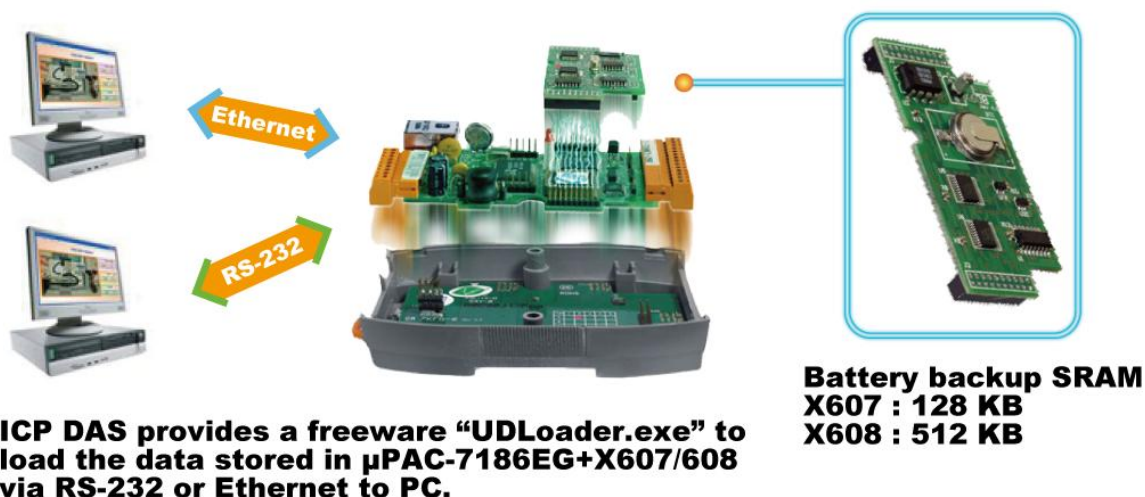
Fbus (RS-485) :  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG(D)/PEG(D), I-7188EG(D)/XG(D)



## 1.7 Download & Monitoring Via Modem Link

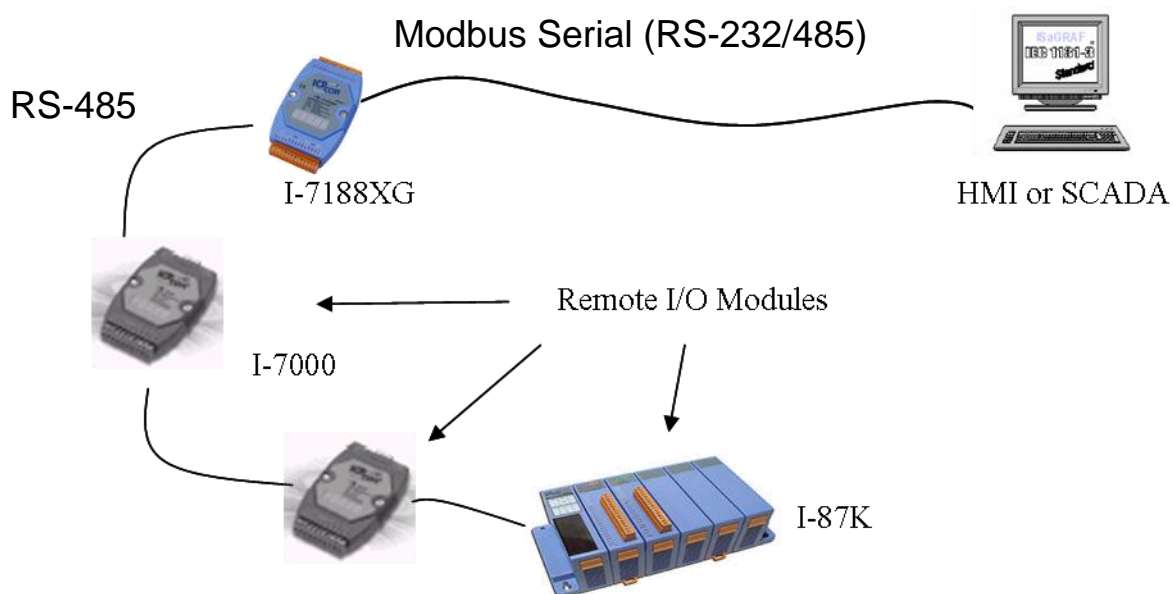


## 1.8 Data Recorder and Data Logger

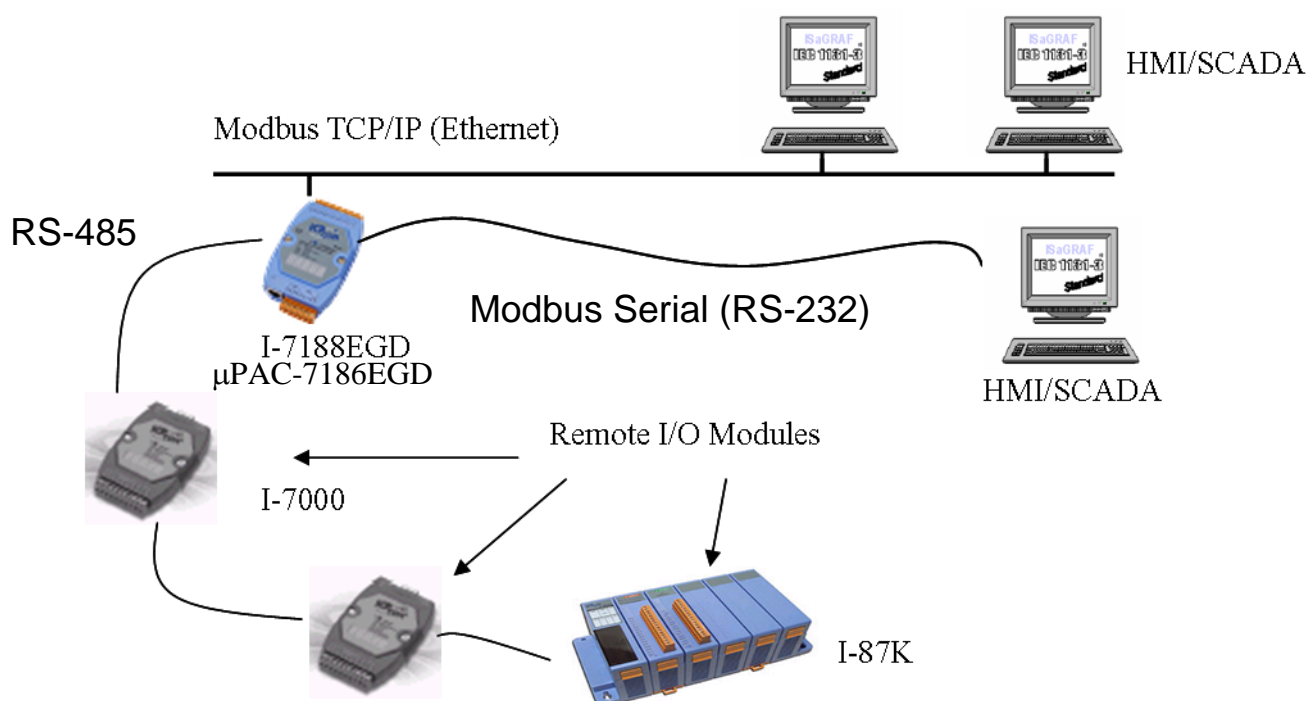


## 1.9 Modbus Converter of Remote I/O Modules

**I-7188XG** can be a Modbus RTU Serial converter of I-7000 & I-87K series I/O modules.



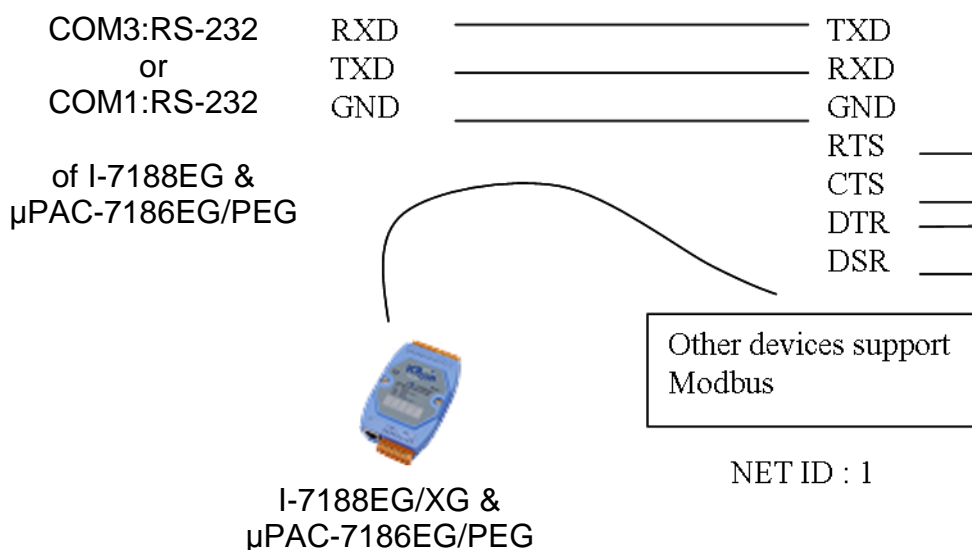
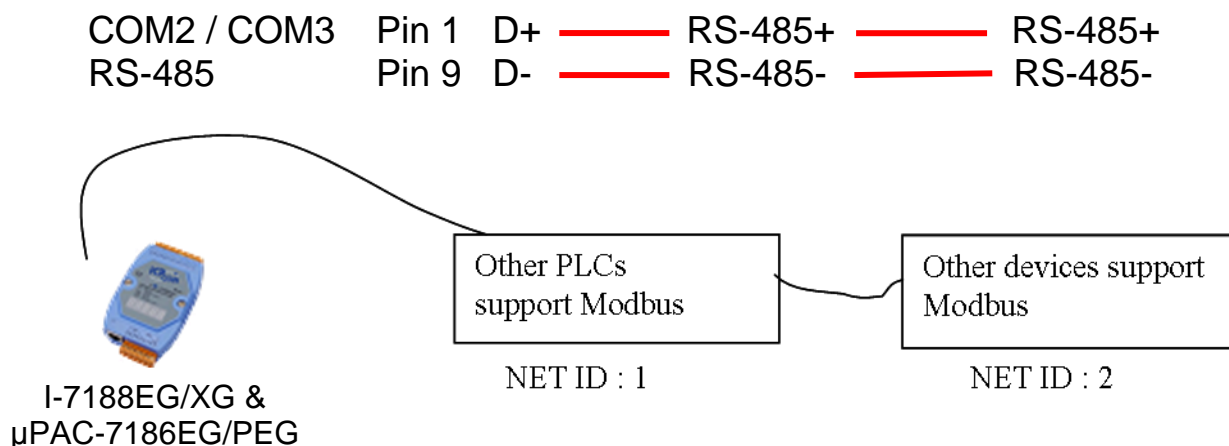
**I-7188EG, &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG/PEG** can be a Modbus RTU Serial & TCP/IP converter of I-7000 & I-87K series I/O modules.



## 1.10 Modbus Master

I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG/PEG support up to 2 COM ports of Modbus RTU/ASCII Master protocol to integrate with other Modbus devices.

I-7188EG,  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG/PEG : COM1, 2, 3  
I-7188XG : COM2, 3

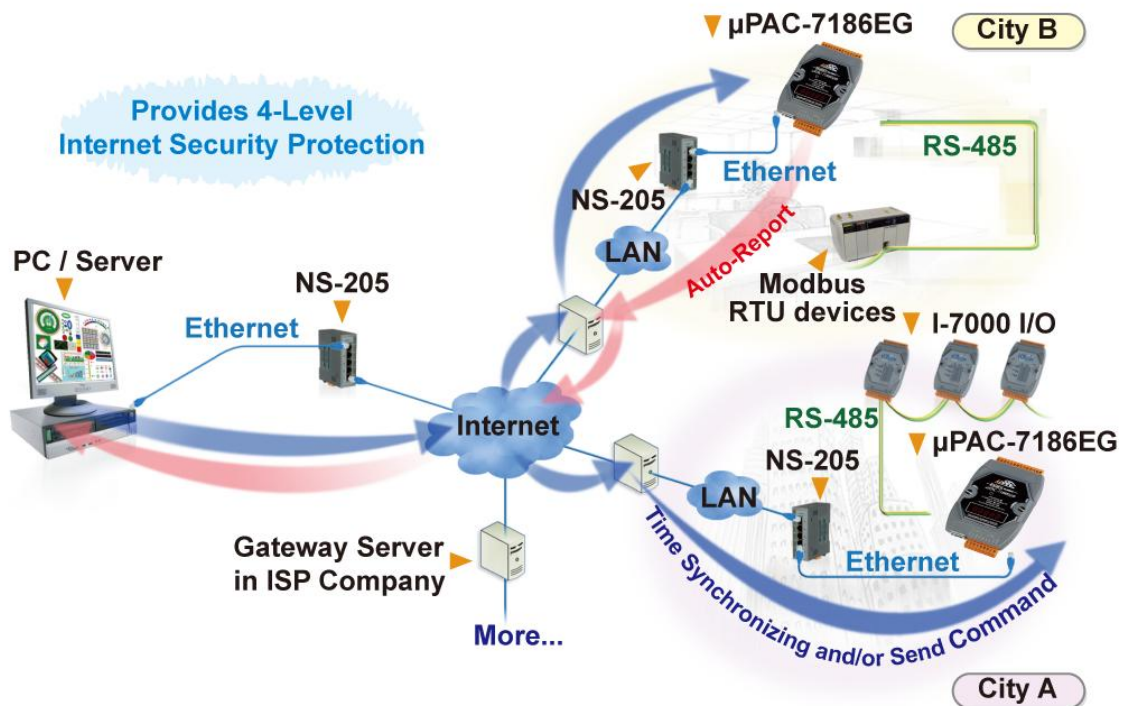


**Note:** COM3 ~ COM8 is optional from X-Board X5xx I/O expansion board. Please refer to [section 3.14: Using I/O Expansion Boards - X Series Boards](#).

## 1.11 Active Control Data & I/O Acquisition Data reporting System

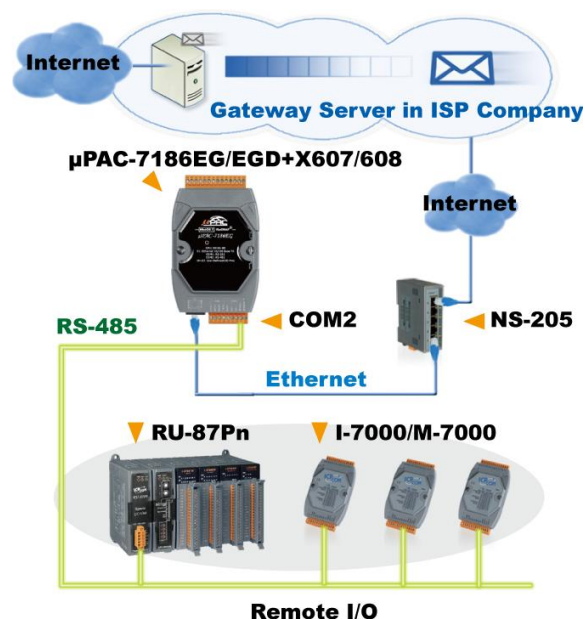
- $\mu$ PAC-7186EG/PEG can use UDP/IP to auto-report acquisition data & control data to local or remote internet PC/Server.
- Advantage: Every  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG/PEG in the different location doesn't need a fixed Internet IP.
- Refer to [www.icpdas.com](http://www.icpdas.com) > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF Ver.3 (English) - 065 .

### Stable and Cost-effective Data Acquisition Auto-Report System



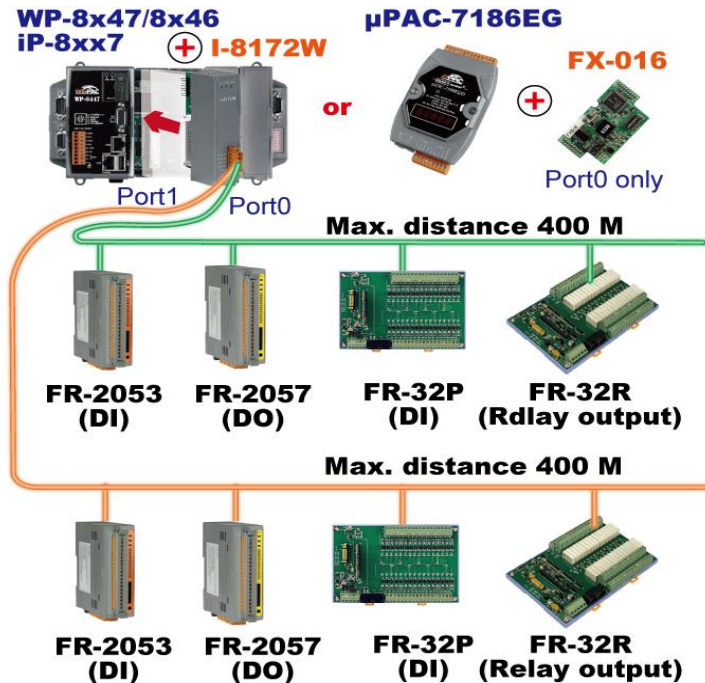
## 1.12 $\mu$ PAC-7186EG can send email with an attached file

If applying with the X607/X608, it could send Email with an attached file and the maximum file size is about X607: 112K bytes, X608: 488K bytes.



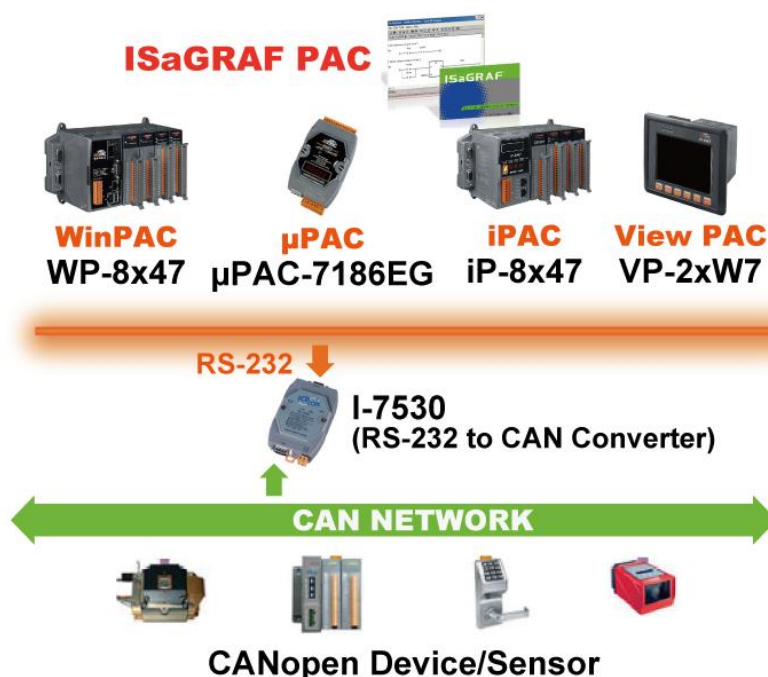
## 1.13 Fast FRnet Remote I/O

- **Advantage of FRnet I/O:** Fast I/O scan time is about 3 ms/scan.  
(It depends on your program's PLC scan time. Ex: If the ISaGRAF program's PLC scan time is about 9 ms, then the scan time for all will be 9 ms, not 3 ms)
- **Note:** FRnet I/O do not support AI & AO yet.



## 1.14 Integrate with CAN/CANopen Devices and Sensors

- PAC-7186EG Supports max. 3 I-7530 (RS-232 to CAN) Converters.  
Refer to [www.icpdas.com](http://www.icpdas.com) > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF Ver.3 (English) - 086



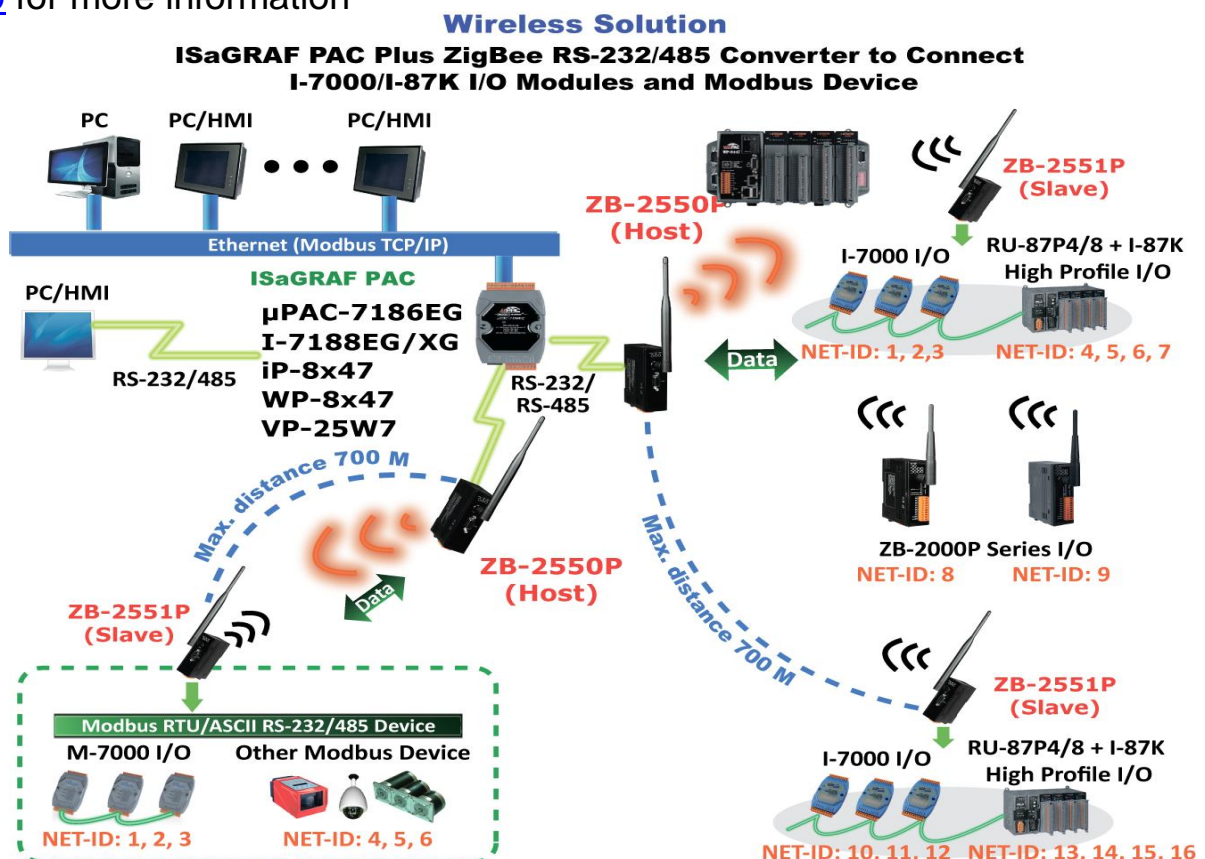
## 1.15 GPS applications: ISaGRAF PAC plus I-87211W or GPS-721

- $\mu$ PAC-7186(P)EG, WP-8xx7, VP-2xW7, iP-8xx7 can support one I-87211W (slot 0~7) or I-87211W / GPS-721 as RS-485 remote GPS I/O.
- For doing auto-time-synchronization and getting local Longitude and Latitude
- Please refer to [www.icpdas.com](http://www.icpdas.com) > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF Ver.3 (English) - 107 for more information



## 1.16 ZigBee Wireless Solution

- ISaGRAF PAC plus ZB-2550P and ZB-2551P converters (ZigBee to RS-232/485)
- Please refer to [www.icpdas.com](http://www.icpdas.com) > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF Ver.3 (English) - 110 for more information



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## Chapter 2 : Software Programming

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**Note:** For detailed English User's Manual please refer to "User's Manual of ISaGRAF PACs" or  
CD of \napdos\isagraf\8000\english\_manu\ "user\_manual\_i\_8xx7.pdf" &  
"user\_manual\_i\_8xx7\_appendix.pdf" or  
[http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/getting\\_started\\_manual.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/getting_started_manual.htm)

### 2.1 Step 1 – Installing ISaGRAF Software

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There are two kinds of software to be installed in PC before user can program on the I-7188EG/XG,  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC system. They are

- A. ISaGRAF Workbench**
- B. ICP DAS Utilities for ISaGRAF**

User has to purchase at least one pcs. of ISaGRAF workbench Version 3 (ISaGRAF-256) to install on his PC to edit, download, monitor & debug the controller system. Item (B) is free and it is burned inside the CD-ROM which is delivered with the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG.

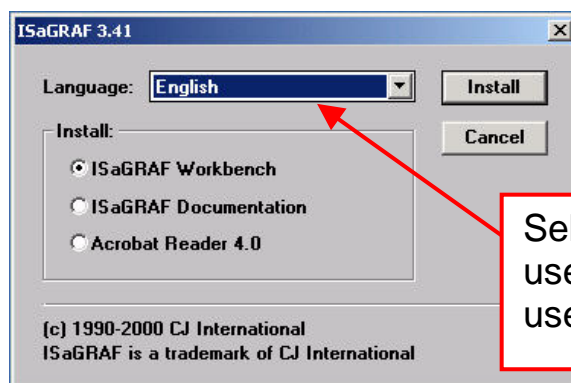
#### Operating System Requirements:

One of the following computer operating systems must be installed on the target computer before you install the ISaGRAF Workbench software program:

- Windows 95 / Windows 98 / Windows 2000
- Windows NT Version 3.51 or Windows NT Version 4.0
- Windows XP or Vista (Please refer to FAQ117; not ready for Windows 7)

#### Steps to Install the ISaGRAF Workbench:

1. Insert the ISaGRAF Workbench CD into your CD-ROM drive.  
If your computer does not auto-start the installation, use the Windows Explorer and go to the CD-ROM drive where the Workbench CD is installed.
2. Double-click on the "install.bat" file listed on the ISaGRAF CD.  
If the "install.bat" file is not found on your ISaGRAF CD, then double-click on the "ISaGRAF.exe" file to start the installation process.



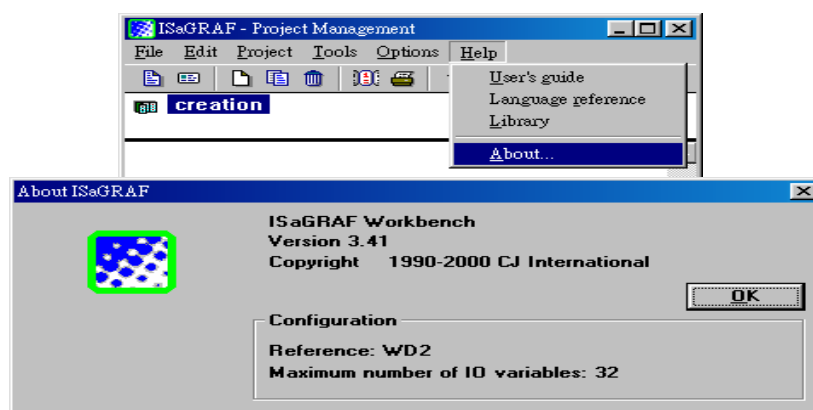
Select the language. Recommend to use "English" because this manual uses English version.

3. To begin the ISaGRAF 3.x software program, click the Windows [Start] button, then click [Programs], and you should see the ISaGRAF program group as illustrated below. Click “Projects” can start ISaGRAF software.



**Note1:** You must install the hardware protection device (dongle) provided with the ISaGRAF software on your computer parallel port for ISaGRAF program to achieve fully authorized functionality.

While using ISaGRAF and the dongle is plugged, if the menu [Help] > [About] says “Maximum number of IO variables: 32”, it means ISaGRAF workbench cannot find the dongle. Please reset your PC and then check the [Help] > [About] again.

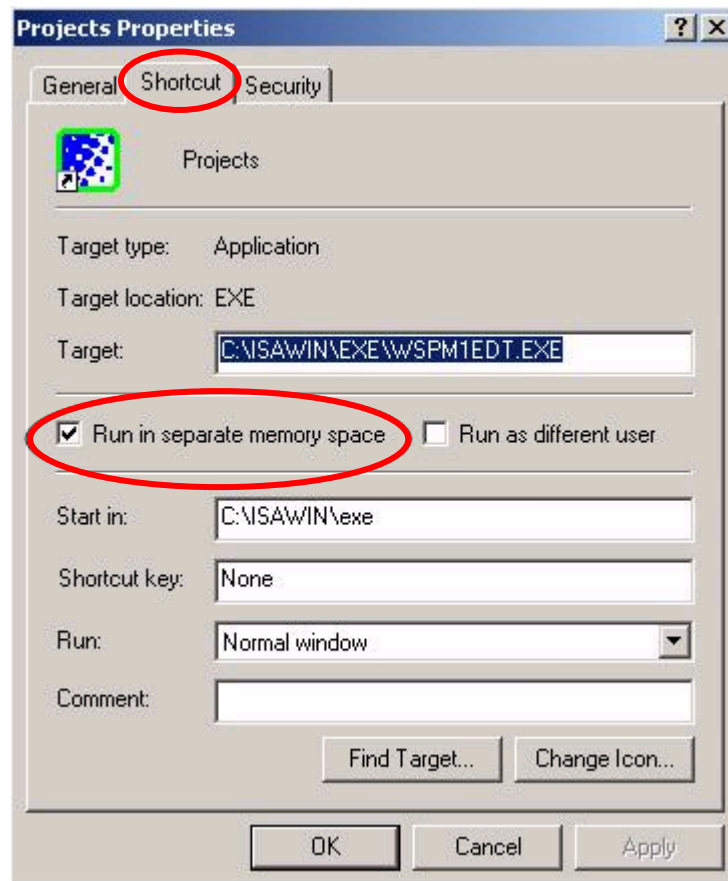


**Note2:** If it still displays “Maximum number of IO variables: 32”, the dongle driver may not be installed well. Please execute the ISaGRAF CD\_ROM \Sentinel5382\setup.exe for ISaGRAF-80, while \Sentinel\setup.exe for other ISaGRAF version and then reset the PC again.

**Note3:** Since **ISaGRAF 3.51**, it is using USB protection-key. To make your PC recognize the ISaGRAF USB protection-key, please **un-plug** the USB key from your USB port first, then run “\Sentinel\SSD5411-32bit.exe” in the ISaGRAF 3.51~3.55 CD-ROM after you have installed the ISaGRAF. Then you have to plug on the USB protection-key before you executing ISaGRAF Projects every time.

### Important Notice for Windows 2000 Users:

If you close some ISaGRAF windows, it holds about 20 to 40 seconds (No response). This may caused by the procedure “CTFMON.EXE” of Windows 2000. To avoid this problem, you may create a short cut for the “ISaGRAF project manager”. And then check on "run in separate memory space" option in the shortcut property.



### **Important Notice for Windows NT Users:**

If your computer is using the Windows NT OS, you will need to add one line to the file in the ISaGRAF Workbench folder. **C:\isawin\exe\isa.ini**

You can use any ASCII based text editor to open the "isa.ini" file. Locate the [WS001] header in the file (it should be at the top of the file). Anywhere within the [WS001] header portion of the file, add the entry shown below.

```
[WS001]
NT=1
Isa=C:\ISAWIN
IsaExe=C:\ISAWIN\EXE
Group=Samples
IsaApl=c:\isawin\smp
IsaTmp=C:\ISAWIN\TMP
```

### **Important setting for using variable arrays:**

Please add two more lines on the top of the c:\isawin\exe\isa.ini file to enable the usage of variable arrays.

Add two lines on the top of c:\isawin\exe\isa.ini file:

```
[DEBUG]
Arrays=1
```

## 2.2 Step 2 – Installing ICP DAS Utilities For ISaGRAF

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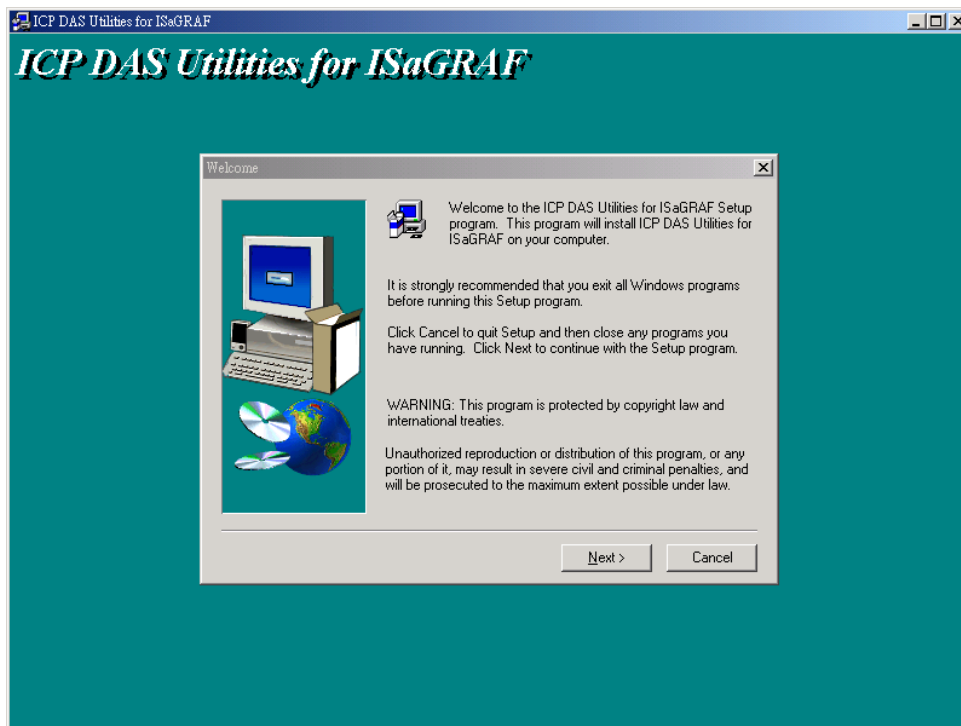
The “ICP DAS Utilities For ISaGRAF” consists of 3 major items:

- I/O libraries: for I-7188EG/XG,  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG, I-8xx7 & W-8xx7
- Modem\_Link utility
- Auto-scan I/O utility

**Note:** The ISaGRAF Workbench software program must be installed before attempting to install the “ICP DAS Utilities for ISaGRAF”. If you have not installed the ISaGRAF Workbench program, please refer to Section 2.1 Step 1 before continuing.

There is a CD-ROM supplied with each of the  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG & I-7188EG/XG PAC with the “ICP DAS Utilities for ISaGRAF”.

Please insert the CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive. Then run **CD-ROM: \napdos\isagraf\setup.exe** . Follow the steps to install it.



If “ICP DAS Utilities for ISaGRAF” is not in your CD-ROM, please refer to website of <http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf-link.htm> , then find “ICP DAS Utilities For ISaGRAF” to download “io\_lib.zip”.

## 2.3 Step 3 – Writing A Simple ISaGRAF Program

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**Note:** Please refer to “User’s Manual of ISaGRAF PAC” or CD of \napdos\isagraf\8000\english\_manu\ "user\_manual\_i\_8xx7.pdf" for detailed English User’s Manual.

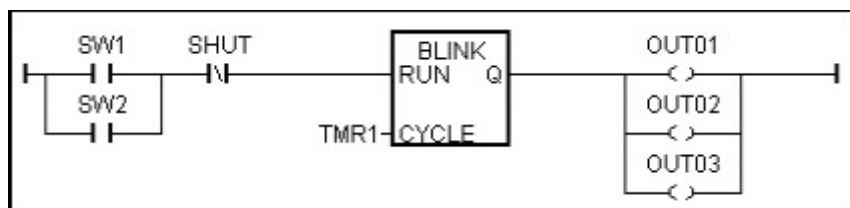
## EXAMPLE OF LD PROGRAM:

The following is a step-by-step example on how to create a ladder logic (hence forth referred as "LD") program using the ISaGRAF Workbench software program provided with the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG (plugged X-board: X107) controller system.

### Variables Used In the Example LD Program:

Name	Type	Attribute	Description
SW1	Boolean	Input	Input Switch1
SW2	Boolean	Input	Input Switch2
SHUT	Boolean	Input	Input Shutdown button
OUT01	Boolean	Output	Output1
OUT02	Boolean	Output	Output2
OUT03	Boolean	Output	Output3
TMR1	Timer	Internal	Time Period of blinking, initial value is set at "T#1s"

### Ladder Logic Program Outline:

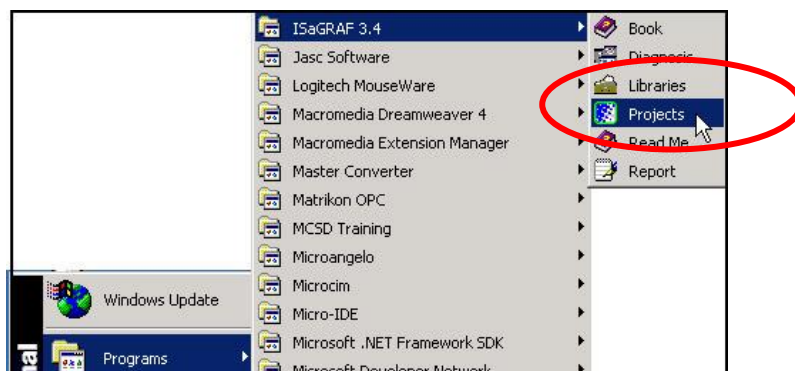


### Process Operation Actions:

1. Monitor/Control SW1 (default: OFF) & SW2 (default: OFF) two Switches.
2. Monitor/Control SHUT button (default: OFF, normal close)
3. If either SW1 or SW2 is ON, and SHUT is OFF, active "Blink" Timer TMR1
4. OUT01~03 will ON and OFF at one second Interval Rate
5. Push SHUT to stop the blinking of OUT01~03.

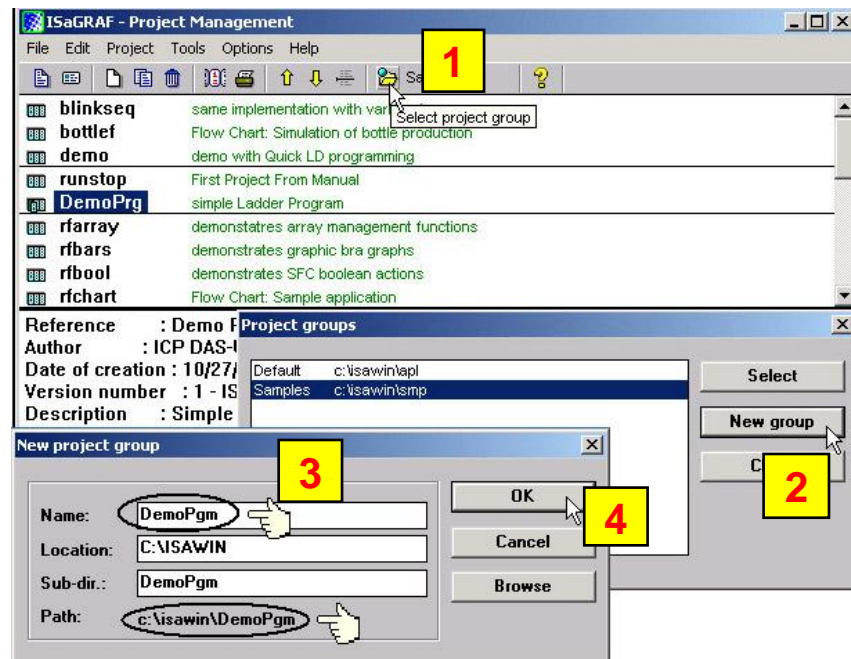
### 2.3.1: Start ISaGRAF – Project Management

Starting & Running the ISaGRAF Workbench Program please click on the Windows [Start] button, then click [Programs] > [ISaGRAF 3.x] > [Projects] as shown below.



### 2.3.2: Creating an ISaGRAF Project Group

Click the icon "Select Program Group" then click "New Group" button. Key in the name for the new group you wish to create then click on "OK".



Note that the name that you give the "New Project Group" also creates a new sub-directory corresponding to the project group name in the "c:\isawin\".

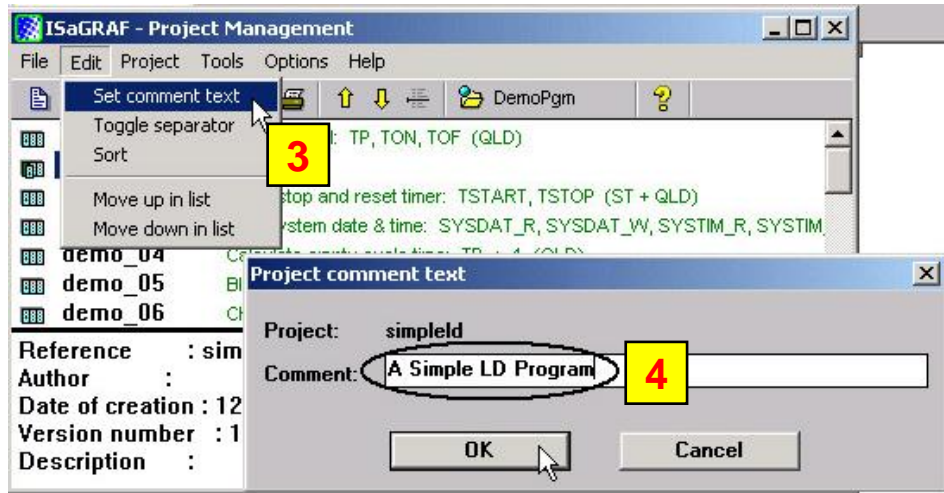
To open the new group, either double click the new group name in "Project groups" window, or click the new group name to select the new group and then click on the "Select" button.

### 2.3.3: Creating a New ISaGRAF Project

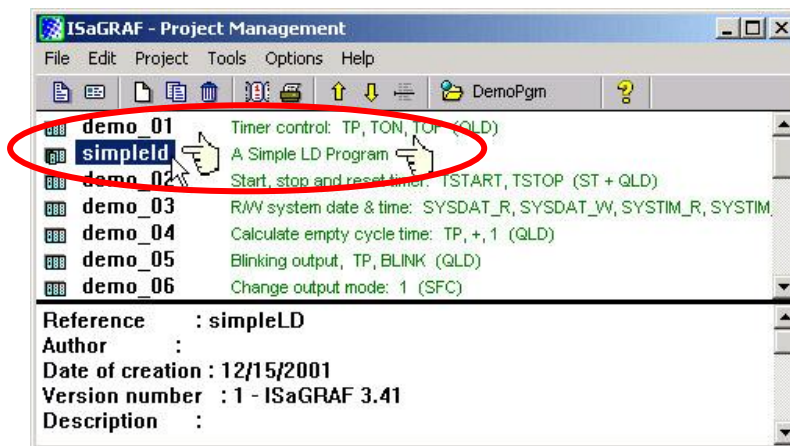
To create a new ISaGRAF project, click the icon "Create New Project" then enter the name for the new project.



You can enter additional information for your project by clicking on the [Edit] > [Set Comment Text].



You will now see the name of the new project in the "Project Management" window. Double click the name of the new project can open the new project.

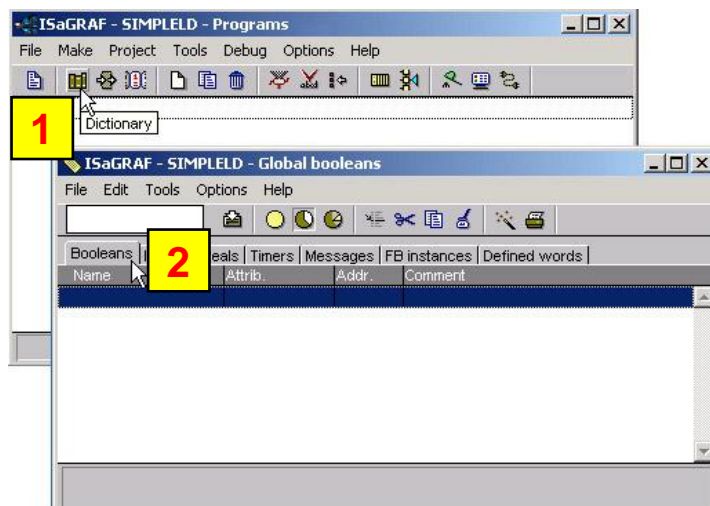


### 2.3.4: Declaring the ISaGRAF Project Variables

Before you start creating an ISaGRAF program, you must first declare the variables that will be used in the ISaGRAF program.

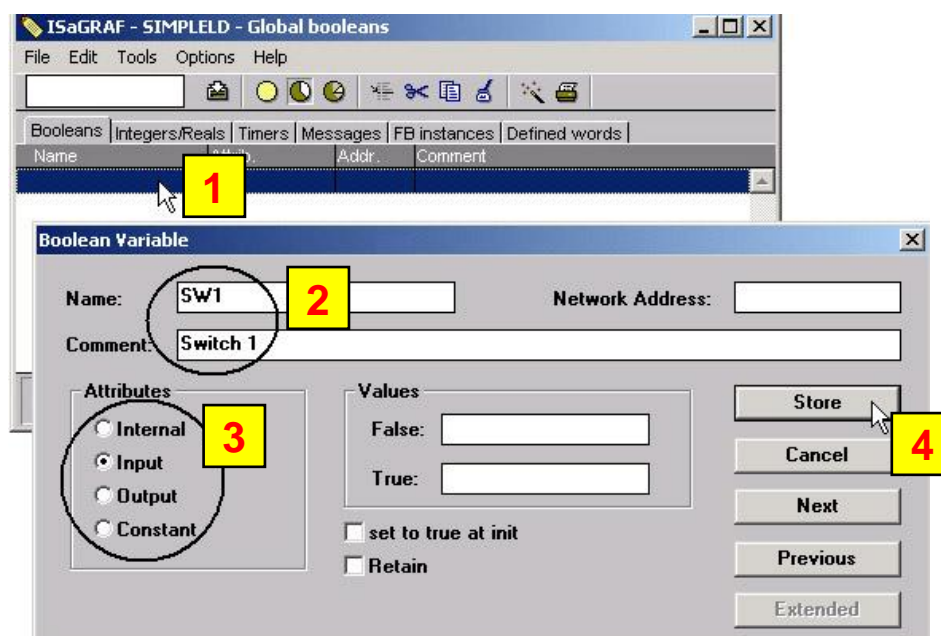
#### Declaring Boolean:

First click the "Dictionary" icon then click the "Booleans" tab to declare the Boolean variables that we want to use in our example program.



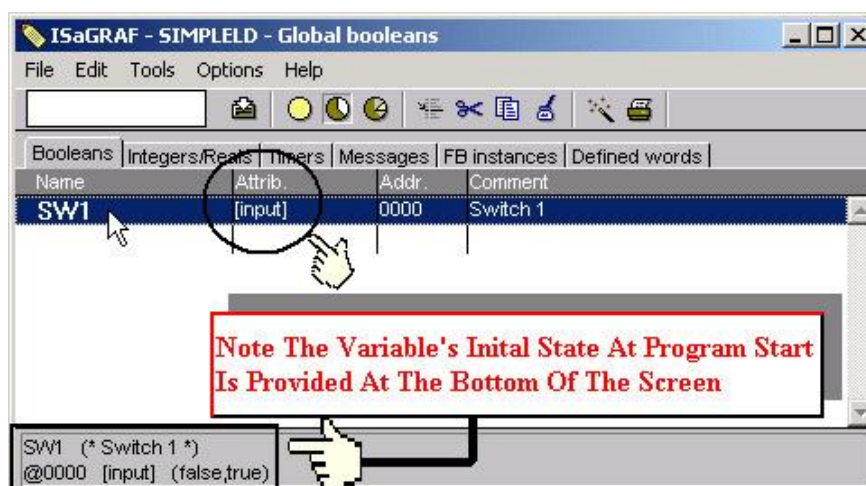
To declare the program variables for the ISaGRAF project, double click on the colored area below the "Booleans" tab, and a "Boolean Variable" window will be opened. Enter the variable name you want to use in this project.

For this example, the Boolean Variable "Name" is "SW1" and add "Switch 1" to the "Comment" Section. The next item that must be declared is the "Attribute". In this example, SW1's attribute is "Input". Lastly, press the "Store" button to save the Boolean variable that has been created.



The new Boolean variable has now been declared.

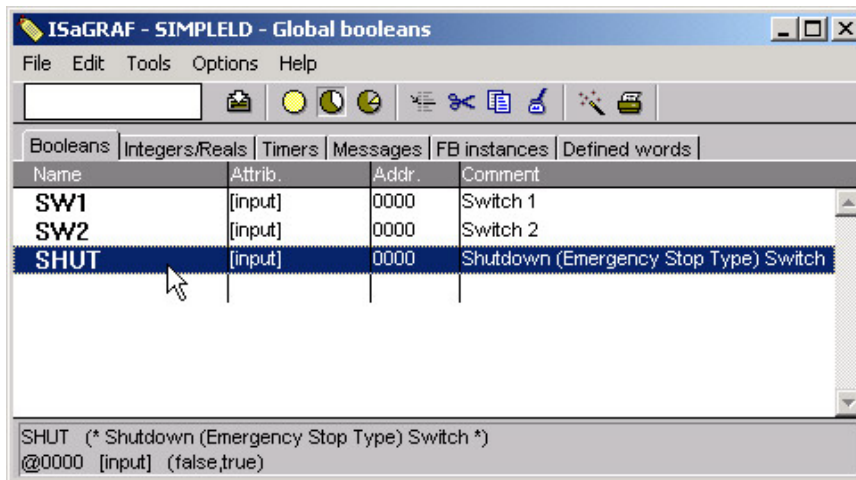
**Note:** The information in the bottom area is provided for the programmer to fully explain how the variable will be handled.



**Note:** You MUST make sure that the variable you have declared has the desired Attribute assigned. If you decide that you want to change a project variable's attribute, just double click on the variable name and you can reassign the attribute for the variable.

Using the same method described above, declare the additional Boolean variables for this example program, "SW2" and "SHUT".

When you have completed the Boolean variable assignments, the Global Boolean window should be looked like below.

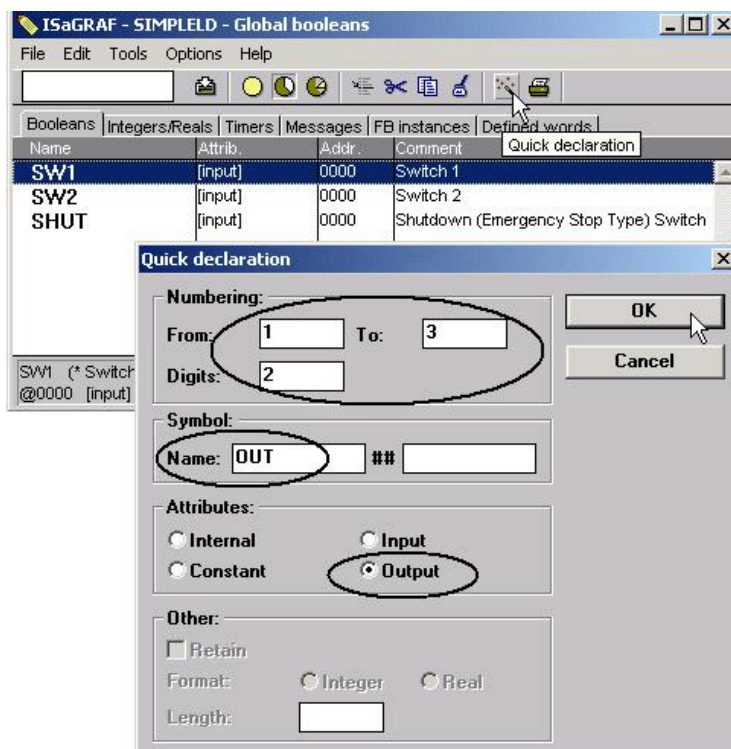


### Quick Declaration:

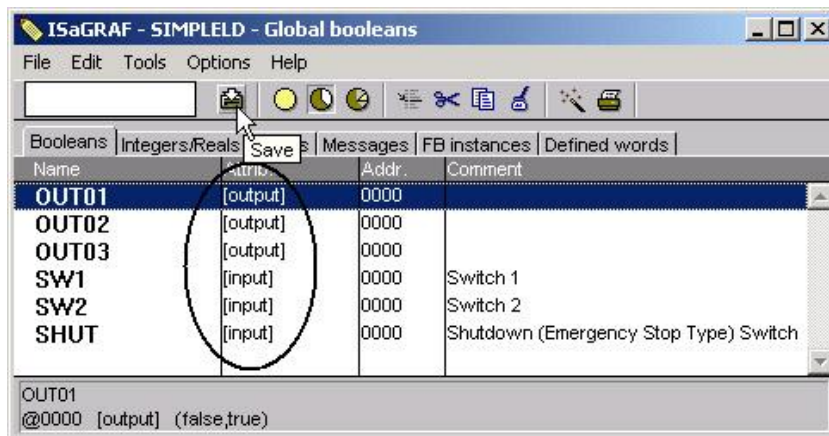
There are three outputs used in this example named "OUT01", "OUT02", and "OUT03". ISaGRAF provides a quick and easy way to declare like variables that are sequentially ordered.

Click on the "Quick Declaration" icon, and enter the number to the fields of "From", "To" (e.g. from 1 to 3) and "Digits".

Enter the "Symbol" name for the output variables, and set the attribute to "Output". When finish, click "OK" button.

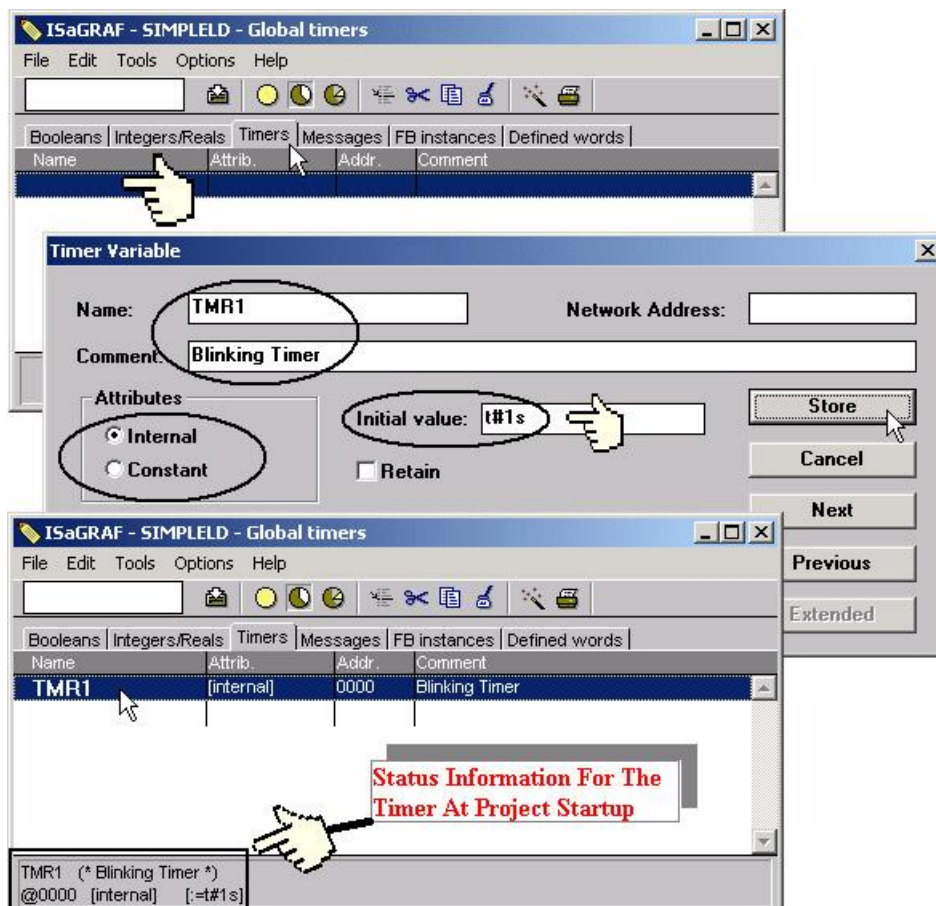


All three outputs will be immediately added to the "Global Booleans" window. Now we have all Boolean variables.



## Declaring Timer:

To declare the timer (TMR1) variable used in this program, click on the "Timers" tab in the Global project setup screen. Double click on the colored area and enter the Name as "TMR1", set the "Attributes" to "Internal", the "Initial Value" to "T#1s", then click the "Store" button.

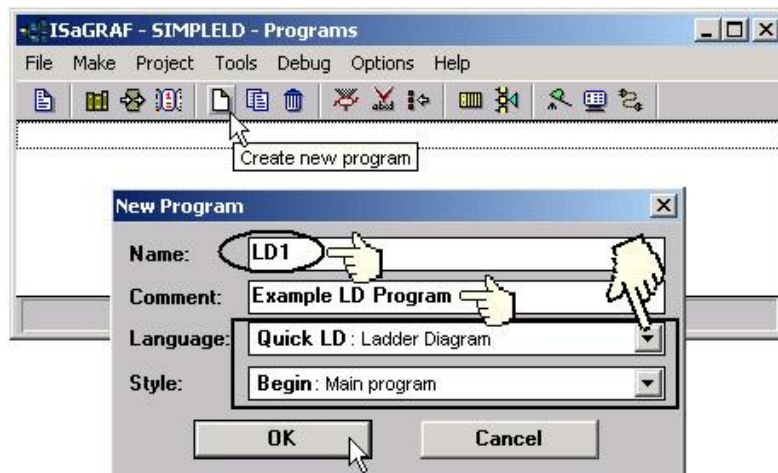


Once all of the timer variables have been properly setup, click the "X" at the top right of the "Global timers" window to close the variable dictionary window.

### 2.3.5: Creating the Example LD Program

Once all of the variables have been properly declared, you are now ready to create the example LD program. To start this process, click the "Create New Program" icon and the "New Program" window will appear.

Enter the "Name" as "LD1" (our example program name), next, click on the "Language" scroll button and select "Quick LD: Ladder Diagram", and make sure the "Style" is set to "Begin: Main Program". You can add any desired text to the "Comment" section for the LD program, but it isn't required.

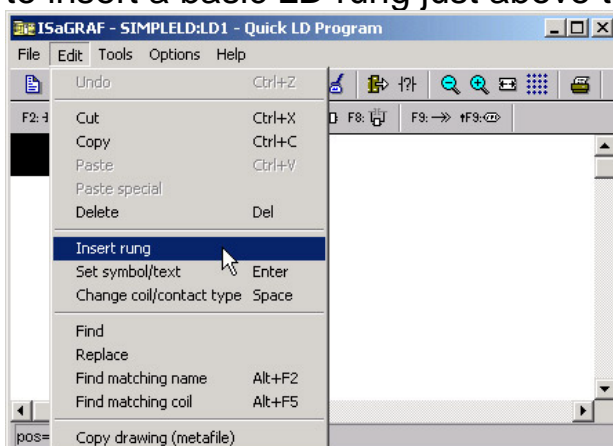


The "LD1" program has now been created. To open the "LD1" program, double click the "LD1" name.

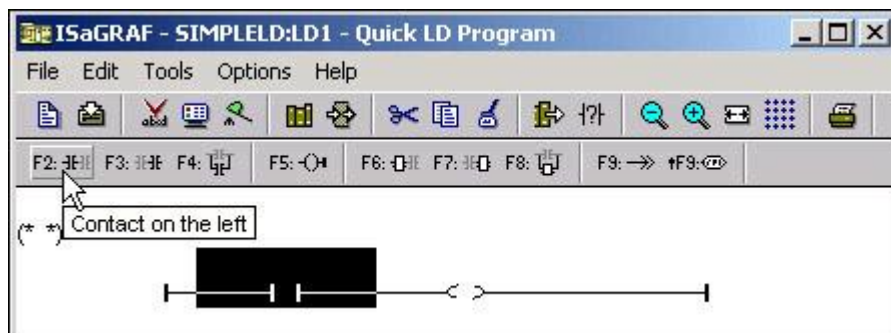


### 2.3.6: Editing the Example "LD1" Program

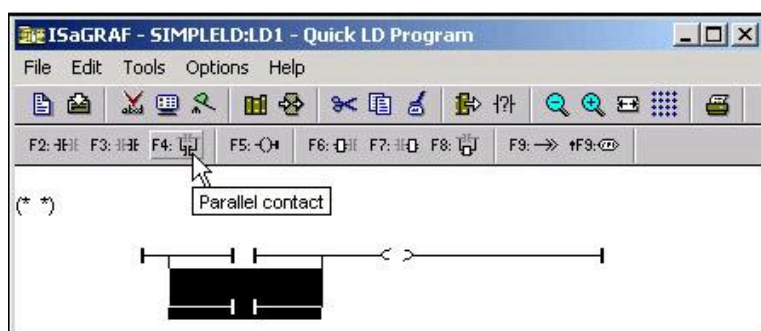
When double click on the "LD1" then the "Quick LD Program" window will appear. To start programming our LD program, click [Edit] from the main menu bar, and then click [Insert Rung] as shown below. "Insert Rung" means to insert a basic LD rung just above the current position.



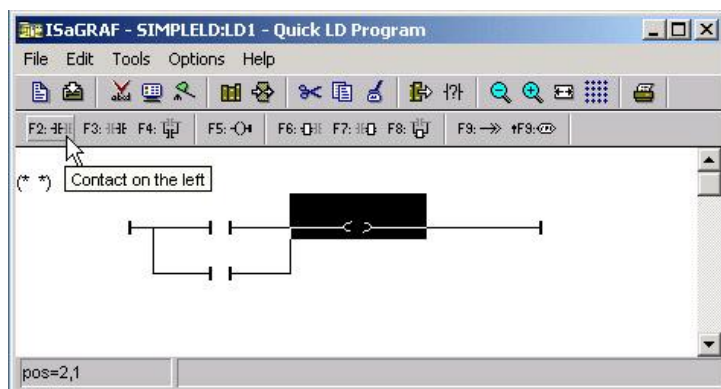
Or, you may just simply click on the "F2 (Contact on the left)" icon, the following will appear within the Quick LD Program window.



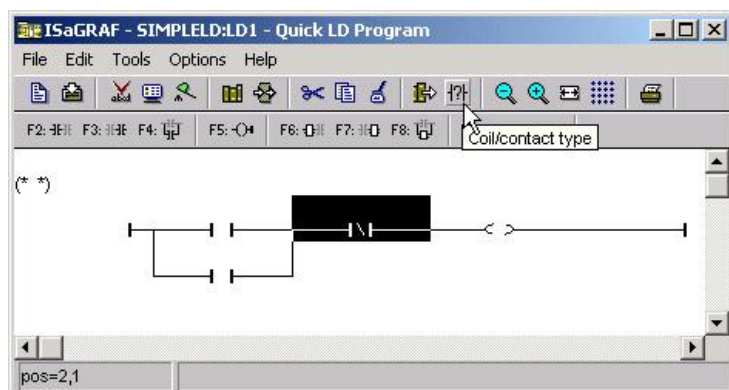
Click on the "F4 (Parallel contact)" icon to add a parallel input contact below the first input contact.



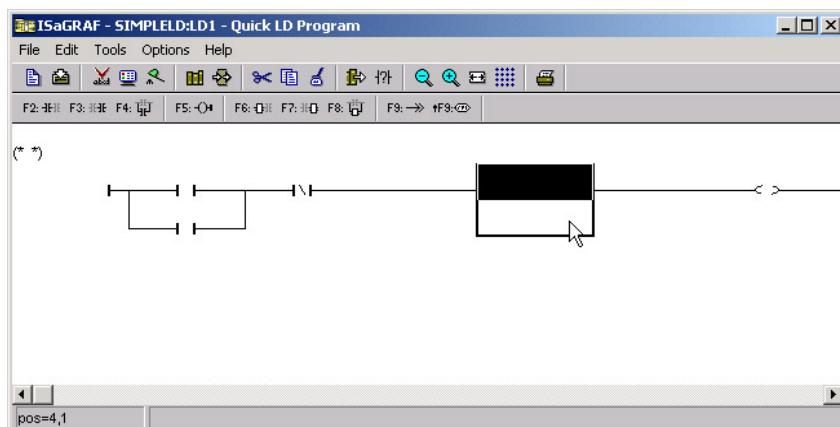
Click on the output coil as below and then click the "F2 (Contact on the left)" icon.



A new input contact (normal open) now appears to the left of the output coil. Click on the "Coil/Contact Type" icon to change the contact from normal open to normal close(|/|).

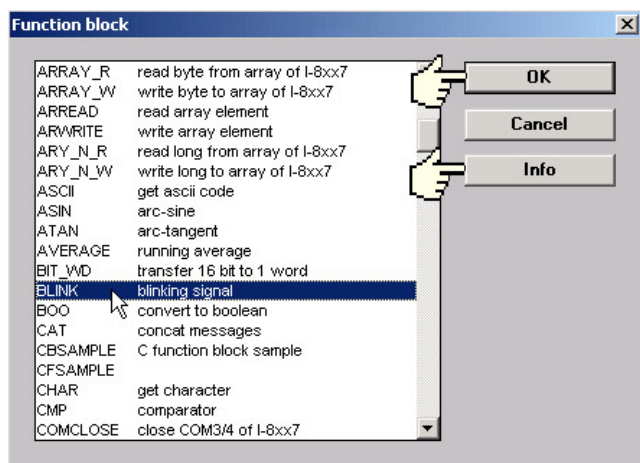


Click the "F7 (Block on the Right)" icon to add a function block (for Timer) to the right of the normal close contact.

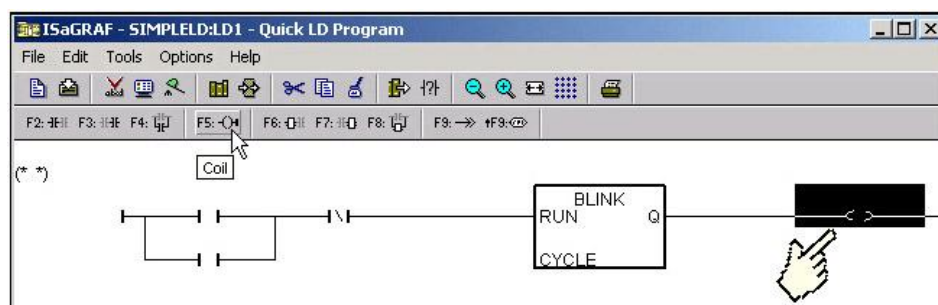


Double click the new function block and the "Function Block" assignment window appears. Select the "BLINK" for the Timer.

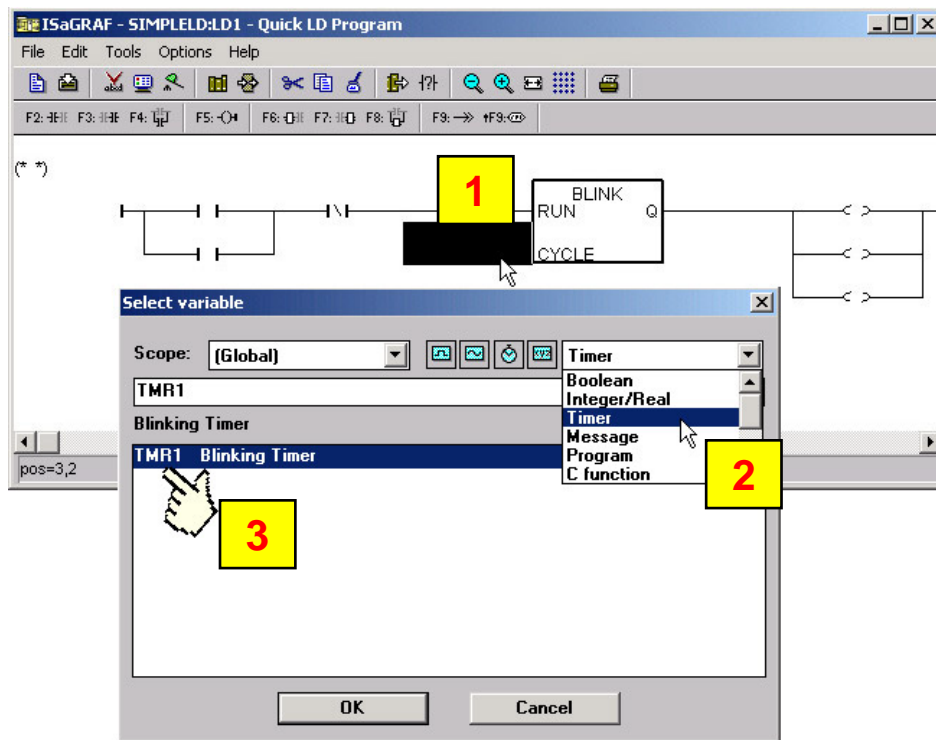
To learn how the "BLINK" function operates you can click the "Info" button for a detailed explanation.



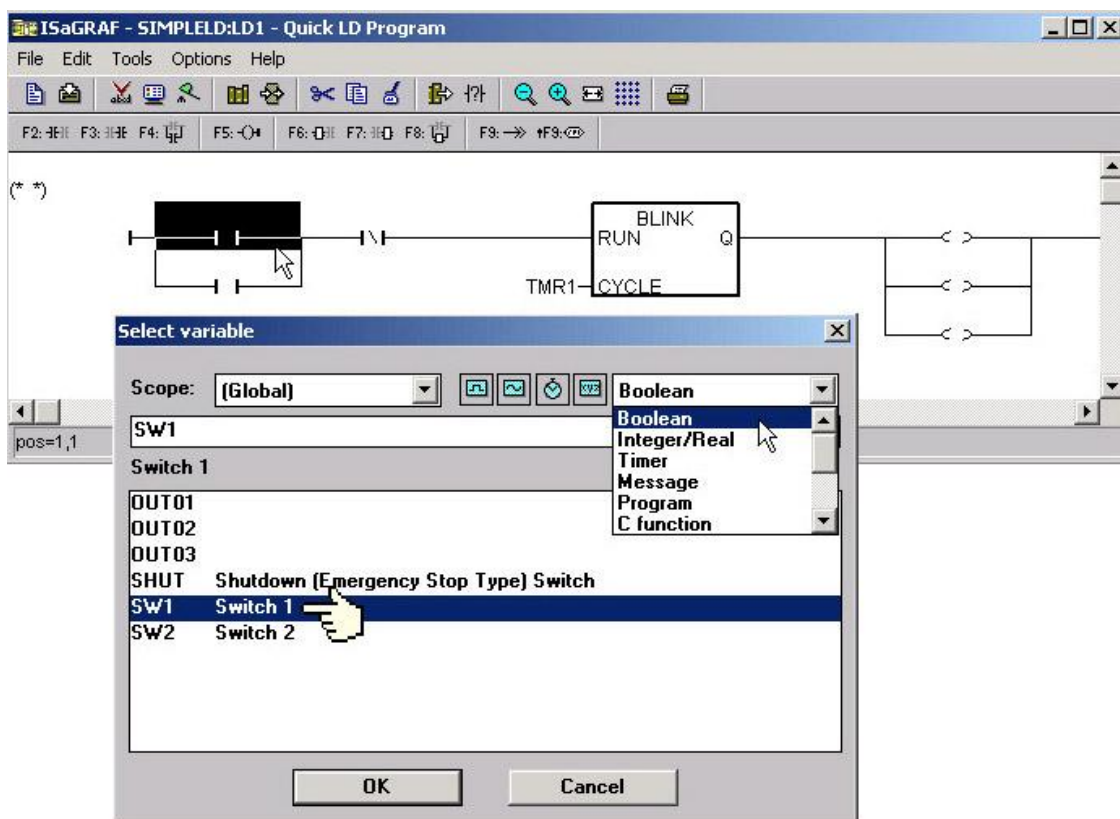
Now move your cursor to the output coil on the right side of the LD program. Double click the "F5 (Coil)" icon to add two additional outputs under the first output.



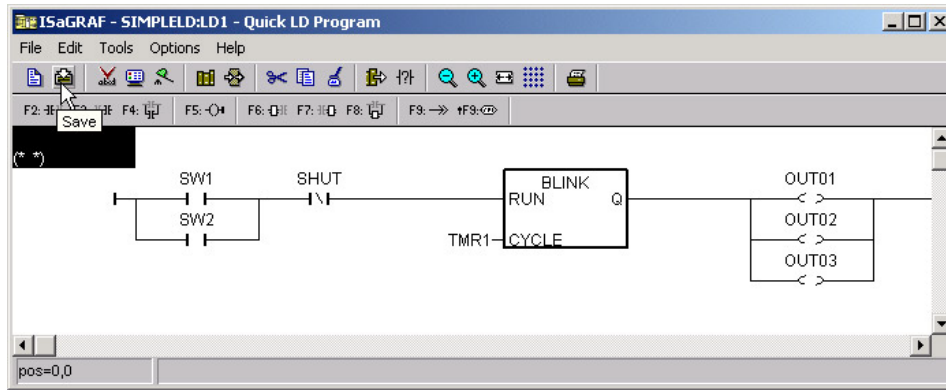
After adding two additional outputs, move your cursor to the "CYCLE" (in BLINK function block) and double click the left of "CYCLE". Select the type "Timer" and then assign the "TMR1" as the variable.



Now we are ready to assign program variables to each program components. Double click the first input switch as shown below. A "Select Variable" window will now open. Select "Boolean" and assign "SW1", then click "OK".



Using the same method as described above, now assign the rest of the program variables to the contacts and coils in the example program. Remember to click the "Save" button to complete the programming of the LD program. Your program should now look like the below illustration.

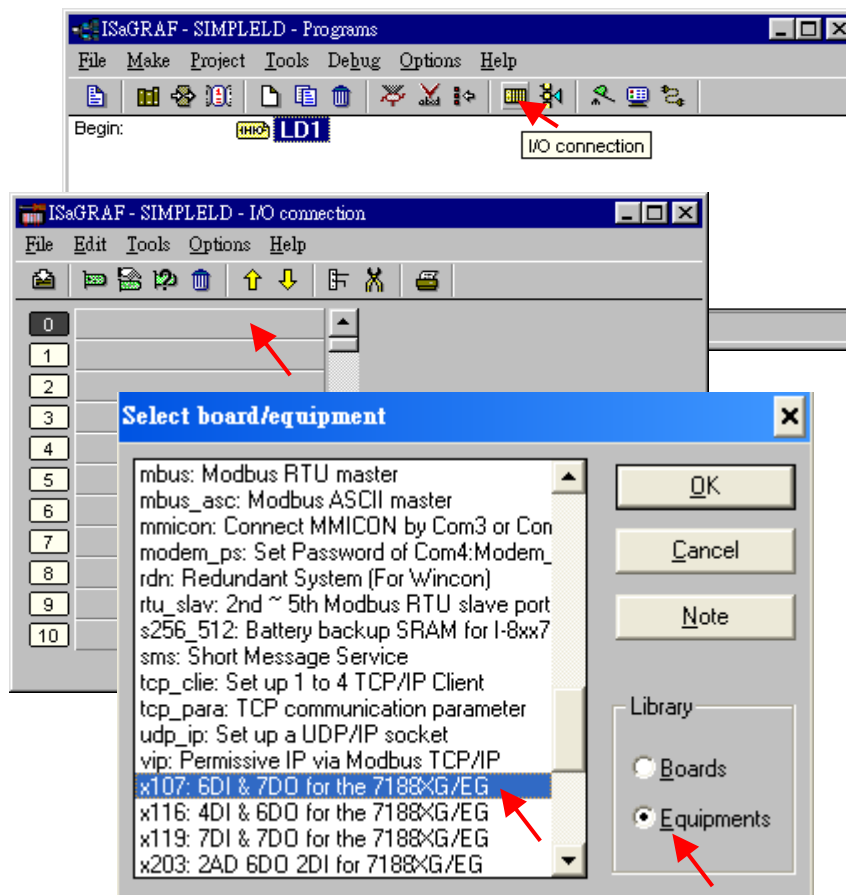


### 2.3.7: Connecting the I/O

The ISaGRAF Workbench is an open programming system. This allows user to create an ISaGRAF program that can operate a large number of different PLC controller systems. It is the responsibility of the PLC hardware manufacturer to embed the ISaGRAF "kernel" in their respective controller for the ISaGRAF program to operate properly. The ICP DAS ISaGRAF PAC Series has the ISaGRAF kernel embedded for creating a powerful and flexible industrial controller system.

You have created the ISaGRAF example program, now you must connect the "LD1" example program to the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG I/O controller system.

### Connecting I/O Equipment:



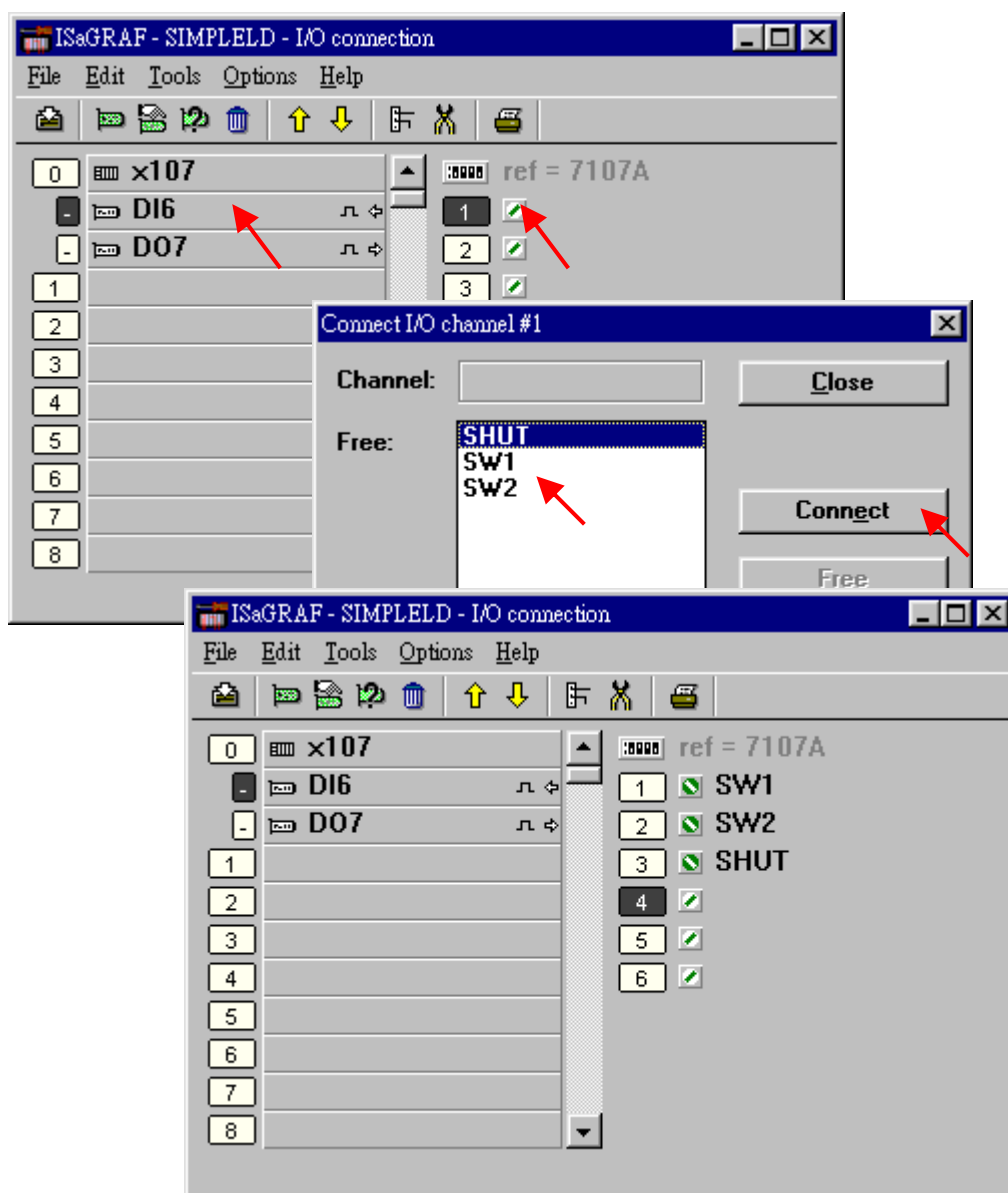
1. Click the "I/O Connection" icon as shown in the picture and the "I/O Connection" window will appear as shown.
2. a. In this example, if you have an "X107" I/O expansion board (please refer to catalog or section 3.13), you should double click the "0" slot for "X107".
2. b. If you don't have "X107", just double click any slot (for setting simulate Boolean I/O "xboo\_io"), then "Set Board/Equipment" window will appear. Select "Equipment" and double click "X107" or "xboo\_io".

### IMPORTANT NOTE:

Slot 0 is reserved for I/O expansion boards of the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG. For I-7000 IO module, no matter which COM, choice the slot after "8" and select Equipments of "bus7000". And you can use other slots for additional functionality.

### Connecting Input:

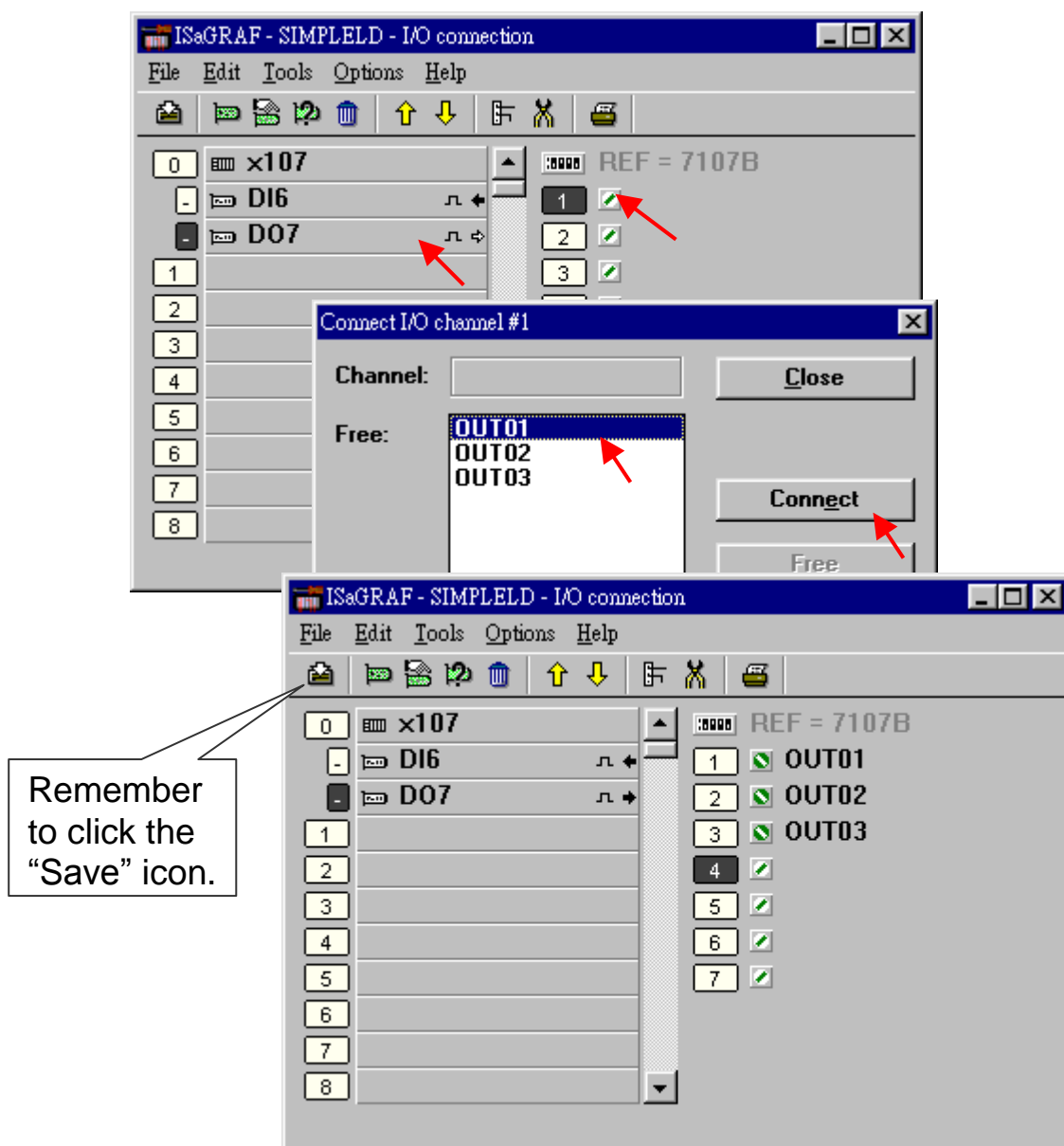
To connect the Input attributed variables to "X107", please click "DI6" and double click the icon beside the channel number. Then select the variable name and click "Connect" button.



## Connecting Output:

To connect the Output attributed variables to "X107", please click "DO7" and double click the icon beside the channel number. Then select the variable name and click "Connect" button.

Once you have completed making the input I/O connections, remember to click the "SAVE" icon to save the I/O connections.



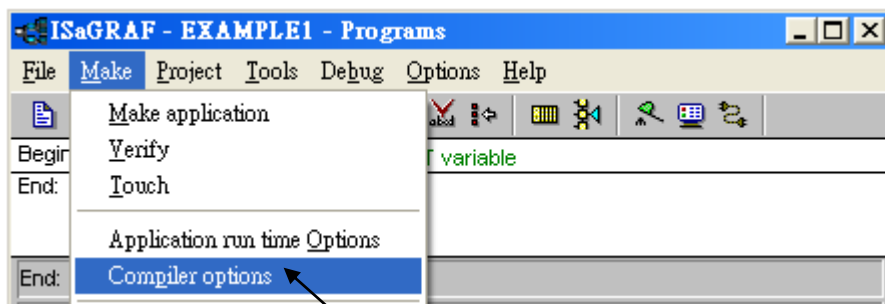
## **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

All of the Input and Output variables **MUST** be connected through the I/O connection as described above for any program to be successfully compiled. Only the Input and Output variables will appear in the "I/O Connections" window.

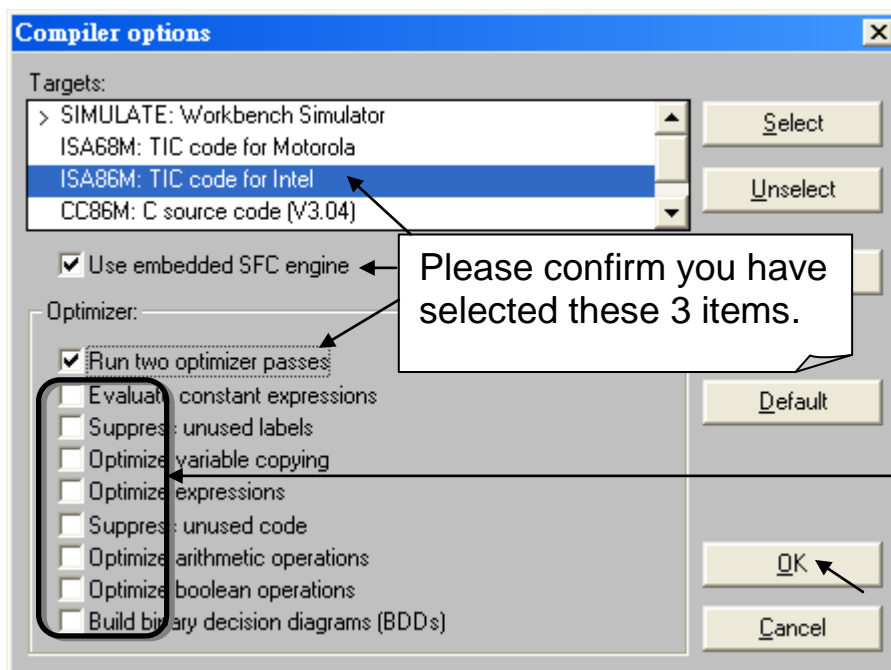
## 2.4 Step 4 – Compiling & Simulating The Example Project

**NOTE:** For ANY AND EVERY ISaGRAF program to work properly with any of the ISaGRAF PAC Series systems, it is the responsibility of the programmer to properly select the correct "Compiler Options". You **MUST** select the "ISA86M: TIC Code For Intel" option as described below.

To begin the compilation process first click the main menu [MAKE] > [Compiler Options] as shown below.



The "Compiler Options" window will now appear. Make sure to select (click "Select" for "Targets" items) the options as shown below then press "OK" to complete the compiler option selections.



If using "Variable Array" in the program, please **DO NOT** check the 2nd, 7th, 8th and 9th Optimizer options, or the value of the Variable array will be incorrect.

Recommend to check only the 1st – "Run two optimizer passes" option.

### 2.4.1: Compiling the LD Project!

Now that you have selected the proper compiler options, click on the "Make Application Code" icon to compile the example LD project. If there is no compiler errors detected during the compilation process, CONGRATULATIONS, you have successfully created our example LD program.



If errors are detected during the compilation process, just click on the "CONTINUE" button to review the error messages. Return to the Project Editor and correct the errors as outlined in the error message window.

## 2.4.2: Simulating the LD Project

A powerful program-debugging feature of the ISaGRAF software is the ability to "SIMULATE" the program you have developed before loading it into the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC system.

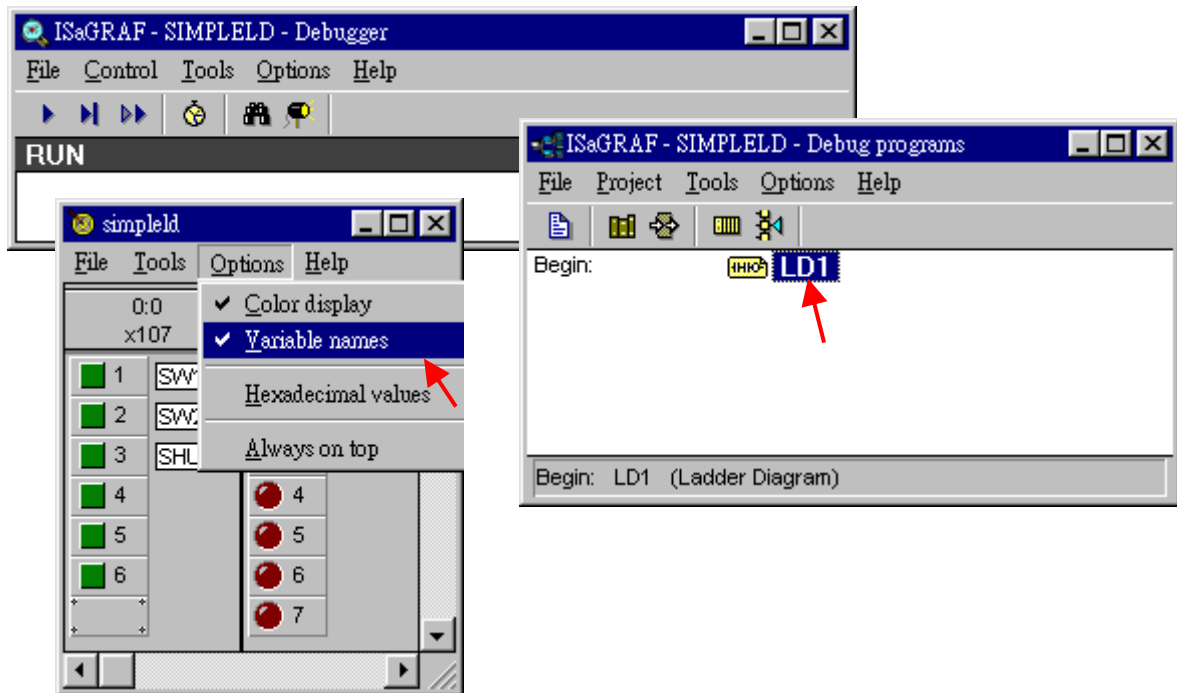
After successfully compiling the example LD program, click the "SIMULATE" icon as shown below.



When you click the "Simulate" icon three windows will appear. The windows are the "ISaGRAF Debugger", the "ISaGRAF Debug Programs", and the "I/O Simulator" windows.

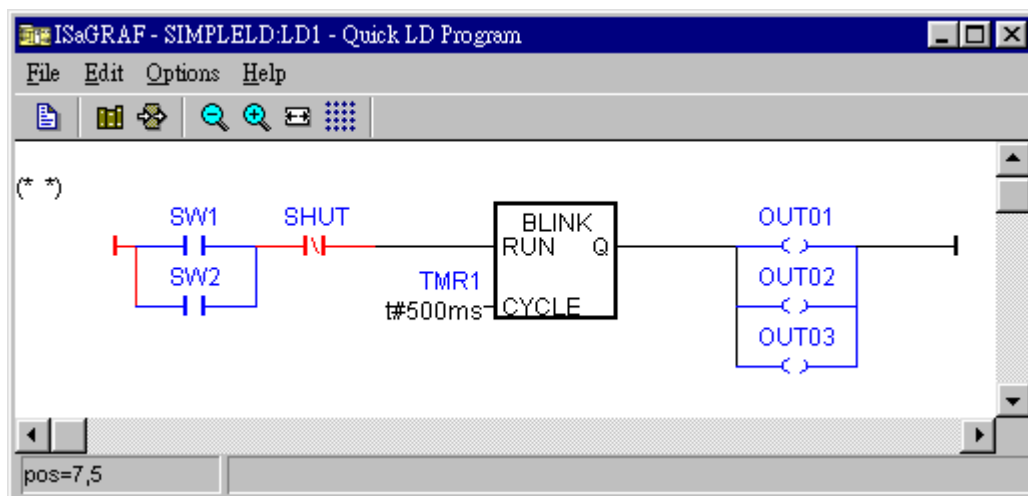
If the I/O variable names you have created DO NOT appear in the I/O simulator window, just click the [Options] > [Variable Names] and the variable names you have created will now appear next to each of the I/O in the simulator window.

In the "ISaGRAF Debug Program" window, double click "LD1" where the cursor below is positioned. This will open up the ISaGRAF "Quick LD Program" window and you can see the LD program you have created.



### 2.4.3: Running the Simulation Program:

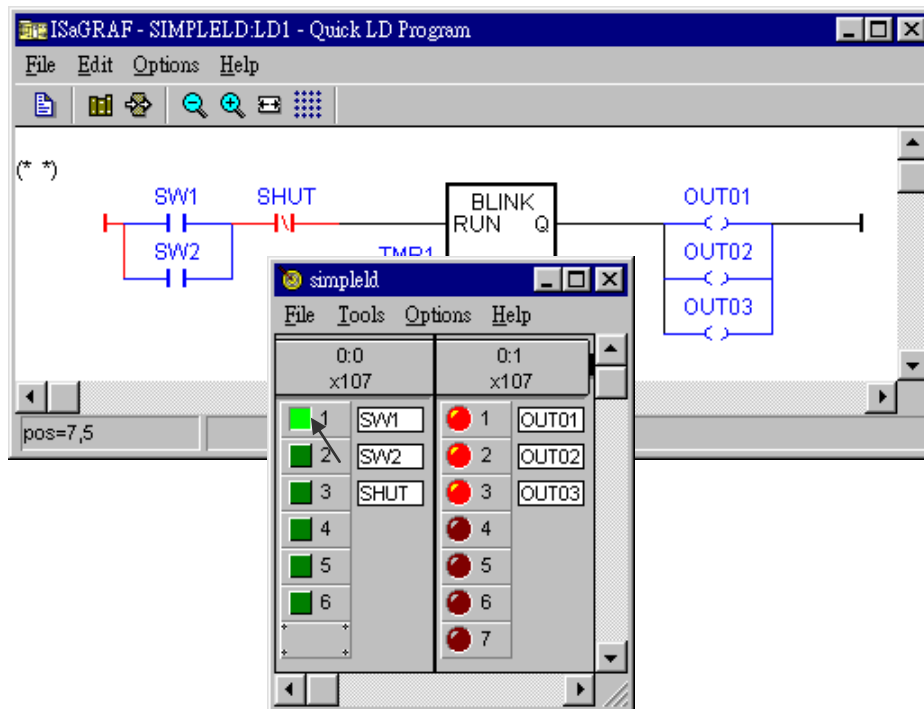
When you double click on "LD1" in the "ISaGRAF Debug Programs" window, the follow window should appear.



### Important Tip

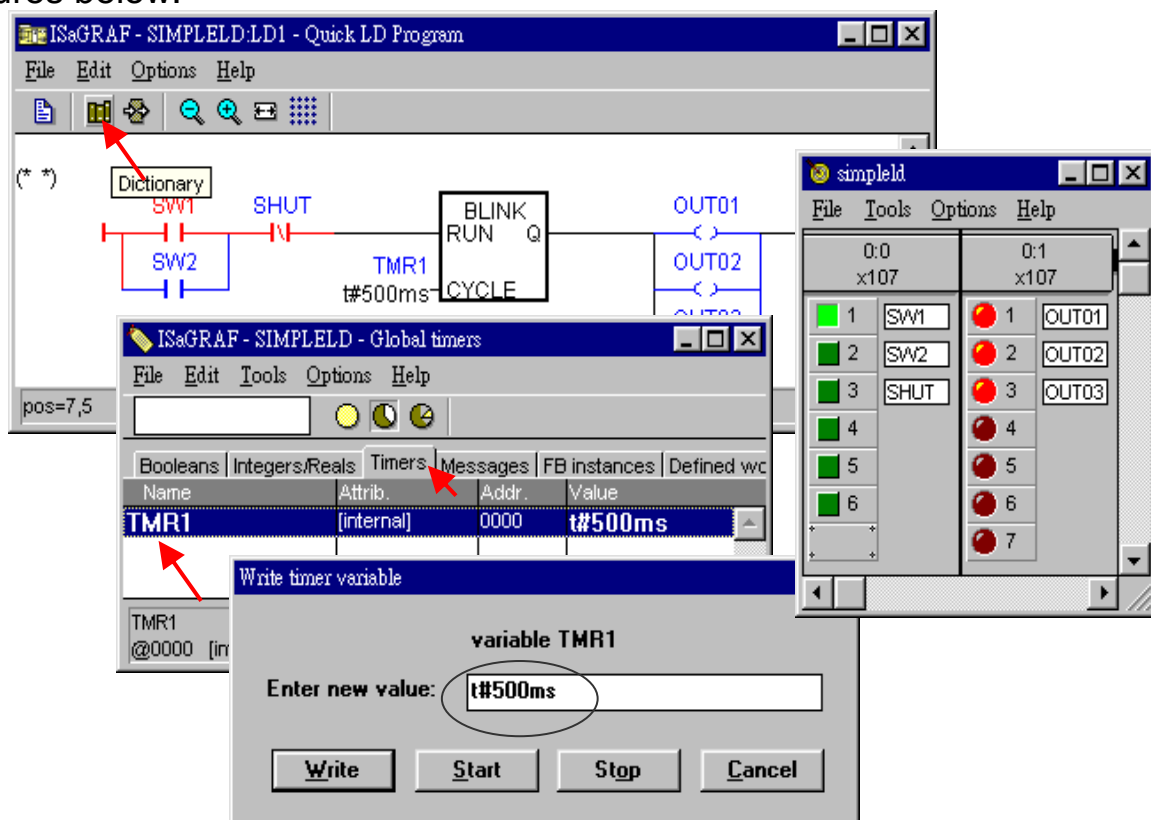
Note the colors of the I/O in the example above. "SW1" and "SW2" are normal open switches that have not been energized so their color is blue. The "SHUT" is a normal close switch and its color is red because it is energized.

Please watch the LD example program run in the simulator window. Click either the "SW1" or "SW2" button in the "I/O Simulator" window.



In this example, if push "SW1" to ON, the logic (power flow) become true for the LD program. When either "SW1" or "SW2" is ON (the green button 1 or 2 are pushed), and the "SHUT" button is OFF (button 3), this creates a true state for the logic to flow through the LD circuit. So "OUT01", "OUT02", and "OUT03" will become blinking (turn on and off in one- second intervals as defined by the "TMR1" variable). When you push "SHUT" to ON, the blinking stop.

You can adjust the "TMR1" variable while the program is running. To accomplish this, click on the "Dictionary" icon in the "ISaGRAF Quick LD Program" window which will open the "ISaGRAF Global Variables" window as shown in the first two pictures below.



When the "ISaGRAF Global Variables" window opens, click on the "Timers" tab, and then double click on the "TMR1" name, this will open the "Write Timer Variable" window. Change the "Enter New Value:" from "t#1s" to "t#500ms" and click "Write" button.

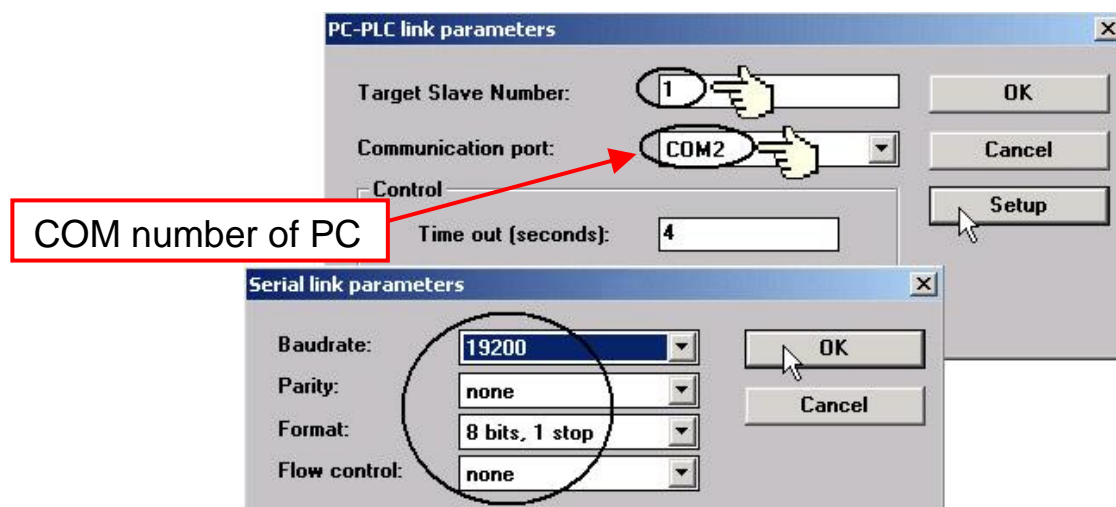
Now when you click on either "SW1" or "SW2" button in the I/O simulator the outputs will be turned on and off every 500 milliseconds (1/2 second) versus the previous setting of every 1-second.

## 2.5 Step 5 – Download & Debug The Example Project

The last step required to run the LD example program on the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC systems is to download the project to the controller (frequently referred to as the "Target" platform). Before this download can be accomplished you must first establish communications between your development PC and the I-7188EG/XG and  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller.



To begin this process, click on the "Link Setup" icon in the "ISaGRAF Programs" window. When you click on the "Link Setup" icon, the following window will appear.



The "Target Slave Number" is the NET-ID address for the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller. Default NET-ID is 1. If you have more than one

controller in the same RS-485 network, you have to change the NET-ID to be unique in that system. To change the NET-ID, please refer to [Section 3.4](#).

The "Communication Port" is the serial port connection on your development PC, and this is normally either COM1 or COM2.

The communication parameters for the target controller **MUST** be set to the same serial communication parameters for the development PC.

For I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controllers (serial port communications), the default parameters for COM1 port are:

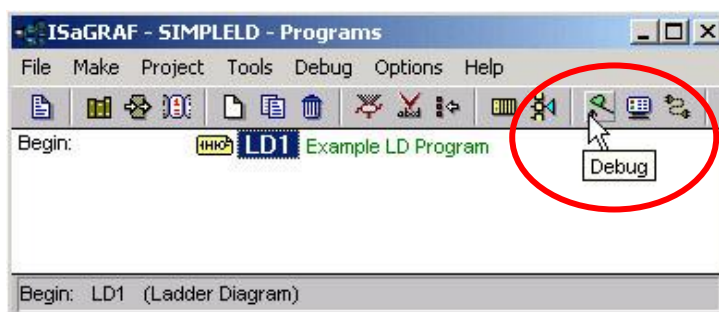
Baud rate:	19200
Parity:	none
Format:	8 bits, 1 stop
Flow control:	none

### Important Note:

It may be necessary to change the COM port settings for the development PC. Depending on which computer operating system you are using, you will need to make sure that the COM port can properly communicate to the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system.

### 2.5.1: Downloading the Example LD Project

Before you download the LD project to the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system, you must first verify that your development PC and the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC system are communicating with each other. To verify proper communication, click on the "Debug" icon in the "ISaGRAF Programs" window as shown below.



If the PC and the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system are communicating properly with each other, the following window displayed below will appear (or if a program is already loaded in the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system, the name of the project will be displayed with the word "Active" following it).

If the message in the "ISaGRAF Debugger" says "Disconnected", it means that the development PC and the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system have not established communications with each other.

The most common causes for this problem is either the serial port cable not being properly configured, or the development PC's serial port communications DO NOT match that of the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system.

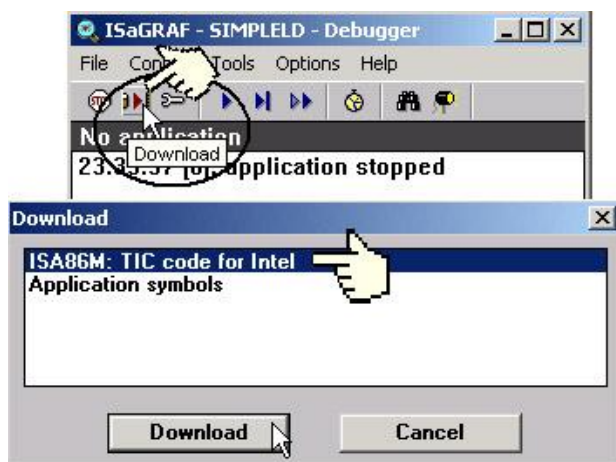
You may have to either change the serial port communication settings for the development PC (which may require changing a BIOS setting) or change the "Serial Link Parameters" in the ISaGRAF program.



If there is a program already loaded in the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system you will need to stop that program before you can download the example LD program. Click "STOP" icon as illustrated above to halt any applications that may be running.

### **Starting the Download Process:**

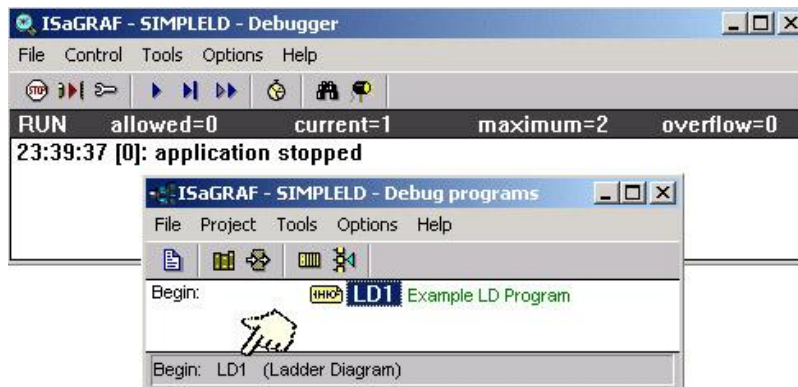
Click "Download" icon in the "ISaGRAF Debugger" window, then click on "ISA86M: TIC Code For Intel" from the "Download" window as shown below. Then click "Download" button.



The example LD program will now start downloading to the I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller system. A progress bar will appear in the "ISaGRAF Debugger" window showing the program downloading progress.



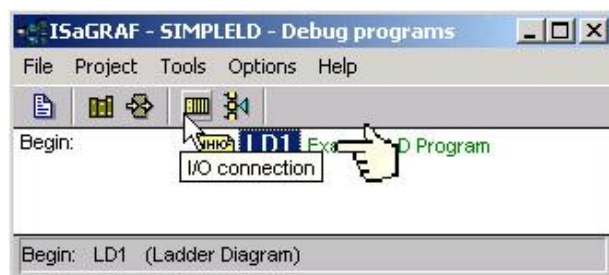
When the example LD program has successfully completed the download process to the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC system, the following two windows will appear.



### **Running The Example LD Program:**

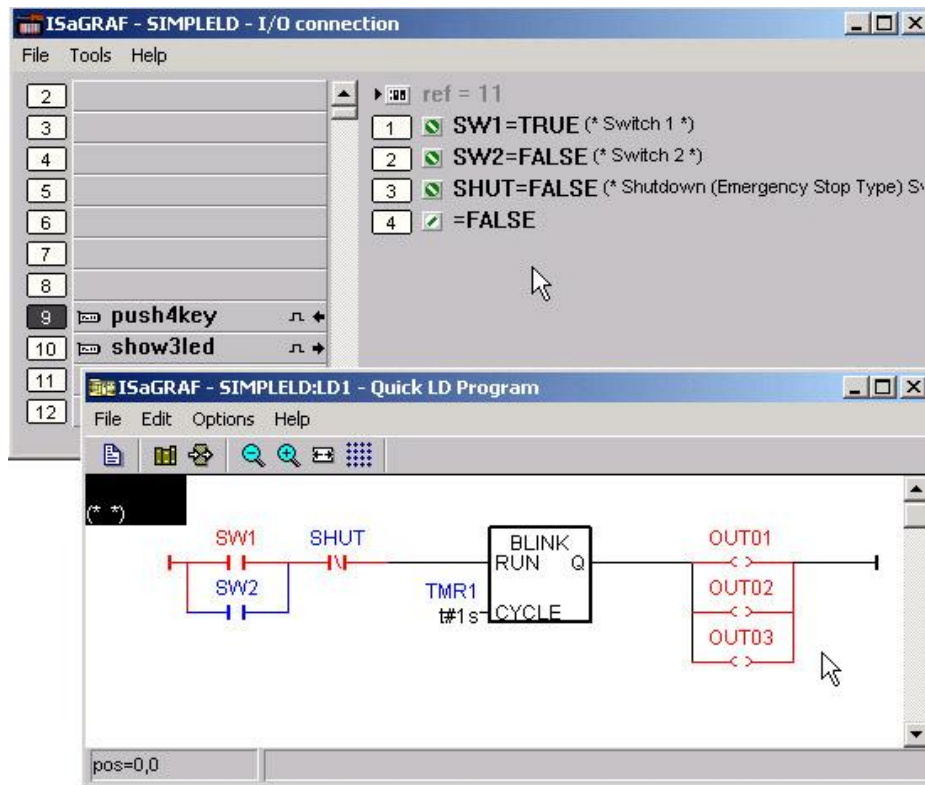
You can observe the real time I/O status from several ISaGRAF windows while you are running the example LD program.

One of the windows is the "I/O Connections" window, which shows each of the inputs and outputs as assigned. Click "I/O Connections" icon in the ISaGRAF Debugger window to open the "I/O Connections" screen.



Another VERY helpful window you can open is the "Quick LD Program" window. From this window you can observe the LD program being executed in real time.

In the window below, the "SW1" switch is pressed which is creating a true logic state for the outputs to be turned on and off (blinking) at one second interval. The "Quick LD Program" window shows the entire ladder logic program in REAL TIME and is an excellent diagnostic tool for development and troubleshooting.



Though there are numerous steps involved in creating and downloading an ISaGRAF program, each step is quick and easy to accomplish, and the end result is a powerful and flexible control development environment for the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC systems.

### **Practice, Practice, Practice!**

Now you have successfully created and ran your first ISaGRAF program with the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC system, you should practice creating more elaborate and powerful programs. Like any other computer development environment, practice and experimentation is the key to understanding and success, GOOD LUCK!

**Note:** Please refer to “User’s Manual Of ISaGRAF PACs” or CD of \napdos\isagraf\8000\english\_manu\ "user\_manual\_i\_8xx7.pdf" for detailed English User’s Manual.

## 2.6 ISaGRAF Demo Programs List

### 2.6.1: Demo Programs List I-7188EG/XG & $\mu$ PAC-7186EG

I-8000 CD-ROM: \napdos\isagraf\7188eg\demo or  
<ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/isagraf/7188eg/demo/>

Project Name	Description	I/O Boards Or Complex Equipment Used
<a href="#">Demo_01</a>	Receive message and echo back to COM2 or COM3	X503 / 4 / 5 / 6
<a href="#">Demo_02</a>	Write one string to COM5 & COM6 for X503	X503
<a href="#">Demo_03</a>	Receive message and echo back to COM6 or COM7 (Access to variables as array)	X503
<a href="#">Demo_04</a>	Convert I-7000 and insert X-board to I-7188EG	Bus7000b X107
<a href="#">Demo_05</a>	Timer Control, TP, TON, TOF	X304
<a href="#">Demo_06</a>	Show a value to S-MMI, VAL10LED	X304
<a href="#">Demo_07</a>	Control X107 & I-7060D Relay IO	Bus7000b X107
<a href="#">Demo_08</a>	Receive message and echo back to COM3 and control DO for X507 / 8 / 9.	X507 / 8 / 9
<a href="#">Demo_09</a>	Using S-MMI and Timer to control tStart, tStop, Reset to 0.	
<a href="#">Demo_10</a>	Using S-MMI	X107
<a href="#">Demo_11</a>	Link to other Modbus RTU devices	mbus
<a href="#">Demo_12</a>	Convert I-7000 and display Analog Input value to S-MMI for training box	Bus7000b
<a href="#">Demo_13</a>	Convert I-7000 and display Analog Input value to S-MMI for training box	Bus7000b
<a href="#">Demo_18</a>	PID control. PID_AL can not be simulated in PC, please download to controller.	
<a href="#">Demo_21</a>	Write one string to COM3 & COM4	Xbi8 (Virtual D/I) X50x
<a href="#">Demo_22</a>	Receive message and echo back to COM3 or COM4	X50x
<a href="#">Demo_23</a>	Receive a user defined protocol from PC	X50x
<a href="#">Demo_35a</a>	Time Synchronization : 35A (used with demo 35B) Update Date & Time at this controller will synchronize date & time at 35B	Fbus_m
<a href="#">Demo_35b</a>	Time Synchronization : 35B(used with demo 35A)	Fbus_s
<a href="#">Demo_36</a>	Get driver version of I-7188EG	
<a href="#">Demo_41</a>	Record Alarm (text) to X607/X608 & PC can load it by "ICPDAS UDloader"	X607 / 608 Xbi8 (Virtual D/I) Xbo8 (Virtual D/O)
<a href="#">Demo_43</a>	SMS demo, Please declare your own phone No. in the dictionary, message type	SMS
<a href="#">Demo_43a</a>	Similar to demo_43, but it can send message to 2 or more mobile phones.	SMS
<a href="#">Demo_44</a>	Demo of PC to download data to the X607/X608	X607/ 608

Project Name	Description	I/O Boards Or Complex Equipment Used
		Xbo8 (Virtual D/O)
<a href="#">Demo_50</a>	PWM I/O demo. (Pulse Width Modulation)	X107
<a href="#">Demo_48a</a>	Redundant: I-7188XG redundant Master	Bus7000b Ebus_m
<a href="#">Demo_48b</a>	Redundant: I-7188XG redundant slave	Bus7000b Ebus_s
<a href="#">Demo_51a</a>	Redundant: I-7188EG redundant Master	Bus7000b Ebus_m
<a href="#">Demo_51b</a>	Redundant: I-7188EG redundant slave	Bus7000b Ebus_s
<a href="#">Demo_61</a>	DI counters using DI_CNT, I-7188 + X107 Do something when DI signal happens	X107
<a href="#">Demo_70</a>	Sending String to COM2/COM3 When Alarm 1 to 8 happens (Access variables as array)	

#### NOTE:

Demo\_18 uses PID\_AL which is provided by CJ International for evaluation.  
Please refer to:

“[ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/isagraf/8000/english\\_manu/pid\\_al.complex\\_pid\\_algorithm\\_implementation.pdf](ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/isagraf/8000/english_manu/pid_al.complex_pid_algorithm_implementation.pdf)”.

### 2.6.2: PC's Visual Basic Demo Programs List

1. VB.net 2005 using Modbus TCP/IP to control ISaGRAF Controllers.  
Please refer to website: FAQ-Software-ISaGRAF-[051](#)  
<http://www.icpdas.com/faq/isagraf/051.htm>
2. VB 6.0 using Modbus TCP/IP to control ISaGRAF Controllers.  
Please refer to website: FAQ-Software-ISaGRAF-[052](#)  
<http://www.icpdas.com/faq/isagraf/052.htm>

## Chapter 3 : Hardware System & Setting

### Note:

For detail information please refer to “User’s Manual of ISaGRAF PACs” or CD of \napdos\isagraf\8000\english\_manu\ "user\_manual\_i\_8xx7.pdf" or [http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf\\_download\\_list.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf_download_list.htm)

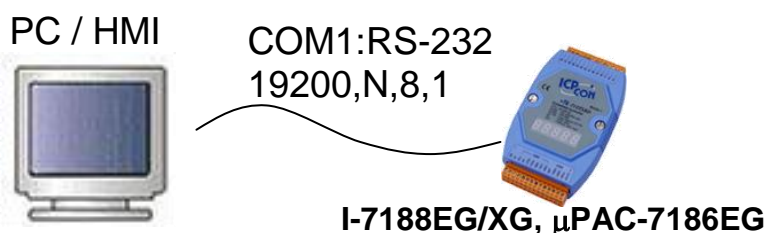
### 3.1 Connect Your PC To COM1 Port

The COM1 port of the I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG is a Modbus Slave port which can talk with HMI software or for the ISaGRAF workbench to download the ISaGRAF project.

COM1 of the I-7188EG/ $\mu$ PAC-7186EG is a pure RS-232 port, while COM1 of the I-7188XG can be used as either a RS-232 or a RS-485 port.

#### COM1: RS-232:

One PC/HMI can only link to COM1:RS-232 port of **one** I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG.



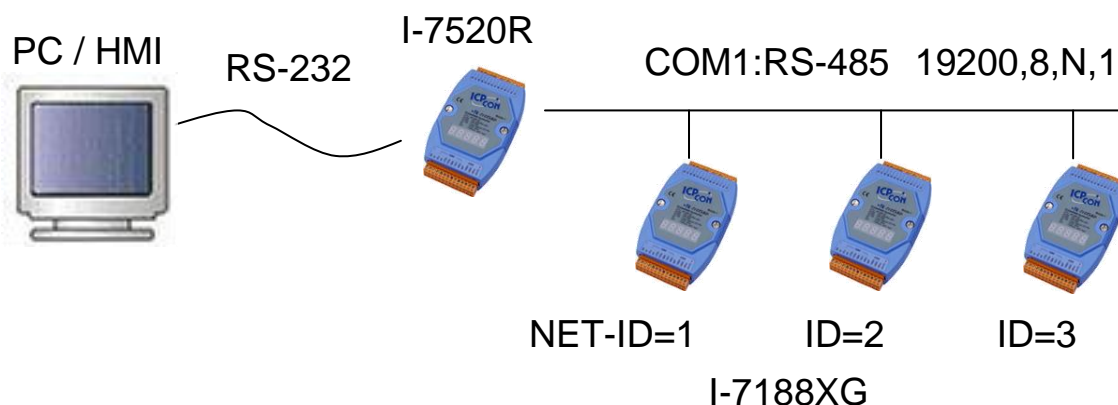
#### COM1: RS-232 Pin Assignments

PC	I-7188EG/XG & $\mu$ PAC-7186EG
9-Pin D-Sub	COM1
RXD 2	TXD
TXD 3	RXD
GND 5	GND
	DTR 4
	DSR 6
	RTS 7
	CTS 8

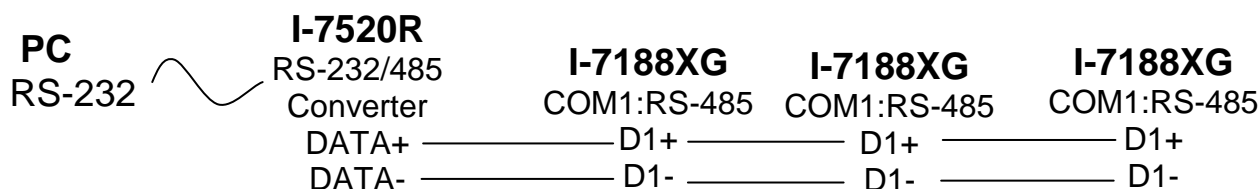
For the ISaGRAF Workbench RS-232 communications to operate properly, only the RXD, TXD, and the GND signals are used. If your PC is running a hardware device or software program that uses the CTS and DSR signals, and you will need to wire the RTS-CTS and DTR-DSR signals together as the figure shown.

## COM1: RS-485:

One PC or HMI can link through COM1:RS-485 port to **MANY** I-7188XG if each of them on the same RS-485 network has a unique NET-ID.



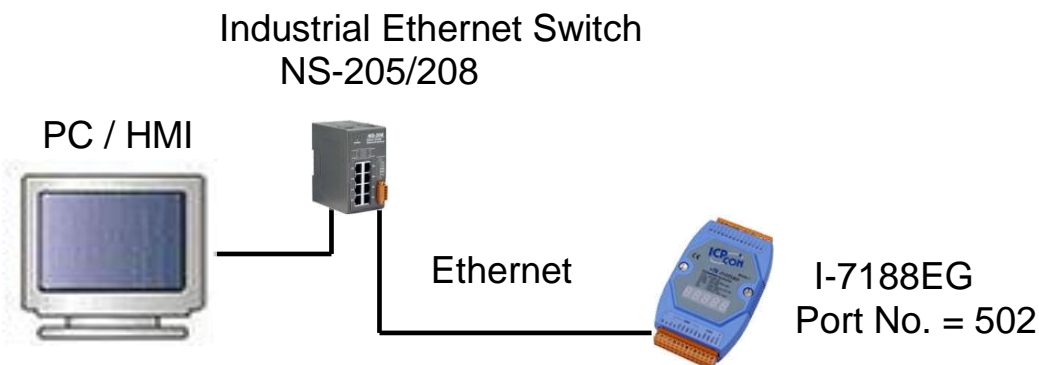
## 7188XG's COM1:RS-485 Pin Assignments



**Note:** Please make sure each I-7188XG on the same RS-485 network has different NET-ID. Refer to Section 3.4 to set the NET-ID.

## 3.2 Connect Your PC To Ethernet Port

The Ethernet port of the I-7188EG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller provides Modbus TCP/IP Slave protocol. It can be used to connect to the PC or HMI software. Up to **6** PC/HMI can talk to one **7186EG** (4 to 7188EG) at the same time through the Ethernet port.



Before you can download an ISaGRAF application to the 7188EG/7186EG PAC using the Ethernet port, you must first setup the Ethernet port to properly communicate with the host PC.

## At the I-7188EG & $\mu$ PAC-7186EG:

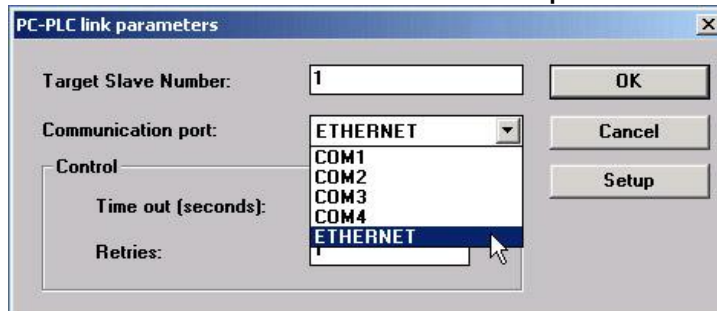
[Set IP, Mask and Gateway address. Refer to the Section 3.8.](#)

## At your PC:

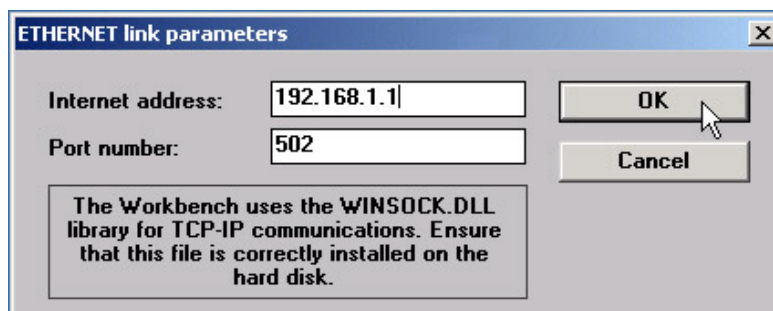
First open an ISaGRAF project and select a program you wish to communicate between your PC and the 7188EG/7186EG PAC system. Next, click on "Link Setup" button in the project screen as shown below.



A "PC-PLC Link Parameters" dialog box will appear as shown below. Select the "Ethernet" communications option and click on "Setup" button.



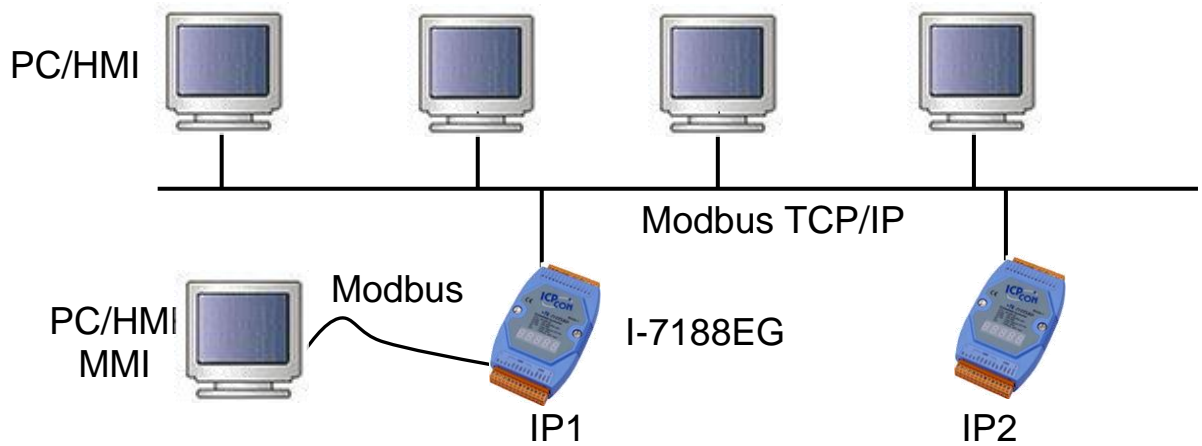
Then, an "Ethernet Link Parameters" dialog box will appear. Set the "Port Number" to "502" and enter the Internet address (IP) of your 7188EG/7186EG controller.



Once you have entered the appropriate information, click on "OK" button, and now you have configured your PC to communicate with the 7188EG/7186EG through the Ethernet port.

## Multi-Clients Connection to I-7188EG & $\mu$ PAC-7186EG

Each 7188EG/7186EG has an IP address and with a fixed Ethernet port No. 502. Up to **6** PCs can link to one **7186EG** (4 PCs to 7188EG) throughout Ethernet (Modbus TCP/IP protocol). Another PC or MMI can link to COM1: RS-232 port (Modbus protocol). Therefore the maximum number of clients can be linked is 7 (5 for 7188EG).



### 3.3 How to Update Hardware Driver

Our newly released driver can be obtained from the below website.  
<http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf.htm>

**Steps:** \*\*\* We use version 2.14 of 7188EG's driver as an example to show how to know the current driver version and how to upgrade the new driver.

1. Create a file folder named "7188" (or "7186") in your hard drive. For example: "c:\7188".

2. Copy the following listed files under  
 \Napdos\ISaGRAF\7188eg\Driver\2.14\ from CD  
 or download the I-7188EG version 2.14 zip file from website of  
<http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf-link.htm>  
 into your "7188" folder.

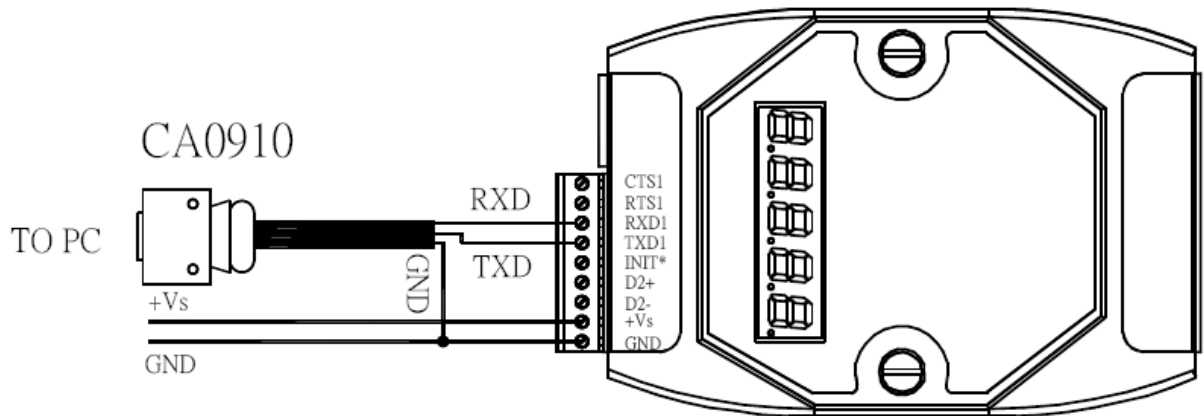
(If you download zip file from web please extract the file.)

1. 7188xw.exe
2. 7188xw.f4
3. 7188xw.ini
4. autoexec.bat
5. e-060915.img (e-060915.img for 7188EG Ver.2.14  
 xb060614.img for 7188XG Ver.2.12  
 86-080429.img for 7186EG Ver.1.02)
6. isa7188e.exe (isa7188e.exe for 7188EG  
 isa7188.exe for 7188XG  
 isa7186e.exe for 7186EG)

Future version may not use the same img file.

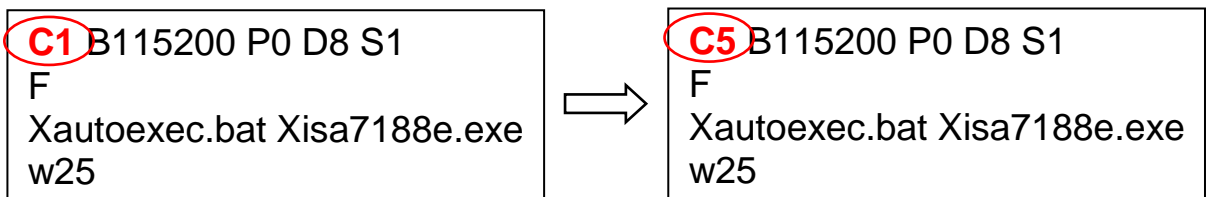
3. Run "\7188\7188xw.exe" in your hard drive. A "7188xw" screen will appear (Press F1 if need help).

4. Link COM1 or COM2 of your PC to COM1 of the controller through a RS-232 cable.



If your computer has no COM1/COM2 or you use other COM (like COM5) to link the I-7188, you can change the "C number" in the first line of "7188xw.ini" file.

EX: Using computer's COM5 to link to I-7188



5. Power off I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG, connect pin "INIT" to "GND" and then power it up.
6. If the connection is OK, " > " messages will appear on the screen.
7. Type "ver" to see the current OS version & date.  
> ver
8. Type "isa7188e \*p=" to see the current driver version No. and setting of the controller.  
 $\mu$ PAC-7186EG :      isa7186e \*p=  
 I-7188EG :        isa7188e \*p=  
 I-7188XG :        isa7188 \*p=

STEP 7

```
i7188E>ver

ICP_DAS MiniOS7 for I-7188E Ver. 2.01 build 001,Sep 15 2006 17:04:53
SRAM:512K, FLASH MEMORY:512K
[CPU=RDC 8820-D]
Serial number= 01 9E BE C8 0E 00 00 A3
```

STEP 8

```
i7188E>isa7188e *p=

Driver: I-7188EG : isa7188e.exe -2.14, Oct.25,2006
MiniOS7: Must use e-060915.img
Licence is OK
NED-ID : 3
COM1 is free
COM3 is Free
Use 'isa7188e *f=1' to free COM1, 'isa7188e *f=0' to set COM1 as Modb
```

```

Use 'isa7188e *s=1 to 255' to set NET-ID to 1 to 255
Use 'isa7188e *d=' to delete ISaGRAF program
Use 'isa7188e *b=0 to 9' to set baudrate of COM1 as 1200,2400...

Use 'isa7188 *x=0 ~ 9' to set COM3 as Modbus RTU, 'isa7188 *x=f' to free COM3
(C)Copyright:ICP DAS CO., LTD.      Taiwan Id:84517297_

```

## Upgrade ISaGRAF embedded driver:

9. Power off the PAC, connect pin "INIT" to "GND" and then power it up.
10. Press "F4" to auto download the following files and reboot system.  
"autoexec.bat", "isa7188e.exe", "e-060915.img"  
Wait about 60 SEC. to update ISaGRAF system.  
**\*⌚\* DO NOT REMOVE THE POWER IN THESE 60 SEC.\*\***
11. Type "dir" to make sure "autoexec.bat" and "isa7188e.exe" are well burned.  
> dir
12. Press ALT\_X to exit "7188xw".
13. Remove the connection between "INIT" - "GND", recycle the power of the controller.

STEP 10

```

i7188E>del /y
Total File number is 2, do you really want to delete(y/n)?

i7188E>LOAD
File will save to 8000:0000
StartAddr-->7000:FFFF
Press ALT_E to download file!
Load file:autoexec.bat[crc=8116,0000]
Send file info. total 1 blocks
Block 1
Transfer time is: 0.047000 seconds

```

**\*⌚\* DO NOT REMOVE THE POWER IN THESE 60 SEC.\*\***

STEP 11

```

MiniOs7 for 7188E Ver 2.01.001, date=09/15/2006
Checking CRC-16...OK.
Update the OS code. Please wait the message <<Write Finished>>
Erase Flash [F000]
Write Flash
[FF]
<<Write Finished>>OK
Wait WDT reset system...
ICP_DAS MiniOS7 for I-7188E Ver. 2.01 build 001,Sep 15 2006 17:04:53
SRAM:512K, FLASH MEMORY:512K
[CPU=RDC 8820-D]
Serial number= 01 9E BE C8 0E 00 00 A3

i7188E>dir

0)autoexec.bat 09/16/2005 23:10:08      15[0000F]8002:0000-8002:000F
1)isa7188e.exe 10/26/2006 15:02:21 177349[2B4C5]8004:000F-AB51:0004
Total File number is 2 Free space=281292 bytes
i7188E>_

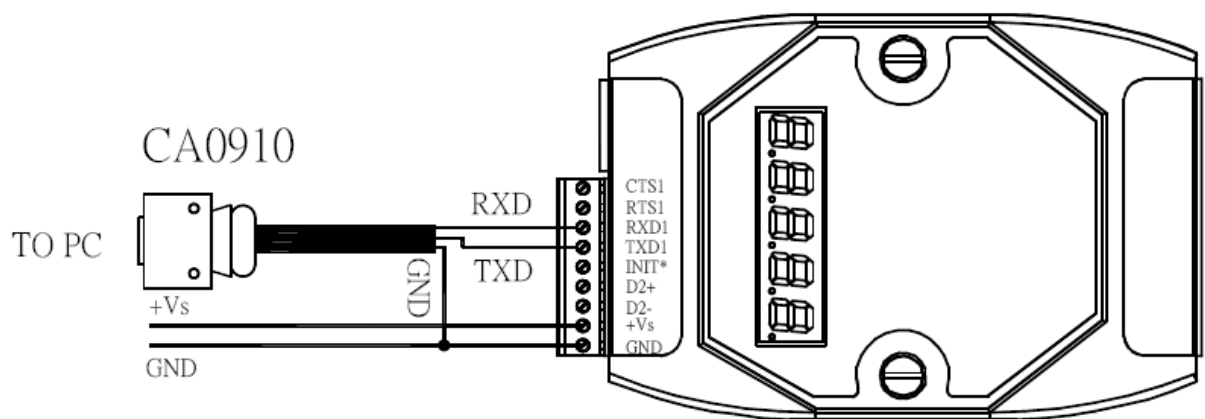
```

### 3.4 Set NET-ID For Controller System

Each I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG has a NET-ID Number. The valid Number is from 1 to 255. The default No. is 1. Net-ID must be unique in the same RS-485 network. To change the NET-ID No., please follow below steps.

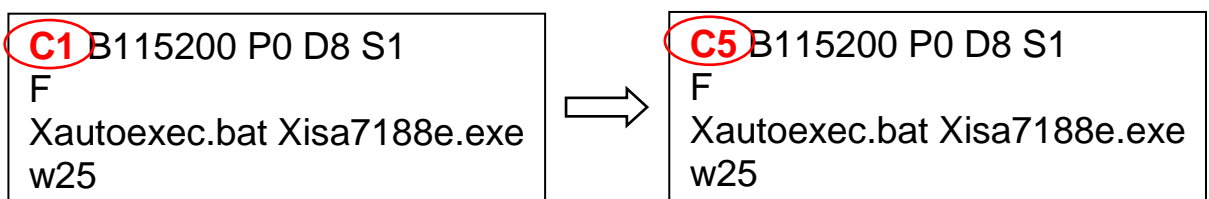
#### Steps to Set NET-ID No.:

1. Create a file folder named "7188"(or "7186") in your hard drive. For example: "c:\7188".
2. Copy \Napdos\ISaGRAF\7188EG\Driver\2.xx\7188xw.exe, 7188xw.ini from the CD\_ROM into your "7188" folder.
3. Run "\"7188\7188xw.exe" (For Windows NT, Windows 2000 & Windows XP)
4. Link from COM1 of your PC to COM1 of the I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG/XG by a RS-232 cable.



If your computer has no COM1/COM2 or you use other COM (like COM5) to link the 7188/7186, you can change the "C number" in the first line of "7188xw.ini" file.

EX: Using computer's COM5 to link to I-7188



5. Power off the 7188/7186, connect pin "INIT\*" to "GND", then power it up.
6. If the connection is OK, "7188x" messages will appear on the 7188xw screen.
7. For **I-7188XG** : set the NET-ID type " isa7188 \*s= "

Ex1: > isa7188 \*s=2

For **I-7188EG**: set the NET-ID Type " isa7188e \*s= "

Ex2: > isa7188e \*s=3

for **μPAC-7186EG**: set the NET-ID type " isa7186e \*s= "

Ex3: > isa7186e \*s=2

8. Remove the connection between "INIT\*" and "GND". Recycle the power.

EX2:

```
7188x for WIN32 version 1.30 (2005/11/29)[By ICPDAS. Tim Tsai.]
[Begin Key Thread...]Current set: Use COM1 115200,N,8,1
AutoRun:
Autodownload files: autoexec.bat isa7188e.exe
Current work directory="C:\7188"
original baudrate = 115200!
now baudrate = 115200!

ICP_DAS MiniOS7 for I-7188E Ver. 2.01 build 001,Sep 15 2006 17:04:53
SRAM:512K, FLASH MEMORY:512K
[CPU=RDC 8820-D]
Serial number= 01 9E BE C8 0E 00 00 A3

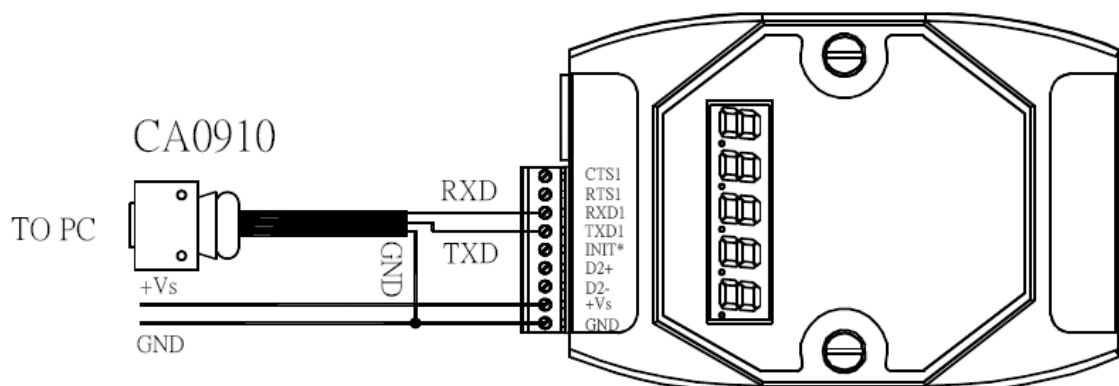
i7188E>isa7188e *s=3

Set Net-ID to 3
```

## 3.5 Set Baud Rate For COM1

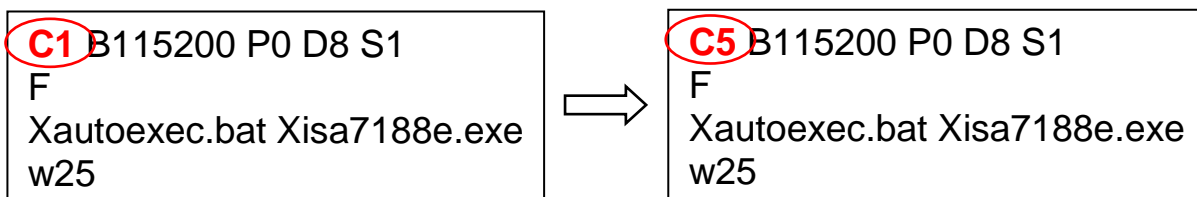
### Steps to Set Baud Rate for COM1: (Use 7188EG as an example)

1. Create a file folder named "7188" in your hard drive. E.g.: "c:\7188".
2. Copy \Napdos\ISaGRAF\7188EG\Driver\2.xx\7188xw.exe, 7188xw.ini from the CD\_ROM into your "7188" folder.
3. Run "\"7188\7188xw.exe" (For Windows NT, Windows 2000 & Windows XP)
4. Link from COM1 of your PC to COM1 of the I-7188EG/XG & μPAC-7186EG by a RS-232 cable.



If your computer has no COM1/COM2 or you use other COM (like COM5) to link the I-7188, you can change the “C number” in the first line of “7188xw.ini” file, ex: C1 change to C5.

EX: Using computer’s COM5 to link to I-7188



5. Power off the 7188, connect pin “INIT\*” to "GND" then power up.
6. If the connection is OK, “ > ” messages will appear on the screen.
7. Type "isa7188e \*b=n", Setting baud rate of COM1, n = 0~9

isa7188 \*b=n      (for I-7188XG)  
isa7188e \*b=n     (for I-7188EG)  
isa7186e \*b=n     (for μPAC-7186EG)

The “n” is for setting Baud rate of COM1, following is the settings:

1=2400,    2=4800,    3=9600,    4=19200,    5=38400,  
6=57600,    7=115200,    8=300,    9=600,    0=1200

8. Remove the connection between “INIT\*” and “GND”. Recycle the power.

```
(C)Copyright:ICP DAS CO. , LTD.      Taiwan Id:84517297
ICP_DAS MiniOS7 for I-7188E Ver. 2.01 build 001,Sep 15 200
SRAM:512K, FLASH MEMORY:512K
[CPU=RDC 8820-D]
Serial number= 01 9E BE C8 0E 00 00 A3

i7188E>isa7188e *b=4
```

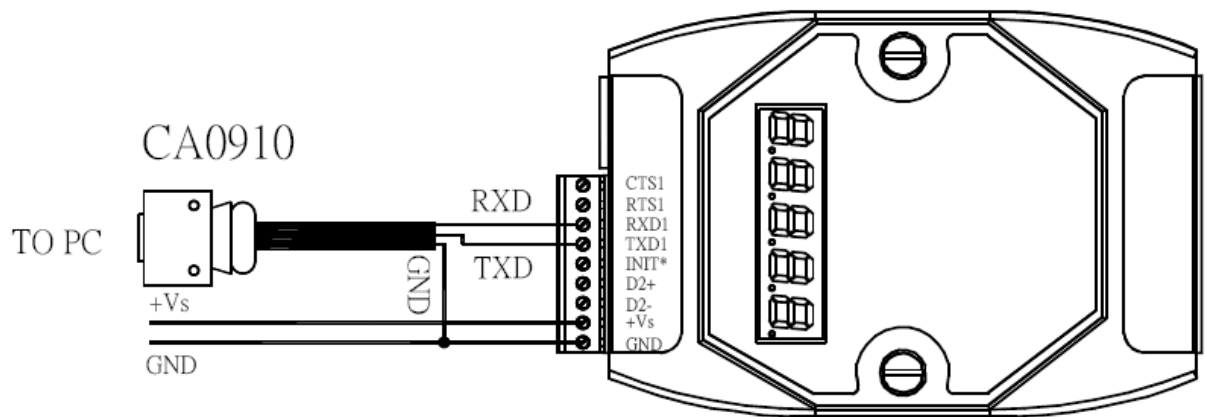
### 3.6 Set COM1 to Non-Modbus-Slave For I-7188EG/μPAC-7186EG

COM1 of the I-7188EG and μPAC-7186EG support Modbus RTU Slave protocol by default. User can free it to a Non-Modbus-Slave port for other usage. For example, user may write his own defined protocol on COM1 or use COM1 as a Modbus Master port.

**NOTE:** For **7188XG**, COM1 is for Modbus RTU Slave protocol **ONLY**, can't be free.

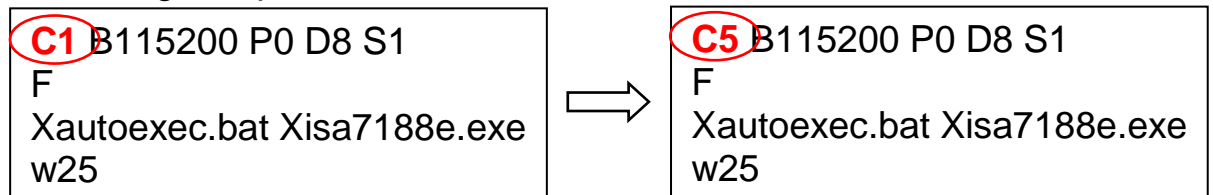
\*\*\* We use 7188EG's driver as an example.

- Steps:**
1. Create a folder named "7188" in your hard drive. For example: "c:\7188".
  2. Copy \Napdos\ISaGRAF\7188EG\Driver\7188xw.exe, 7188xw.ini, from the CD\_ROM into your "7188" folder.
  3. Run "\7188\7188xw.exe"
  4. Link from COM1 of your PC to COM1 of the 7188EG by a RS-232 cable.



If your computer has no COM1/COM2 or you use other COM (like COM5) to link the 7188/7186, you can change the "C number" in the first line of "7188xw.ini" file.

EX: Using computer's COM5 to link to I-7188



5. Power off 7188, connect pin "INIT\*" to "GND", then power up.
6. If the connection is OK, " > " messages will appear on the screen.
7. Type "isa7188e \*f=1" to free COM1 (free COM1 to Non-Modbus-Slave)
  - > isa7188e \*f=1 (for I-7188EG)
  - > isa7186e \*f=1 (for  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG)
8. Press ALT\_X to exit "7188xw", or COM1/COM2 of the PC will be occupied.
9. Remove the connection between "INIT" - "GND", recycle the power of the PAC.

```
i7188E>isa7188e *f=1

Com1 is free now
```

### Important Note:

If user wants to change COM1 back to a Modbus RTU Slave port again, follow the same steps as above & then type "isa7188e \*f=0" as below

Ex1: > isa7188e \*f=0 (for I-7188EG)

Ex2: > isa7186e \*f=0 (for  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG)

## 3.7 Set COM2 or COM3 as a Modbus RTU Slave Port

$\mu$ PAC-7186EG or I-7188EG/XG can install X5xx expansion board to have a COM3. COM2/COM3 of 7186/7188 supports one port for Modbus RTU Slave protocol by user define since the driver version :

v.1.02 (2008/5/7) of  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG

v.3.03 (2008/5/14) of I-7188EG & I-7188XG

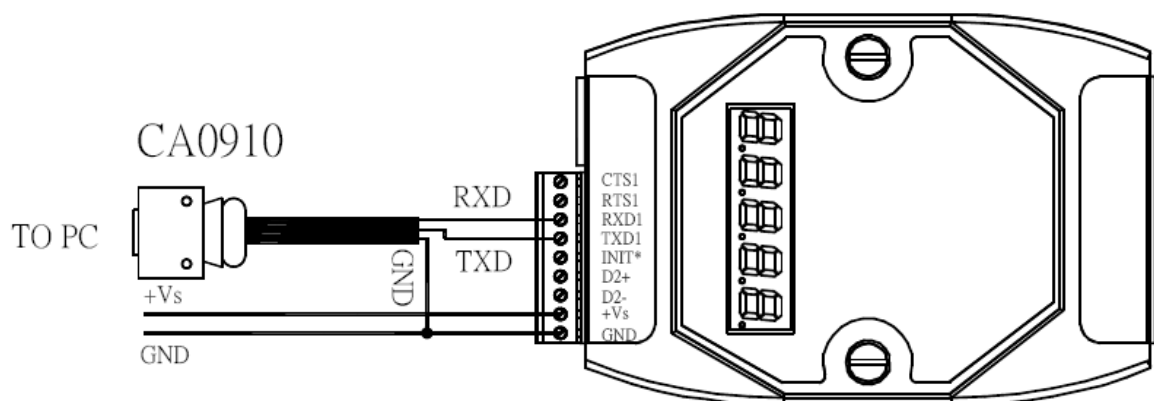
**Note:**  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG & I-7188EG/XG must install an X5xx expansion board for more COM ports.

Please visit the web-site to get the new version driver.

Web-site: <http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-8000/isagraf.htm>

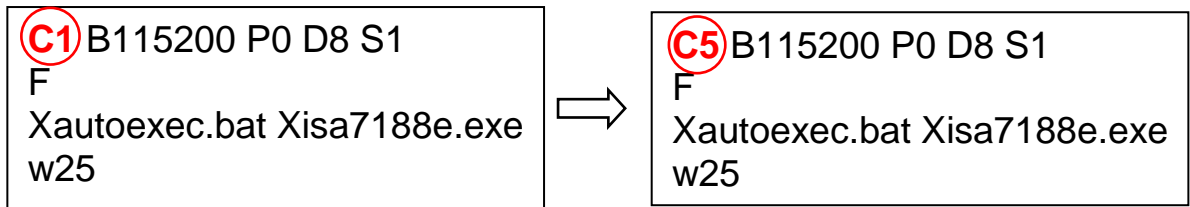
\*\*\*We use I-7188EG as an example:

- Steps:**
1. Create a folder named "7188" in your hard drive. For example: "c:\7188".
  2. Copy \Napdos\ISaGRAF\7188EG\Driver\7188xw.exe, 7188xw.ini from the CD\_ROM into your "7188" folder.
  3. Run "\7188\7188xw.exe" in your hard drive. A "7188xw" screen will appear.
  4. Link from COM1 or COM2 of your PC to COM1 of the 7188/7186 PAC by a RS-232 cable.



If your computer has no COM1/COM2 or you use other COM (like COM5) to link the 7188/7186, you must change the "C number" in the first line of "7188xw.ini" file.

EX: Using computer's COM5 to link to I-7188EG



5. Power off the 7188/7186 PAC, connect pin "INIT\*" to "GND", and then power it up.
6. If the connection is OK, ">" messages will appear on the 7188xw screen.
7. Type "isa7188e \*x=PB", to set COM2 or COM3 as a Modbus RTU Slave port. (COM2/COM3 default value is not Modbus RTU.)
  - 'P' means port number, P: 2 or 3.
  - 'B' means Baud rate, B: 0 ~ 9.

Set COM2 Baud rate and define it as a Modbus RTU, 'PB' = 20~29,  
Set COM3 Baud rate and define it as a Modbus RTU, 'PB' = 30~39,

isa7188 \*x=PB (for I-7188XG)  
isa7188e \*x=PB (for I-7188EG)  
isa7186e \*x=PB (for µPAC-7186EG)

The "B" is for setting Baud rate, following is the settings:

1=2400, 2=4800, 3=9600, 4=19200, 5=38400,  
6=57600, 7=115200, 8=300, 9=600, 0=1200

8. Type "isa7188e \*x=f" to free the COM2/COM3 of I-7188EG.

isa7188e \*x=f (for I-7188EG)  
isa7188 \*x=f (for I-7188XG)  
isa7186e \*x=f (for µPAC-7186EG)

9. Press ALT\_X to exit "7188xw" and close the DOS SHELL, or COM1/COM2 of the PC will be occupied.
10. Remove the connection between "INIT\*" - "GND", reset the I-7188EG controller.

EX:

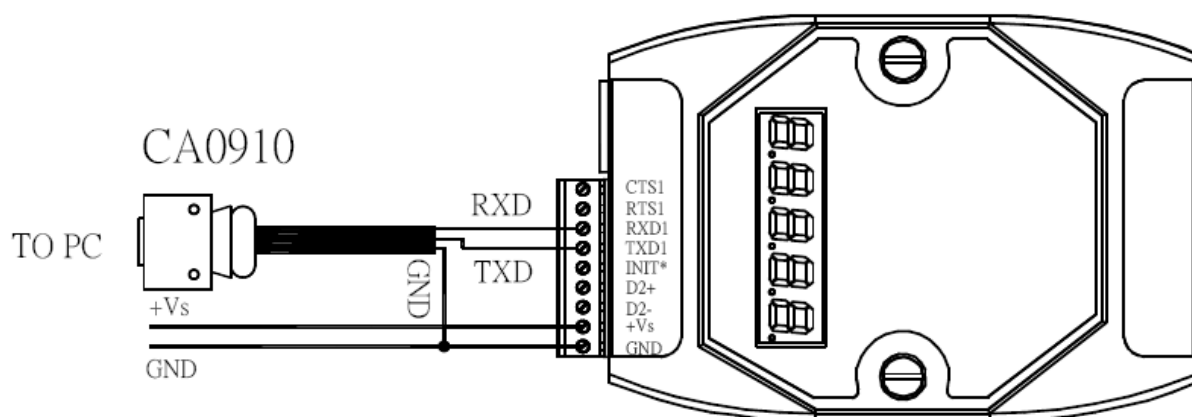
i7188E>isa7188e *x=24  Com2 is defined as Modbus RTU	i7188E>isa7188e *x=f  COM2/COM3 port is not as Modbus Slave port
--	--

### 3.8 Set IP & MASK & Gateway For I-7188EG & μPAC-7186EG

\*\*\* We use 7188EG's driver as an example.

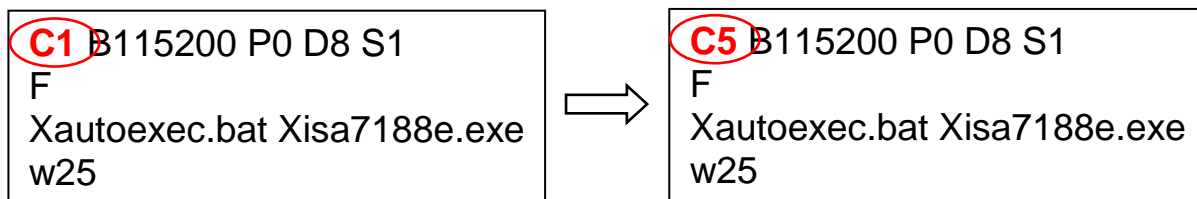
#### Steps:

1. Create a folder named "7188" in your hard drive. For example: "c:\7188".
2. Copy \Napdos\ISaGRAF\7188EG\Driver\7188xw.exe, 7188xw.ini, from the CD\_ROM into your "7188" folder.
3. Run "\7188\7188xw.exe"
4. Link from COM1 of your PC to COM1 of the I-7188EG by a RS-232 cable.



If your computer has no COM1/COM2 or you use other COM (like COM5) to link the I-7188, you can change the "C number" in the first line of "7188xw.ini" file.

EX: Using computer's COM5 to link to I-7188



5. Power off the I-7188EG/μPAC-7186EG, connect pin "INIT\*" to "GND", then power it up.
6. If the connection is OK, ">" messages will appear on the 7188xw screen.
7. Type "ip" to see the current IP address of the I-7188EG
8. Type "ip xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx" to set a new IP address.  
Ex: > ip 192.168.1.200
9. Type "mask" to see the current address mask of the I-7188EG.

10. Type "mask xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx" to set a new address mask.  
Ex: > mask 255.255.255.0
11. Type "gateway" to see the current gateway address.  
> gateway
12. Type "gateway xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx" to set a new gateway address.  
> gateway 192.168.1.1
13. Press ALT\_X to exit "7188xw", or COM1/COM2 of the PC will be occupied.
14. Remove the connection between "INIT" - "GND", recycle the power of the I-7188EG controller.

```
i7188E>ip
IP=192.168.255.1
i7188E>ip 192.168.1.200
Set IP=192.168.1.200
[ReadBack]IP=192.168.1.200
i7188E>mask
MASK=255.255.0.0
i7188E>mask 255.255.255.0
Set MASK=255.255.255.0
[ReadBack]MASK=255.255.255.0
i7188E>gateway
Gateway=192.168.0.1
i7188E>gateway 192.168.1.1
Set GATEWAY=192.168.1.1
[ReadBack]Gateway=192.168.1.1
i7188E>_
```

### 3.9 Delete An ISaGRAF Project From The PAC

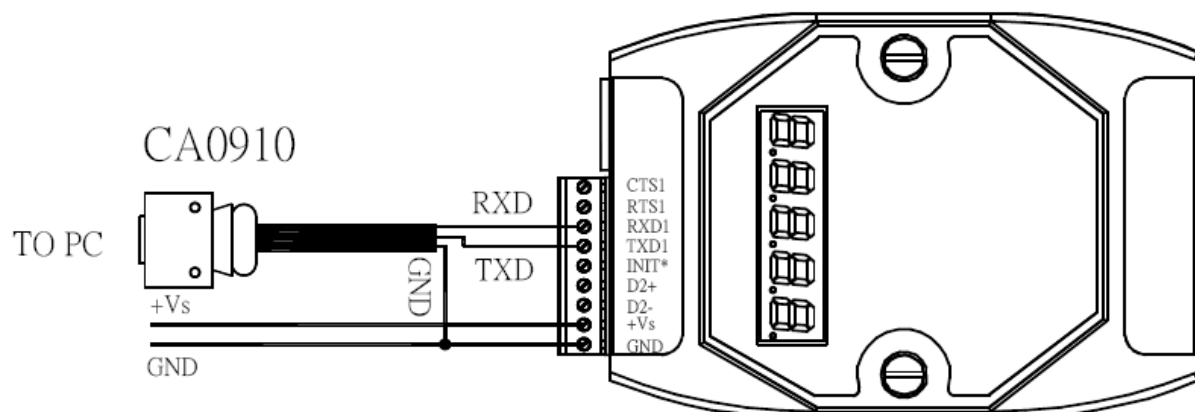
---

If one ISaGRAF project has been download to the 7188/7186 PAC. User may download a new ISaGRAF project to replace the old one by using ISaGRAF workbench. Or by some reasons, user may want to delete the ISaGRAF project from the 7188/7186 PAC.

#### Steps to Delete an ISaGRAF Project From PAC:

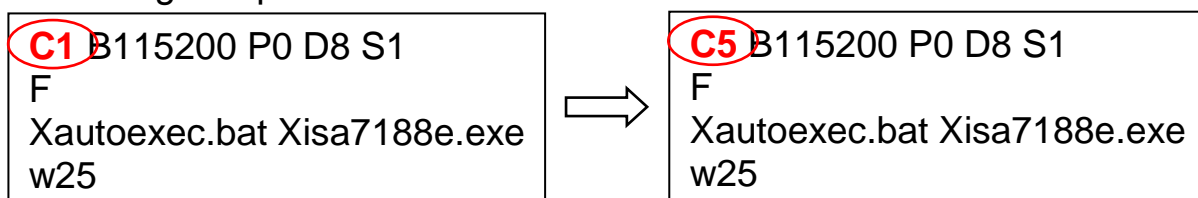
1. Create a folder named "7188" in your hard drive. For example: "c:\7188".
2. Copy \Napdos\ISaGRAF\7188EG\Driver\7188xw.exe, 7188xw.ini from the CD\_ROM into your "7188" folder.
3. Run "\7188\7188xw.exe" (For Windows NT, Windows 2000 & Windows XP)

- Link from COM1 of your PC to COM1 of the 7188/7186 PAC by a RS-232 cable.



If your computer has no COM1/COM2 or you use other COM (like COM5) to link the I-7188, you can change the “C number” in the first line of “7188xw.ini” file.

EX: Using computer’s COM5 to link to 7188/7186



- Power off the 7188/7186, connect pin “INIT\*” to “GND”, then power it up.
- If the connection is OK, messages will appear on the 7188xw screen.
- For **I-7188XG** : to delete project type “isa7188 \*d=”  
Ex1: > isa7188 \*d=  
For **I-7188EG** : to delete project type “isa7188e \*d=”  
Ex2: > isa7188e \*d=  
For **μPAC-7186EG** : to delete project type “isa7186e \*d=”  
Ex3: > isa7186e \*d=
- Remove the connection between “INIT\*” and “GND” .

EX2:

```
i7188E>isa7188e *d=

ISaGRAF Project Deleted.
```

### 3.10 Set I-7000 and I-87K Remote I/O by DCON Utility

μPAC-7186EG can link up to 128 (I-7188EG/XG up to 64) pcs ICP DAS's remote I/O modules - "I-7000" and "I-87K" series remote I/O modules.

**Pre-set:** Before linking I-7000 and I-87K modules, user must use DCON Utility to pre-set each I-7000 and I-87K remote module to has a unique address (NET-ID) and the same Baud rate(included the PAC) in this 7188/7186 PAC system.

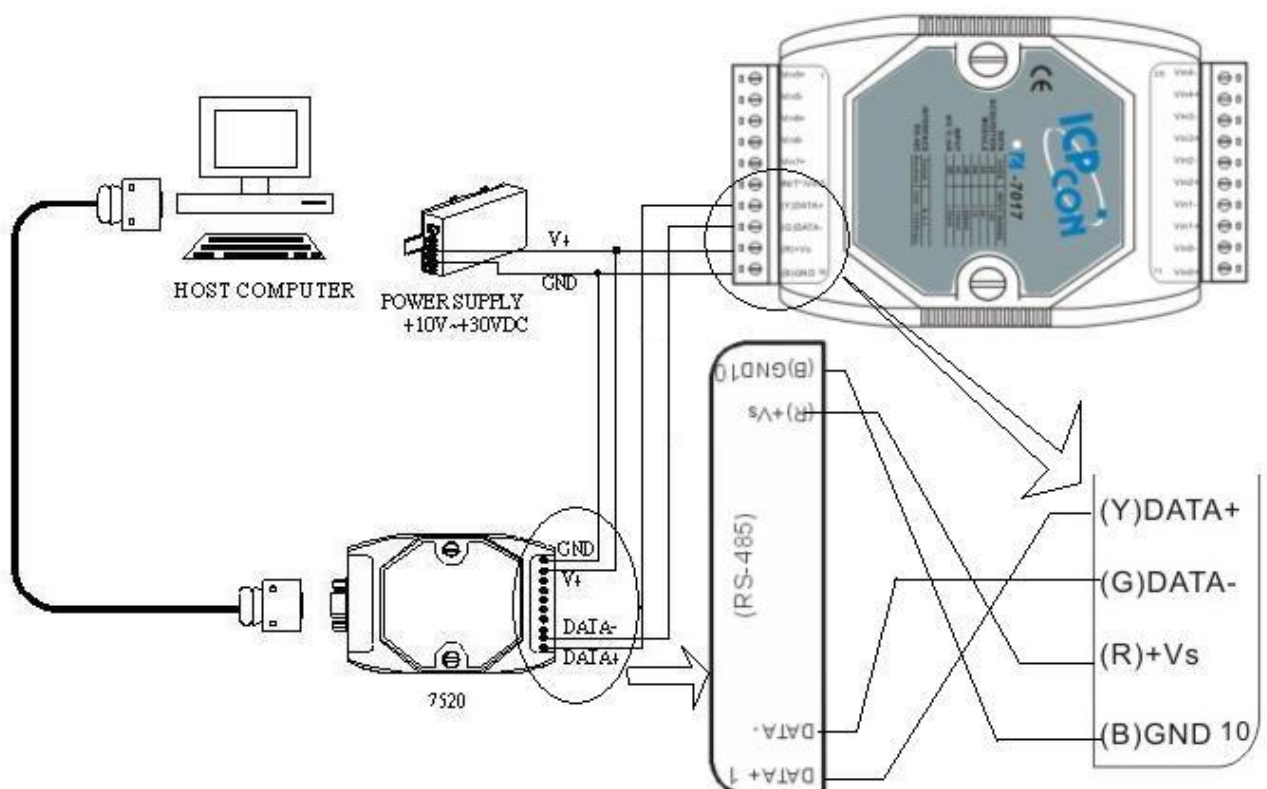
The DCON Utility is a toolkit that helps user to search the I/O network, easily to configure and test the I/O modules. For DCON Utility program and manual please reach to

[ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/driver/dcon\\_utility/](ftp://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/8000cd/napdos/driver/dcon_utility/).

- Notes:**
1. I-87K must be plugged in an Expansion Remote I/O Unit (e.g. RU-87Pn or I-87Kn) when setting their NET-ID, Baud rate or ....
  2. For I-7000 I/O module, you have to prepare a converter (e.g. I-7520).
  3. Make sure the hardware connection is correct.
  4. Search and configure the modules one by one.
  5. Connect the module's INIT\* to GND and Power on the module.

#### Step 1: Hardware connection

- A. The power supply must be DC power between +10V to +30V.  
B. Wiring diagram for connecting to I-7000: (one module for each time)  
For other wiring diagram please refer to "DCON Utility User's Manual".



## **Step 2: Set I/O module to the initial state**

If the module is a new one, factory have set a default settings for user's convenient. If you use an old one and you don't know the configuration of the module, please set the I/O module to the initial state.

\*\*\* To set I-7000 module to the initial state, please wire the INIT\* to GND and power on the module. Then the module will become initial state.

\*\*\* I-87K module's initial state is set by the DIP switch of Expansion Unit (e.g. I-87Kn). For example, setting DIP-2 to "ON", and then re-cycle the power, it means the second slot is in initial state.

### **The default state from factory:**

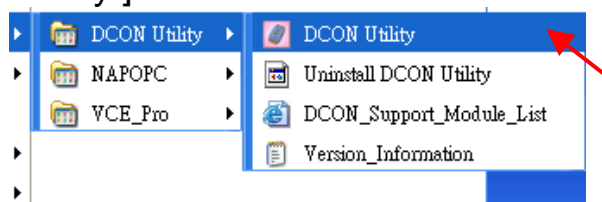
I/O Module	I-7000	M-7000	87K series
Address	1	1	1
Baud rate	9600	9600	115200
Checksum	Disabled	Not defined	Disabled
Protocol	DCON Protocol	Modbus Protocol	DCON Protocol



### **The initial state after initiation:**

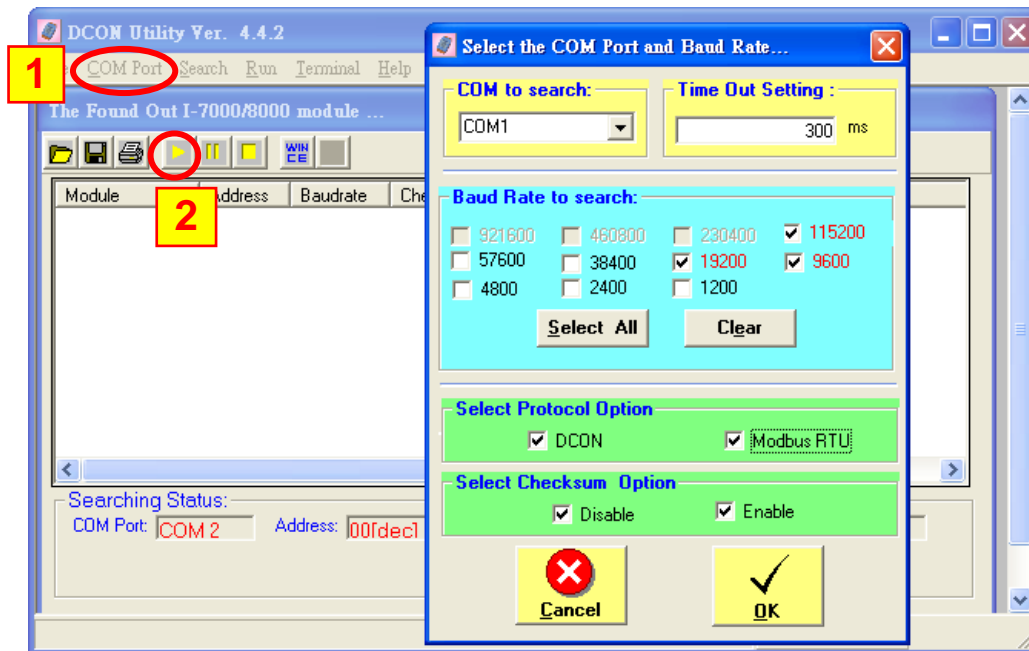
I/O Module	7000 series (I-7000 and M-7000)	87K series
Address	0	0
Baud rate	9600	115200
Checksum	Disabled	Disabled
Protocol	DCON Protocol	DCON Protocol

## **Step 3: Select COM Port and Baud rate to search**

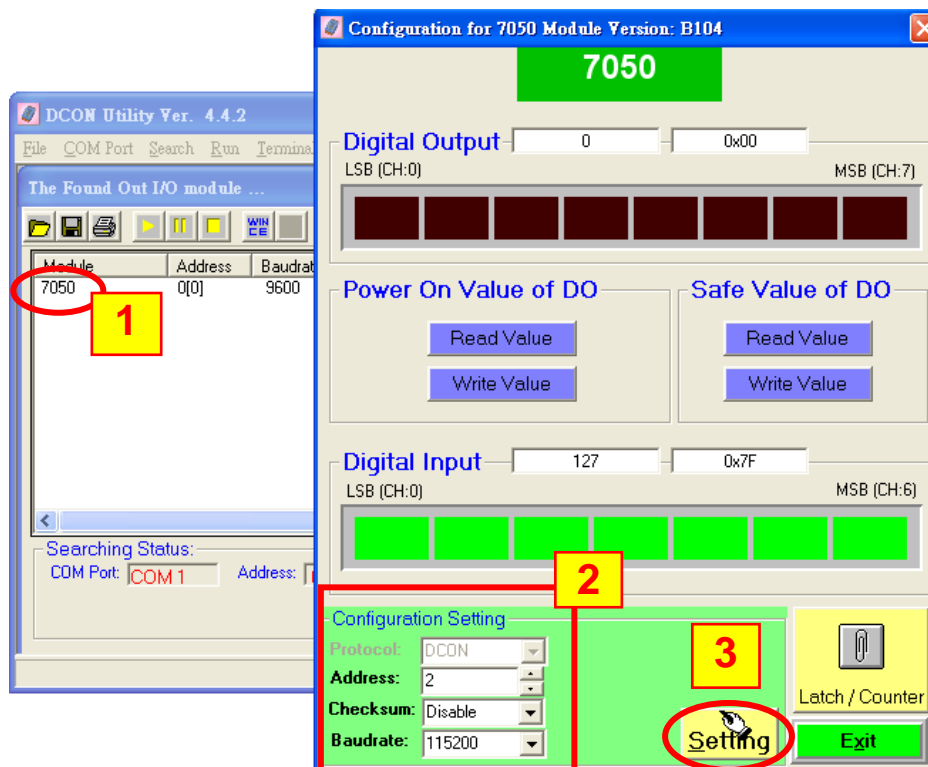
Execute the [ DCON Utility ] :



1. Click "COM Port" menu to select the COM port and Baud rate to search. Select multi-baud rate, protocol or checksum conditions if you do not know the module's setting, but it will spend more time to scan the network. After selection, click "OK".
2. Click  "Start Search" icon to begin search module. Click  when it is searched.



#### Step 4: Click Searched module ID and give the new configuration



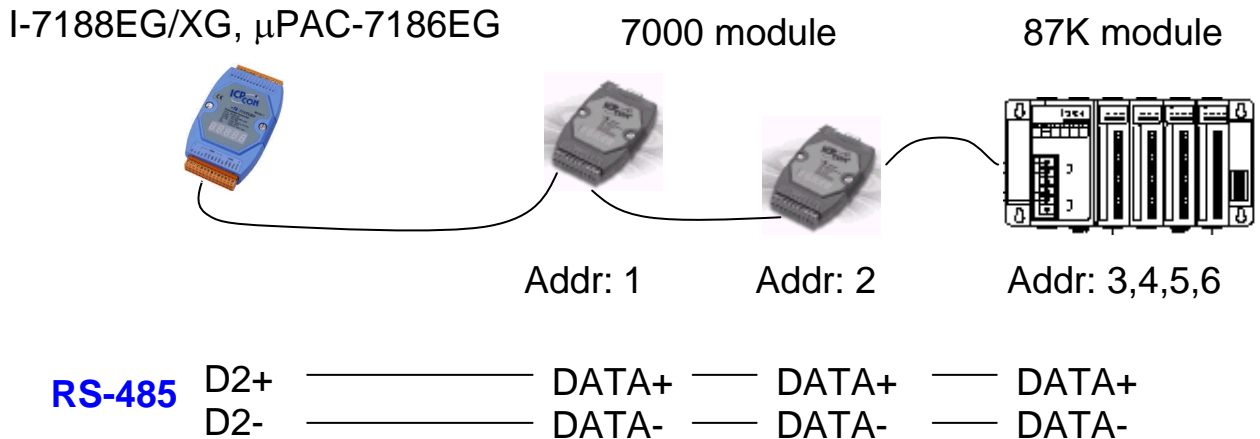
Then follow the steps to check the new setting.



**Note:** Remember to remove the connection of I-7000's INIT\* and GND after it is well configured. Then recycle its power.  
For I-87K I/O, switch the related DIP to "OFF", then recycle its power.

### 3.11 Link I-7000 and I-87K Modules For Remote I/O

I-7188EG/XG and  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC system can use its COM2:RS-485 port to link to ICP DAS's "I-7000" and "I-87K" series for remote I/O modules. This configuration can be very useful in applications that require distributed remote I/O throughout the system.



**Note:** You can link up to 64 pcs of I-7000 or I-87K series remote modules to one I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG PAC. You must remember to set each I-7000 and I-87K remote module a unique address (NET-ID), and set them and the I-7188EG/XG controller all have the same Baud rate & checksum (All enabled or all disabled).

For more information regarding setting up and programming an I-7000 / I-87K remote module, please refer to ["Chapter 6: Link I-7000 and I-87XX Modules" of "User's Manual of ISaGRAF PACs"](#).

### 3.12 Create Two Modbus Master/Slave Links

I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG controller can support 2 Modbus "Slave" or 2 Modbus "Master" ports at the same time depending on the application.

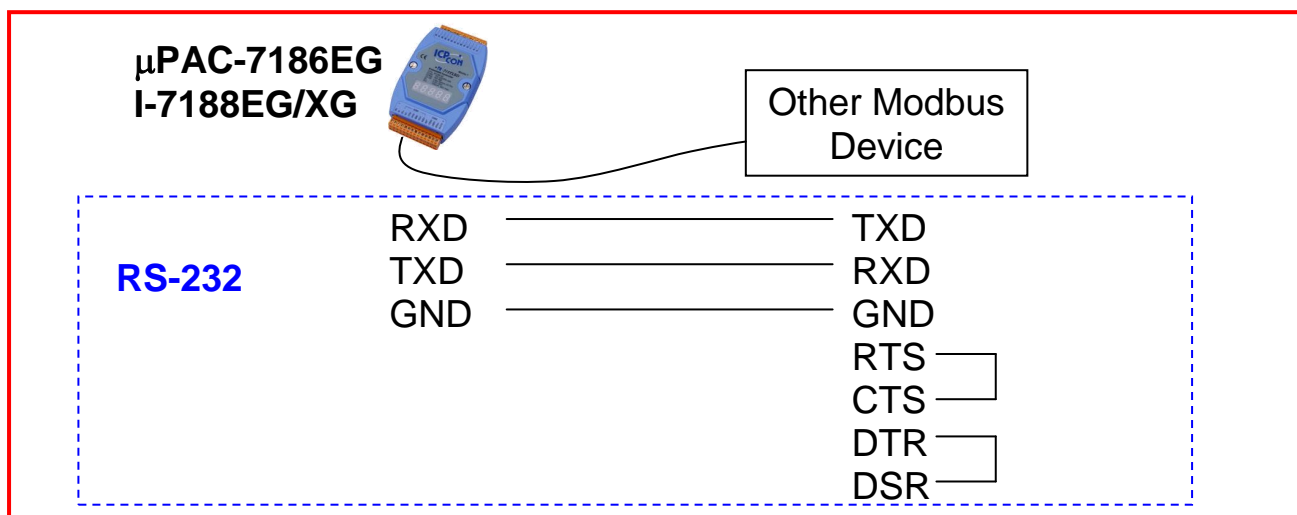
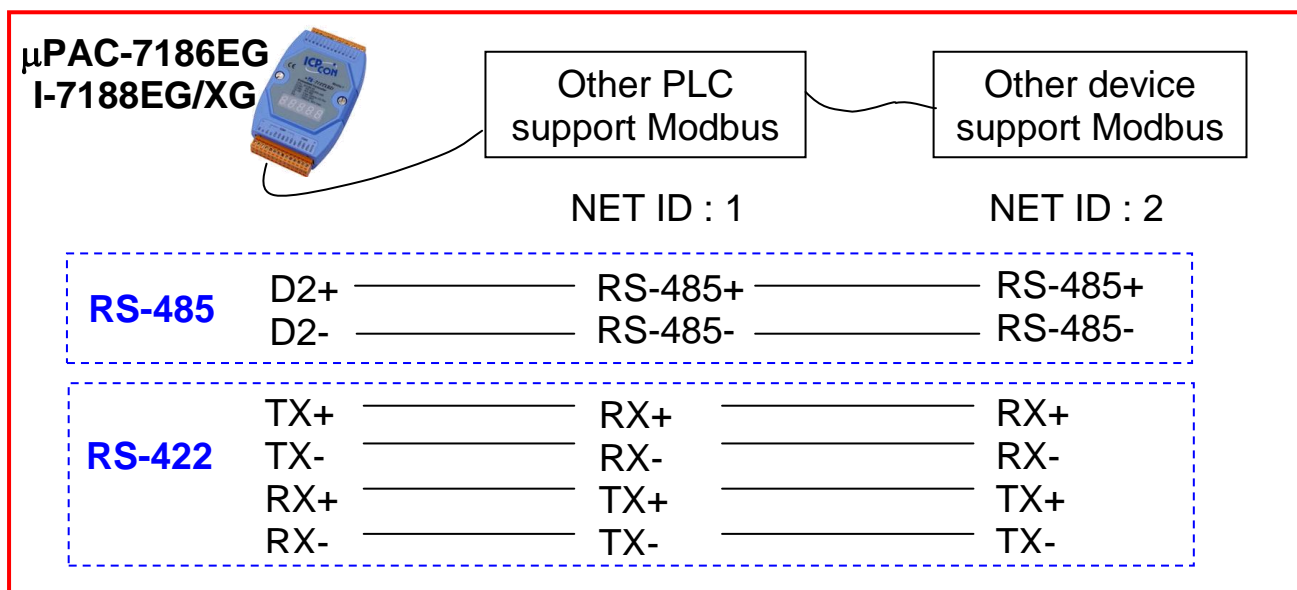
ISaGRAF PAC	I-7188XG(D)	I-7188EG(D)	$\mu$ PAC-7186EG(D)
(Max. mount)	(2 ports)	(2 ports)	(2 ports)
Available Modbus Master COM Port	COM2, 3	COM <sup>1</sup> , 2, 3	COM <sup>1</sup> , 2, 3
(Max. mount)	(2 ports)	(2 ports)	(2 ports)
Available Modbus Slave COM Port	COM1 or 2/3	COM1 or 2/3	COM1 or 2/3

**COM3:** The COM3 of I-7188 /  $\mu$ PAC-7186 is on the plugged X-Board X5xx.  
 RS-232 (with one X503, X504...X-board) or  
 RS-485 (with one X511... X-board) or  
 RS-422 (with one X507... X-board)

**Mutli-link**: One 7188/7186 PAC can link multi Modbus devices via RS-485 or RS-422. Every linked device must have one unique NET ID (1 ~ 255). Their Baud rate and the Checksum must be the same as the PAC's.

**Refer to**: For more setting and programming information about Modbus Slave, refer to [“Chap. 4 & 5” of “User’s Manual of ISaGRAF PACs”](#); about Modbus Master, refer to [“Chap. 8” of “User’s Manual of ISaGRAF PACs”](#).

### **Wiring for RS-232 / RS-485 / RS-422 :**

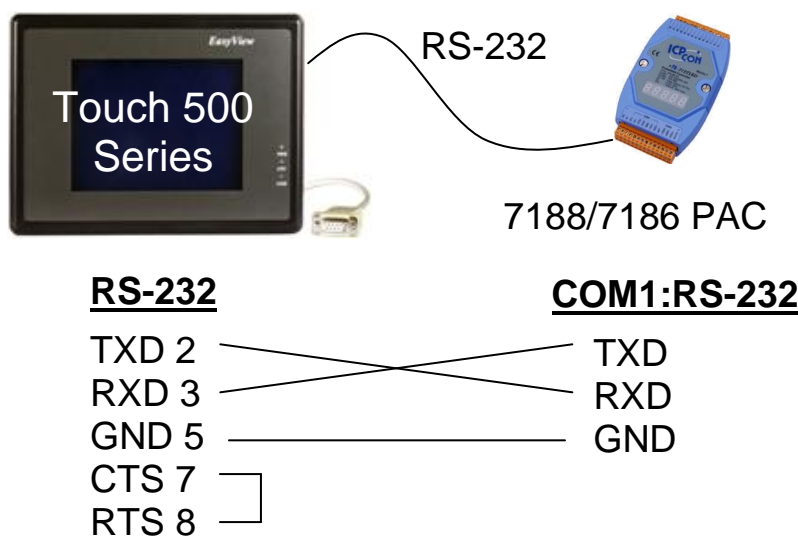


### 3.13 Link To HMI Interface Device

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The COM1:RS-232 port of the I-7188EG/XG and  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG can be used to interface with additional Human Machine Interface (HMI) devices such as touch screen displays.

ICP DAS provides a full line of touch screen displays, such as the "Touch" series screens. The models in the product line include many different size and model products. For new & detail information please visit web site: [http://www.icpdas.com/products/HMI/touch\\_lcd/touch\\_list.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/HMI/touch_lcd/touch_list.htm).



### 3.14 Use I/O Expansion Boards : X-Board Series

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I-7188EG/XG &  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG can plug an I/O Expansion board inside the main box. To install it, user has to loosen the screw, remove the shell of I-7188EG/XG or  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG and then plug in the X-board.

**Note:** I-7188EG/XG and  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG does not support the EEPROM and Flash memory of X-board.

Following lists are the common used X-Boards. Most of them have RoHS compliant model (model number with CR) to protect our environment. Please visit our website for newest model information.

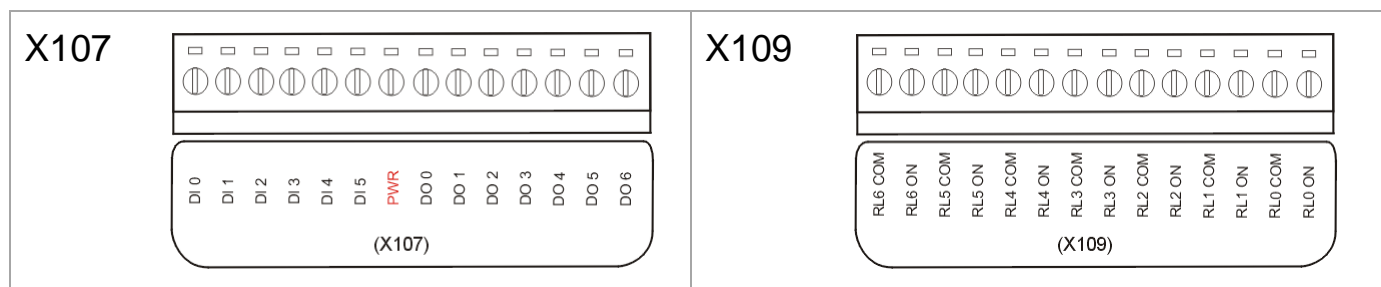
[http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-o\\_expansion/x\\_list.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/PAC/i-o_expansion/x_list.htm)

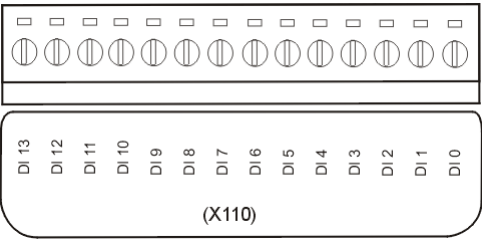
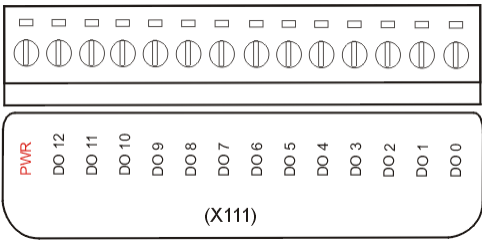
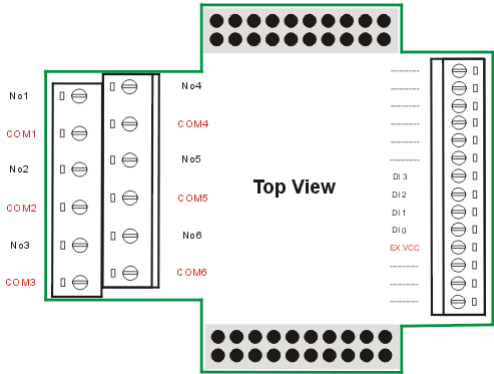
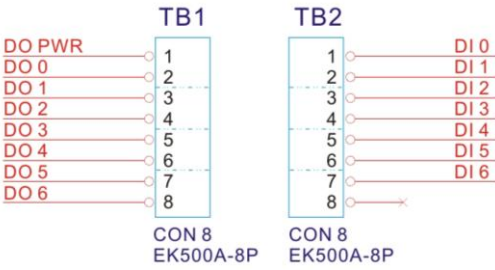
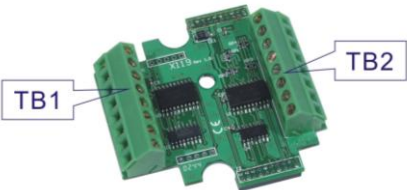
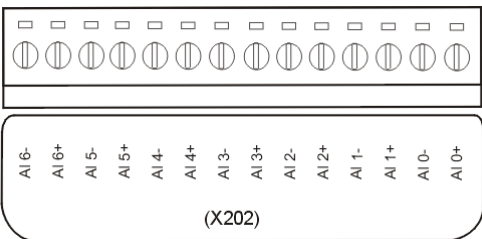
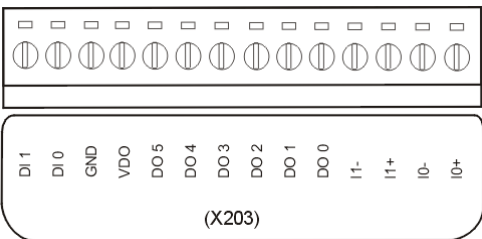
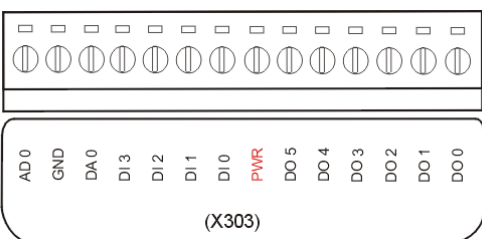
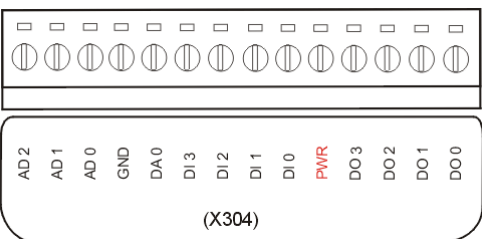
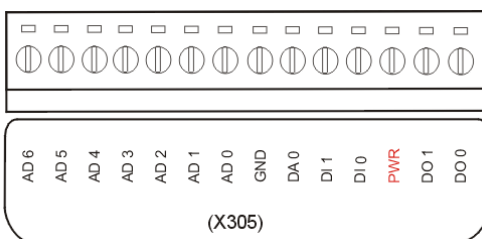
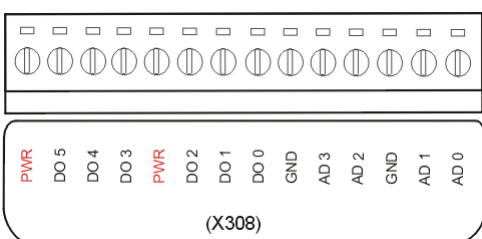
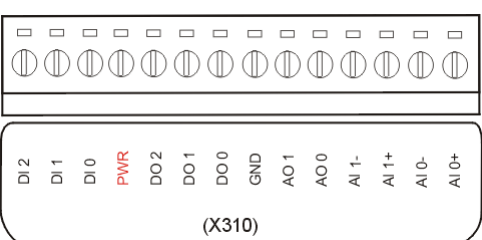
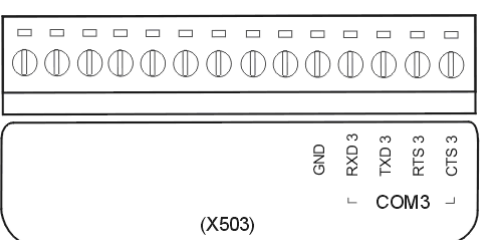
X107 :	6 D/I & 7 D/O
X109 :	7 PhotoMos Relay
X110 :	14 D/I
X111 :	13 D/O
X116 :	4 D/I & 6 Relay
X119 :	7 D/I & 7 D/O

X202 : 7 A/D (0 ~ 20mA, 12 bit)  
 X203 : 2 A/D (0 ~ 20mA, 12 bit), 2 D/I & 6 D/O  
  
 X303 : 1 A/D (+/- 5V, 12 bit), 1 D/A (+/- 5V, 12 bit), 4 D/I & 6 D/O  
 X304 : 3 A/D (+/- 5V, 12 bit), 1 D/A (+/- 5V, 12 bit), 4 D/I & 4 D/O  
 X305 : 7 A/D (+/- 5V, 12 bit), 1 D/A (+/- 5V, 12 bit), 2 D/I & 2 D/O  
 X308 : 4 A/D (0 ~ 10V, 12 bit), 6 D/O  
 X310 : 1 A/D (0~10V, 12 bit), 1 A/D (0~20mA, 12 bit), 2 D/A (0~10V, 12 bit) & 3 D/I & 3 D/O  
  
 X503 : 1 RS-232 : COM3(5 pin)  
 X504 : 2 RS-232 : COM3(5 pin), COM4(9 pin)  
 X505 : 3 RS-232 : COM3~COM5 (5 pin)  
 X506 : 6 RS-232 : COM3~COM8 (3 pin)  
 X507 : 1 RS-422/485 : COM3, 4 D/I & 4 D/O  
 X508 : 1 RS-232 : COM3(5 pin), 4 D/I & 4 D/O  
 X509 : 2 RS-232 : COM3~COM4(3 pin), 4 D/I & 4 D/O  
 X510 : 1 RS-232 : COM3(3 pin), 5 D/I & 5 D/O  
 X510-128 : 1 RS-232 : COM3(3 pin), 5 D/I & 5 D/O  
 X511 : 3 RS-485 : COM3~COM5  
 X518 : 1 RS-232 : COM3(5 pin), 8 D/O  
 X560/561 : 3 RS-232 : COM3~COM5(3 pin)  
  
 X607 : 128KB NV-SRAM  
 X608 : 512KB NV-SRAM  
  
 X702 : 2-axis, 24-bit encoder  
 X703 : 3-axis, 24-bit encoder

\* RS-232 : 3 pin: RXD, TXD, GND  
 5 pin: RTS, CTS, RXD, TXD, GND  
 9 pin: TXD, RXD, RTS, CTS, DSR, DTR, DCD, RI, GND

## Pin assignment:



<p><b>X110</b></p>  <p>(X110)</p>	<p><b>X111</b></p>  <p>(X111)</p>
<p><b>X116</b></p>  <p>Top View</p>	<p><b>X119</b></p>  
<p><b>X202</b></p>  <p>(X202)</p>	<p><b>X203</b></p>  <p>(X203)</p>
<p><b>X303</b></p>  <p>(X303)</p>	<p><b>X304</b></p>  <p>(X304)</p>
<p><b>X305</b></p>  <p>(X305)</p>	<p><b>X308</b></p>  <p>(X308)</p>
<p><b>X310</b></p>  <p>(X310)</p>	<p><b>X503</b></p>  <p>(X503)</p>

<p><b>X504</b></p> <p>COM4 (X504) COM3</p>	<p><b>X505</b></p> <p>COM5 (X505) COM4 COM3</p>
<p><b>X506</b></p> <p>COM8 COM7 COM6 COM5 COM4 COM3 (X506)</p>	<p><b>X507</b></p> <p>COM3 (X507)</p>
<p><b>X508</b></p> <p>COM3 (X508)</p>	<p><b>X509</b></p> <p>COM3 COM4 (X509)</p>
<p><b>X510 X510-128</b></p> <p>COM3 (X510 / X510-128)</p>	<p><b>X511</b></p> <p>COM5 COM4 COM3 (X511)</p>
<p><b>X518</b></p> <p>COM3 (X518)</p>	<p><b>X560 X561</b></p> <p>COM1 COM2</p>
<p><b>X702</b></p> <p>COM1 (X702)</p>	<p><b>X703</b></p> <p>COM1 (X703)</p>

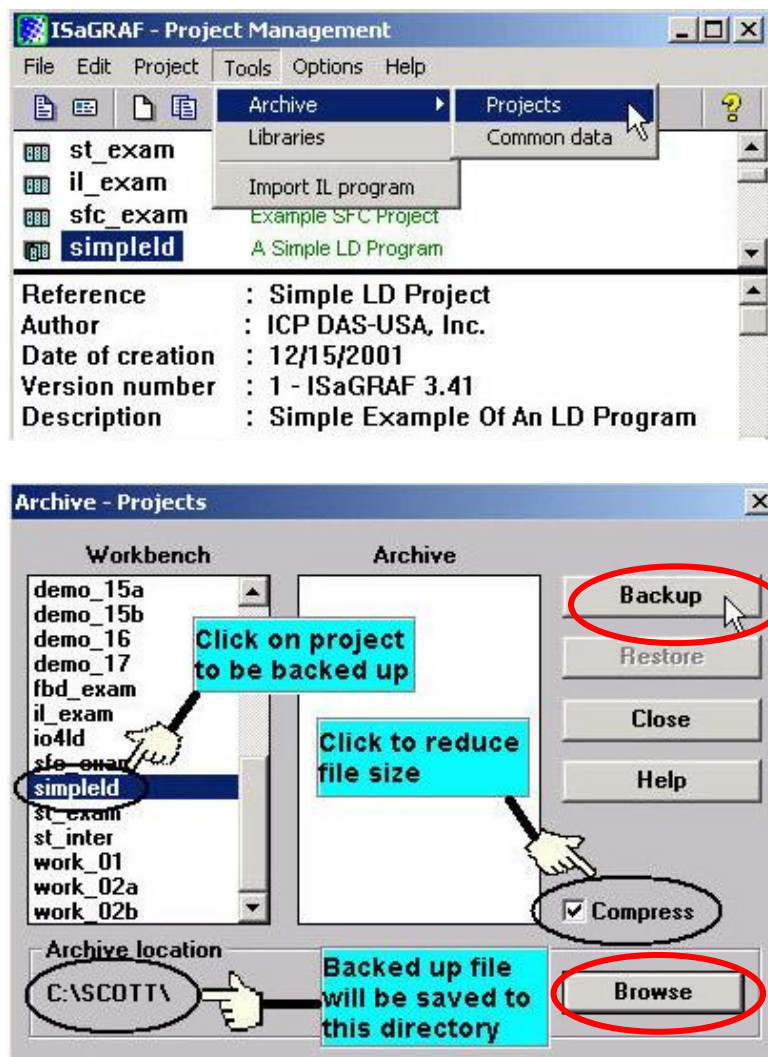
## 3.15 Backup & Restore An ISaGRAF Project

For archiving purposes you can "Back Up" and "Restore" an ISaGRAF project. For example, you may want someone to test your program or email to [service@icpdas.com](mailto:service@icpdas.com) for ICP DAS's ISaGRAF service.

### Backup an ISaGRAF Project

Open the "ISaGRAF Project Management" window, select menu bar [Tools] > [Archive] > [Projects]. An "Archive - Projects" window will open. Click on the "Browse" button to select the location you want to save the ISaGRAF project. Click on the project name you want to backup from the "Workbench", and then click on the "Backup" button.

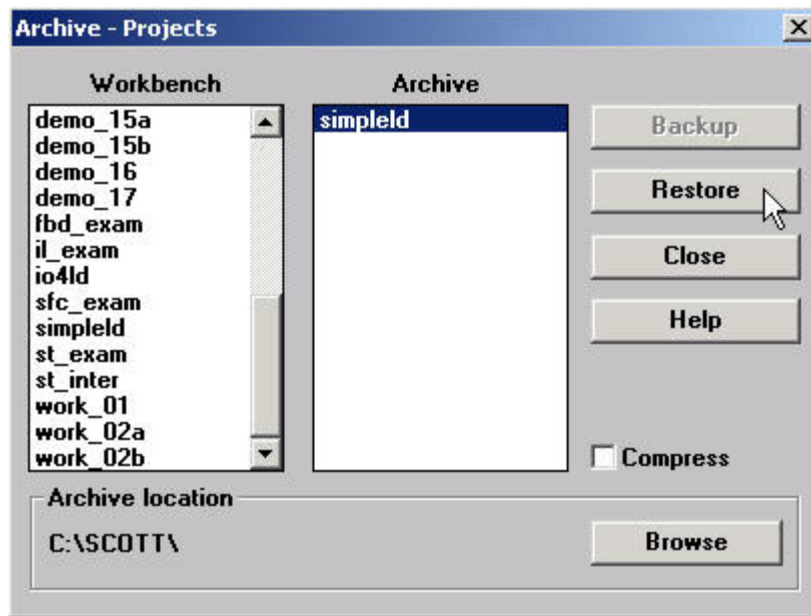
BEFORE you click on the "Backup" button, you can compress the size of the file you by clicking on the "Compress" checkbox.



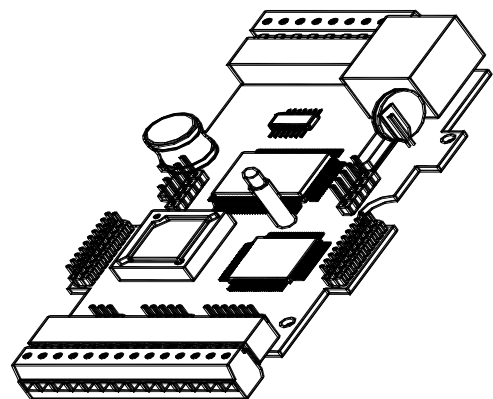
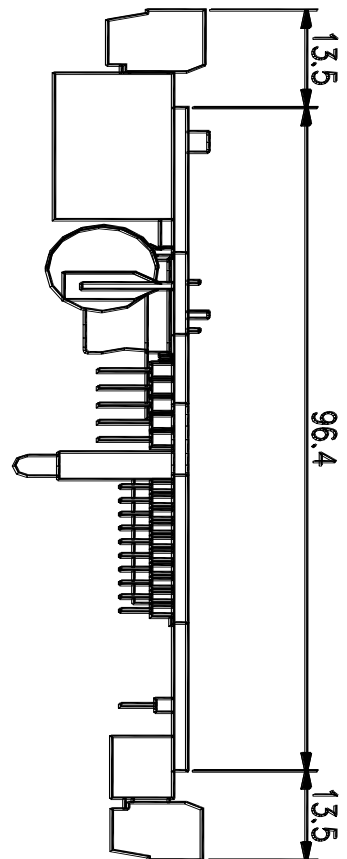
You will now find the backed up ISaGRAF project file in the "Archive" location you have designated. In the example above, the name of the backed up file is "simpleld.pia".

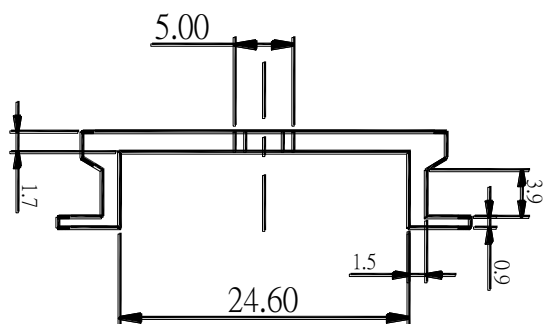
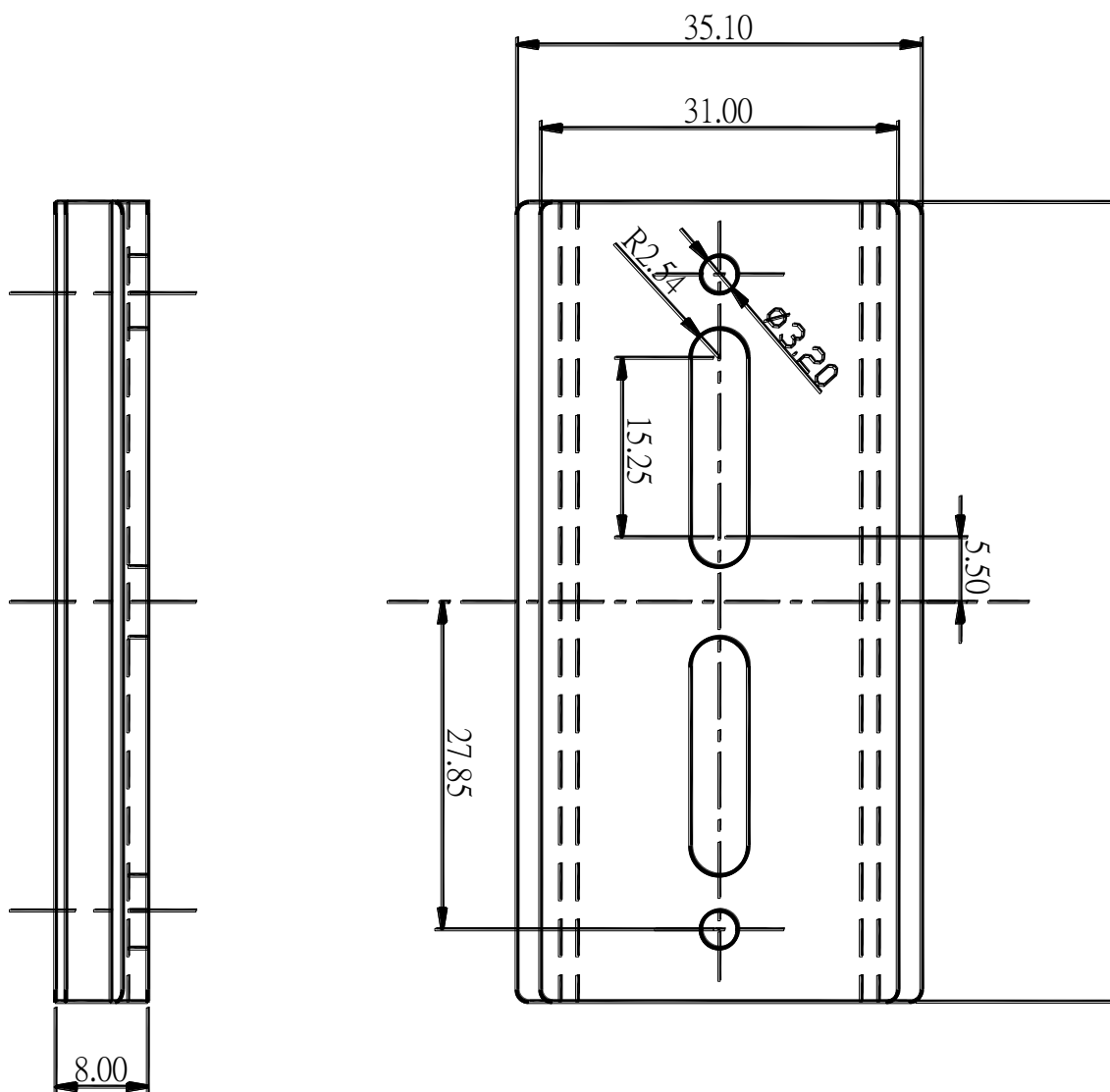
## Restore an ISaGRAF Project

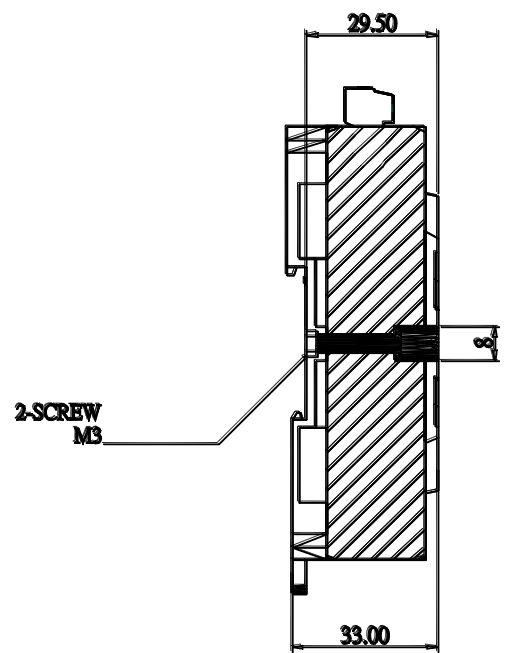
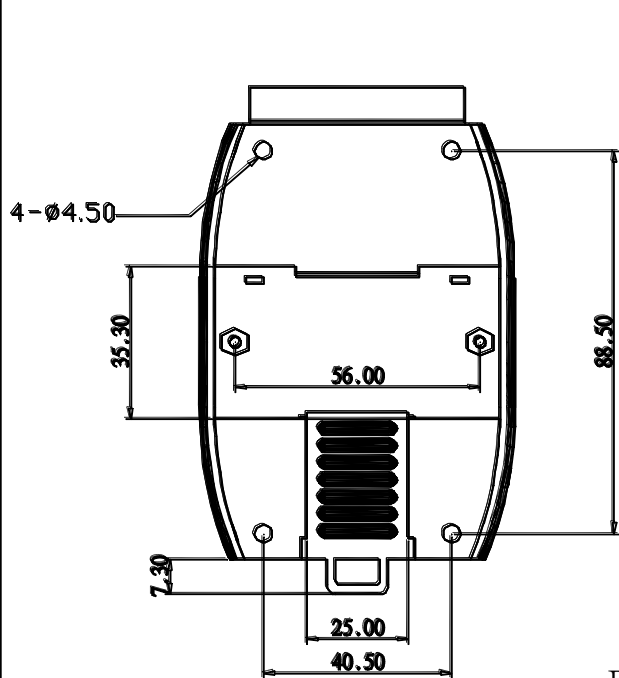
To restore an ISaGRAF project from a backed up file, use the same method as above to access the "Archive - Projects" window, select the project name you want to restore from the "Archive" column, click on the "Restore" button. The ISaGRAF project will now be restored to the "Workbench" column.



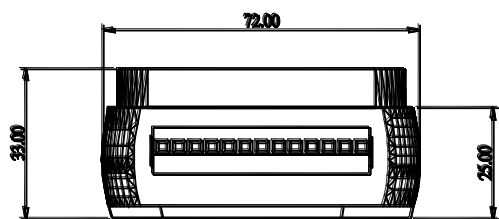
You can now open, edit and download the restored ISaGRAF project file.



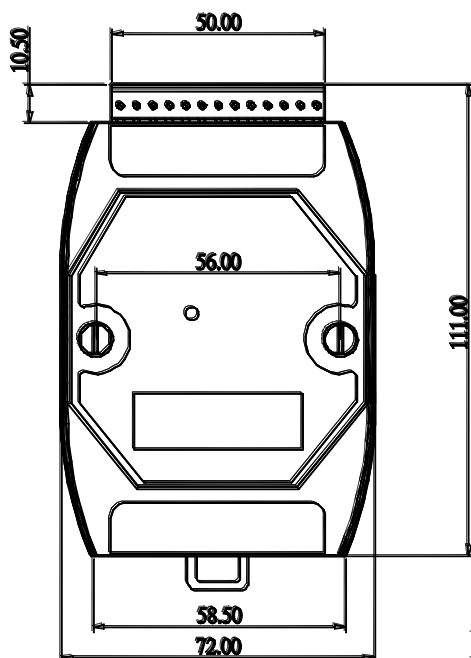




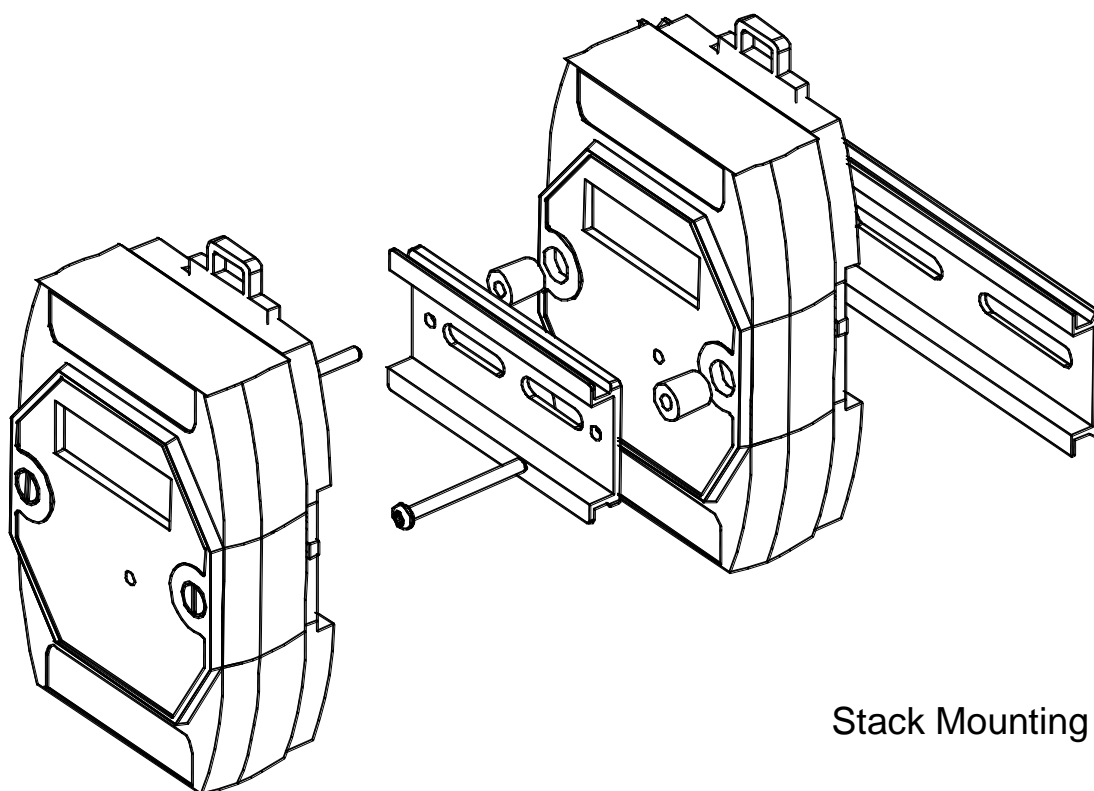
*Unit : mm*



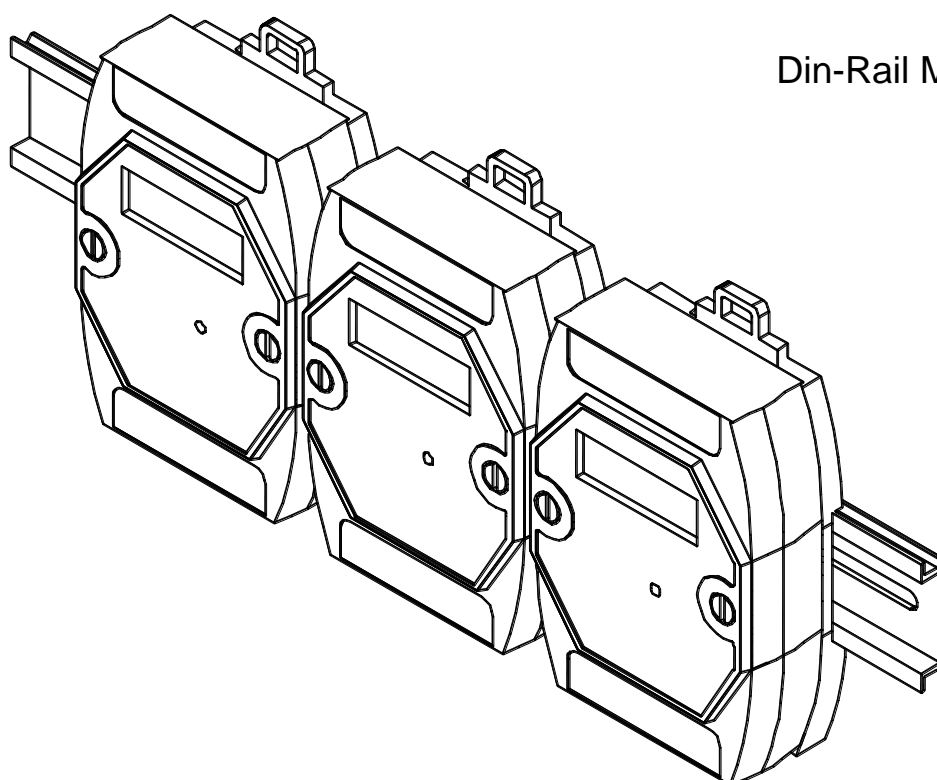
Top View



From View



Stack Mounting



Din-Rail Mounting

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## Chapter 4 : Frequently Asked Questions

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“User’s Manual of ISaGRAF PACs” is an advanced manual for using ISaGRAF as the embedded controller software. Please refer to this manual for more and detail information about how to use the ISaGRAF PACs. Please refer to <http://www.icpdas.com> > Products > Software > ISaGRAF

In this chapter, we will list the frequently asked questions in a FAQ table. There are some more new questions listed in the **ISaGRAF FAQ** on the website. For demo programs, please download them from the CD or our website. <http://www.icpdas.com/> > FAQ > Software > ISaGRAF

### 4.1 ISaGRAF FAQ Table

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No.	English ISaGRAF Ver.3 FAQ
1	Q: How to get counter value built in I-7000 & I-87xxx remote I/O modules?
2	Q: How to search I/O boards and declare variables automatically for I-8xx7 controllers?
3	Q: How to build a HMI screen by using ISaGRAF?
4	Q: Can I create my own functions inside ISaGRAF?
5	Q: Can I use more than 32 I/O in my ISaGRAF project if I don't have ISaGRAF-256 or ISaGRAF-L?
6	Q: Can I use ISaGRAF controller (I-8417/8817/8437/8837, I-7188EG/XG) as a Modbus Master controller to gather data from other Modbus devices?
7	Q: Can I write my own protocol or third-party protocol to apply on ISaGRAF controllers?
8	Q: What is the limitation of program size of I-8417/8817/8437/8837, I-7188EG & I-7188XG?
9	Q: Can not find I/O boards in the ISaGRAF I/O connection window?
10	Q: I Want to email my ISaGRAF program to someone. How can I archive one ISaGRAF project to a single file?
11	Q: How can I implement motion control in I-8417/8817/8437/8837?
12	Q: My HMI software wants to access to float values and long word values inside the I-8417/8817/8437/8837, 7188EG & 7188XG. How?
13	Q: PWM: Can I generate D/O square pulse up to 500Hz with I-8417/8817/8437/8837, 7188EG & 7188XG controllers? How?
14	Q: Can I use 8K Parallel D/I board to get counter Input up to 500Hz? How ?
15	Q: How to output something at a time interval? For ex. Turn ON at 09:00~18:00 on Monday to Saturday , while 13:00~20:00 on Sunday.
16	Q: How to determine a D/I if it has bouncing problem?
17	Q: How to trigger something at some seconds later when one event happens?

No.	English ISaGRAF Ver.3 FAQ
18	Q: Does the ISaGRAF-256 software have I/O Tag limitation? Why not using "ISaGRAF-L" Large version?
19	Q: Why my I-8417/8817/8437/8837 or I-7188EG/XG stop running?
20	Q: How to search a variable name in an ISaGRAF project?
21	Q: When closing my ISaGRAF window, it holds for long time. Why?
22	Q: How to use Proface HMI (Touch panel) to link to I-7188EG/XG, I-8xx7 and WinCon-8x37?
23	Q: How to reduce ISaGRAF code size? How to directly Read / Write ISaGRAF variables by using Network address?
24	Q: How to scale Analog Input and Output of 4 to 20 mA to my engineering format? How to scale Analog Input and Output of 0 to 10 V to my engineering format?
25	Q: How to detect controller Fault?
26	Q: New ISaGRAF retained variable is better than old one.
27	Q: How to link to Modbus ASCII Slave device?
28	Q: How to use multi-port Modbus Master in the WinCon-8037/8337/8737 & WinCon-8036/8336/8736?
29	Q: How to send/receive message from ISaGRAF PAC to remote PCs or Controllers via Ethernet UDP communication?
30	Q: Setting special "range" parameter of temperature input board to get clear "Degree Celsius" or "Degree Fahrenheit" input value. For ex, "1535" means 15.35 degree.
31	Q: Setting a special "ADR_" parameter of remote I-7000 & I-87K temperature input module to get clear "Degree Celsius" or "Degree Fahrenheit" input value. For ex, "8754" means 87.54 degree.
32	Q: How to access to ISaGRAF variables as array? (A demo program of sending string to COM2 or COM3 when alarm 1 to 8 happens)
33	Q: Setting up more Modbus RTU Slave ports in WinCon ISaGRAF PACs.
34	Q: Compiling error result in different ISaGRAF version?
35	Q: Slow down ISaGRAF driver speed to work better with InduSoft software in W-8036/8336/8736 & W-8046/8346/8746?
36	Q: Redundancy Solution in WinCon-8xx7.
37	Q: I-7188EG/XG support remotely downloads via Modem Link.
38	Q: Setting I-7188EG/XG's COM3 as Modbus RTU Slave port.
39	Q: ISaGRAF version 3.4 & 3.5 now supporting "Variable Array" !!!
40	Q: Setting I-8437/I-8837/I-8437-80/I-8837-80's COM3 as Modbus RTU Slave port.
41	Q: How to connect PC / HMI to a Redundancy system with a single IP address?
42	Q: How to use WinCon connecting to Ethernet I/O? The I/O scan rate is about 30 to 40 msec for 3000 to 6000 I/O channels.

No.	English ISaGRAF Ver.3 FAQ
43	Q: How to setup WinCon-8xx7 as TCP/IP Client to communicate to PC or other TCP/IP Server device? Or WinCon automatically report data to PC via TCP/IP?
44	Q: WinCon-8xx7/8xx6 automatically report data to PC/InduSoft or PC/HMI?
45	Q: ISaGRAF controllers display message to EKAN Modview LED.
46	Q: How to Write 16-bits to Modbus RTU devices by Mobus function call No. 6?
47	Q: How to Read or Write Floating Point value to Modbus RTU Slave device?
48	Q: How to use WinCon-8xx7 / 8xx6 to control FRnet I/O?
49	Q: Setting a special "CODE_" parameter of "MBUS_R" & "MBUS_R1" to get a clear "Degree Celsius" or "Degree Fahrenheit" input value of M-7000 temperature module. For ex, "3012" means 30.12 degree.
50	Q: How to connect an ISaGRAF controller to M-7000 Remote I/O?
51	Q: VB.net 2005 Demo program using Modbus TCP/IP protocol to control ISaGRAF PACs
52	Q: VB 6.0 Demo program using Modbus TCP/IP protocol to control ISaGRAF PACs.
53	Q: Performance Comparison Table of ISaGRAF PACs.
54	Q: iPAC-8xx7 and $\mu$ PAC-7186EG support Data Logger function.
55	Q: How to connect I-7018z to get 6 channels of 4 to 20 mA Input and 4 channles of Thermo-couple temperature Input? And also display the value on PC by VB 6.0 program?
56	Q: How to do periodic operation in ISaGRAF PACs?
57	Q: How to record I-8017H's Ch.1 to Ch.4 voltage Input in a user allocated RAM memory in the WinCon-8xx7? The sampling time is one record every 0.01 second. The record period is 1 to 10 minutes. Then PC can download this record and display it as a trend curve diagram by M.S. Excel.
58	Q: How to record I-8017H's Ch.1 to Ch.4 voltage input in S256 / 512 in I-8437-80 or I-8837-80? The sampling time is one record every 0.05 second. The record period is 1 to 10 minutes. Then PC can download this record and display it as a trend curve diagram by M.S. Excel.
59	Q: Some skill to operate RS-232/422/485 serial COM Port by COM functions
60	Q: How to read / write file data in WinCon?
61	Q: How to connect RS-485 Remote I-7000 and I-87K I/O modules in I-8xx7, I-7188EG/XG and WinCon-8xx7 PAC? How to program RS-485 remote I-7017RC, I-87017RC and I-7018Z?
62	Q: How to setup a redundant system with Ethernet I/O?
63	Q: Why my RS-485 remote I-7000 and I-87K Output module's host watchdog function doesn't work to reset its output channels to safe output value while the RS-485 communication cable is broken?

No.	English ISaGRAF Ver.3 FAQ
65	Q: ICP DAS release Stable and Cost-effective Data Acquisition Auto-Report System. (VC++ 6.0, VB 6.0 and ISaGRAF demo program are available)
66	Q: How to process the Integer or Real value coming from the RS-232 / RS-485 device? Like the device of Bar-Code reader or RS-232 weight meter.
67	Q: How to send email with one attached file by WinCon-8xx7 or iPAC-8447 / 8847 or $\mu$ PAC-7186EG?
68	Q: Why the W-8xx7 or I-8xx7 or I-7188EG/XG always reset? How to fix it?
69	Q: Why my PC can not run "ftp" to connect W-8347 or W-8747?
70	Q: How to do Time Synchronization and record state of many ISaGRAF PACs?
71	Q: Application: Record 10-Ch. temperature value into a file in W-8xx7 every minute. When 24 hour recording is finished, send this record file by email every day.
72	Q: Application sample: Record Voltage / Current input by W-8xx7 every 20 ms for 1 to 10 minutes. Then send this record file by email.
73	Q: Why does the I-7017 or I-87017's Current Input reading value become double or incorrect?
74	Q: How to use ISaGRAF new Retain Variable? What is its advantage?
75	Q: Why my ISaGRAF project can not connect Modbus Slave device correctly?
77	Q: Application sample: Record Voltage / Current input by $\mu$ PAC-7186EG every second for 1 to 10 minutes. Then send this record file by email.
80	Q: Application: Record 10-Ch. temperature value into a file in $\mu$ PAC-7186EG every minute. When 24 hour recording is finished, send this record file by email every day.
81	Q: How to measure +/-150VDC in ISaGRAF controllers plus the I-87017W-A5 I/O card?
82	Q: An easy way to program the fast FRnet remote I/O modules.
83	Q: How to set I-8x37, I-8x37-80, I-7188EG and $\mu$ PAC-7186EG's TCP recycling time?
84	Q: Application: A Cost Effective and Hot-Swap Redundancy System by $\mu$ PAC-7186EG or I-8437-80 plus RU-87P4/8.
86	Q: The WinCon-8347 / 8747 , $\mu$ PAC-7186EG and iP-8447 / 8847 connecting one or several I-7530 to link many CAN or CANopen devices and sensors.
87	Q: What does it mean and how to fix it when the 7-segment LED shows error messages of Err00, Err02, Err03, Err90 or E.0001 after booting the PAC?
88	Q: Function Modifications: The W-8347/8747, $\mu$ PAC-7186EG, I-8x37-80, I-8xx7 and I-7188EG/XG with S256/512 and X607/608 no longer support old retain method, please change to use the better new retain method to retain variables.

No.	English ISaGRAF Ver.3 FAQ
089	Q: Why my $\mu$ PAC-7186EG unable to renew the driver and ISaGRAF application?
090	Q: How to use I-7017Z module in ISaGRAF PAC?
091	Q: How to use ISaGRAF PAC plus I-87089-the VW sensor Master card to measure the Vibration Wire frequency to calculate the stress of constructions?
092	Q: Setting $\mu$ PAC-7186EG's and I-7188EG/XG's COM3 or COM2 as Modbus RTU Slave port.
093	Q: New Hot-Swap and Redundant solution for the WinCon-8347 / 8747.
094	Q: How to update the WinCon-8347/8747's OS?
095	Q: The WinCon-8xx7 supports Max. 32 Modbus TCP/IP connections since Its Driver version 4.03.
096	Q: Release two C-Function-Blocks to read max. 24 Words or 384 Bits from Modbus RTU / ASCII devices.
097	Q: How to modify the IP, NET-ID and Modbus RTU Slave port setting of the W-8347 / 8747 by an USB pen drive (without Mouse and VGA)?
098	Q: Application: Link Serial COM Port to the Modbus RTU device by COM functions .
099	Q: How to get an average value of a Real or Integer variable which is sampled every fixed interval (or sampled in every PLC scan ) ?
100	Q: How to use I-8084W (4 / 8 – Ch. Counter or 8-Ch. frequency) ?
101	Q: How to read max. 120 Words or max. 60 Long-Integers or max. 60 Real value from Modbus RTU / ASCII devices by using MBUS_XR or MBUS_XR1 function block (for WP-8xx7 / 8xx6 and VP-25W7/23W7/25W6/23W6 and Wincon-8xx7 / 8xx6 only) ?
102	Q: Why PC can not connect the WP-8xx7 or VP-25W7/23W7 's FTP server ?
103	Q: Using RS-232 Or USB Touch Monitor With WinPAC.
104	Q: Why my PC running ISaGRAF can not connect the ISaGRAF PAC correctly ?
105	Q: Program The 8-Channel PWM Output Board : I-8088W In WP-8xx7, VP-25W7/23W7 And iP-8xx7 PAC.
106	Q: How to display the frequency trend curve by running ISaGRAF and C# .net 2008 program in the WinPAC-8xx7 plus I-8084W?
107	Q: How to do auto-time-synchronization and measure the local Longitude and Latitude by using the i-87211W GPS I/O module in ISaGRAF PAC ?
108	Q: How to display the temperature trend curve by running ISaGRAF and C# .net 2008 program in the WinPAC-8xx7 plus i-87018z?

No.	English ISaGRAF Ver.3 FAQ
109	Q: How to adjust the system time of some ISaGRAF PACs via Ebus by using ISaGRAF PAC and I-87211w?
110	Q: ZigBee Wireless Application: How to control remote I/O and acquire data?
111	Q: How to use the GTM-201-RS232 to send a short message in user's local language ?

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## Appendix

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### A 10-channel Thermocouple Input Module

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10-channel Thermocouple input module is a brand new designed module different from the 8-channel normal module in the industrial area. ICP DAS supply I-7018Z and I-87018Z of 10-channel Thermocouple Input Module and they all meet the RoHS Standard. They are the best Thermocouple Input Module choices for  $\mu$ PAC-7186EG and I-7188EG/XG.

#### A.1 I-7018Z



#### A.2 I-87018Z



#### A.3 Advantages:

1. It is special designed for thermocouple inputs. The innovative design makes the thermocouple measurement more accurate than the previous design.
2. It supports voltage and current inputs. The voltage input ranges can be  $\pm 15\text{mV}$  to  $\pm 2.5\text{V}$ . The current input ranges can be 4 to 20mA, 0 to 20mA, and  $\pm 20\text{mA}$ .
3. Up to 10 analog inputs of different types can connected to one module.
4. Up to 240Vrms over voltage protection is provided.
5. It features per-channel open wire detection for thermocouple and 4 to 20mA inputs

For more details, please visit the web site listed below:

I-7018Z: [http://www.icpdas.com/products/Remote\\_IO/i-7000/i-7018z.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/Remote_IO/i-7000/i-7018z.htm)

I-87018Z: [http://www.icpdas.com/products/Remote\\_IO/i-87k/i-87018z.htm](http://www.icpdas.com/products/Remote_IO/i-87k/i-87018z.htm)

## B **μPAC-7186PEG is μPAC-7186EG with PoE**

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μPAC-7186PEG is the model of μPAC-7186EG with PoE (Power-over-Ethernet). μPAC-7186PEG can operate solely with the power from the Ethernet cable. It can save the offer for the power wiring and does not require modification of existing Ethernet cabling.

### B.1 What is PoE ?

PoE or Power-over-Ethernet technology describes a system to safely transfer electrical power, along with data, to remote devices over standard category 5 cable in an Ethernet network. It does not require modification of existing Ethernet cabling infrastructure.

PoE allows power and data to be carried over a single Ethernet cable, so a device can operate solely with the power from the data cable instead of the electric wire.

This innovation allows greater flexibility in office design, higher efficiency in systems design, and faster turnaround time in set-up and implementation.

### B.2 The Difference Between μPAC-7186PEG and μPAC-7186EG

Items	μPAC-7186PEG	μPAC-7186EG
PoE	<b>IEEE 802.3af, Class 1</b>	No
Power Input Range	+12 ~ +48 V <sub>DC</sub> (unregulated)	+10 ~ +30 V <sub>DC</sub> (unregulated)
SRAM	<b>768 KB</b>	640 KB